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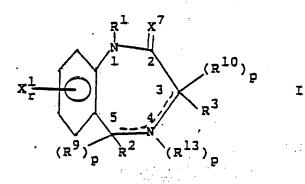
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- (S) Benzodiazepine analogs.
- Benzodiazepin analogs of the formula:



are disclosed which are antagonists of gastrin and cholecystokinin (CCK).

BENZODIAZEPINE ANALOGS

CROSS-REFERENCE

10°

Starting materials for the compounds of Formula I are described in patent application U.S.S.N. 942,131, filed Deceber 16, 1986, which is a CIP of U.S.S.N. 624,853, filed June 26, 1984, now abandoned entitled "Acylaminophenylketones and Amines", which is incorporated herein by reference.

This is a CIP of U.S.S.N. 741,972 filed June 10, 1985, which is a CIP of U.S.S.N. 705,272 filed February 25, 1985, now abandoned, which in turn is a CIP of U.S.S.N. 624,854, filed June 26, 1984, now abandoned.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Cholecystokinins (CCK) and gastrin are structurally-related neuropeptides which exist in gastrointestinal tissue and in the the central nervous system (see, V. Mutt, <u>Gastrointestinal Hormones</u>, G. B. J. Glass, Ed., Raven Press, N.Y., p. 169 and G. Nisson, <u>ibid</u>, p. 127).

Cholecystokinins include CCK-33, a neuropeptide of thirty-three amino acids in its originally isolated form (see, Mutt and Jorpes, <u>Biochem. J. 125</u>, 678 (1971)), its carboxylterminal octapeptide, CCK-8 (a naturally-occurring neuropeptide, also, and the minimum fully active sequence), and 39-and 12-amino acid forms, while gastrin occurs in 34-, 17-and 14-amino acid forms, with the minimum active sequence being the C-terminal pentapeptide, Gly-Trp-Met-Asp-Phe-NH₂, which is the common structural element shared by both CCK and gastrin.

CCK's are believed to be physiological satiety hormones, thereby possibly playing an important role in appetite regulation (G. P. Smith, <u>Eating and its Disorders</u>, A. J. Stunkard and E. Stellar, Eds. Raven Press, New York, 1984, p. 67), as well as also stimulating colonic motility, gall bladder contraction, pancreatic enzyme secretion, and inhibiting gastric emptying. They reportedly co-exist with dopamine in certain midbrain neurons and thus may also play a role in the functioning of dopaminergic systems in the brain, in addition to serving as neurotransmitters in their own right (see: A. J. Prange et al., "Peptides in the Central Nervous System", <u>Ann. Repts. Med. Chem.</u> 17, 31, 33 [1982] and references cited therein; J. A. Williams, <u>Biomed. Res.</u> 3 107 [1982]); and J. E. Morley, <u>Life Sci.</u> 30, 479, [1982]).

The primary role of gastrin, on the other hand, appears to be stimulation of the secretion of water and electrolytes from the stomach, and, as such, it is involved in control of gastric acid and pepsin secretion. Other physiological effects of gastrin then include increased mucosal blood flow and increased antral motility, with rat studies having shown that gastrin has a positive trophic effect on the gastric mucosa, as evidenced by increased DNA, RNA and protein synthesis.

Antagonists to CCK and to gastrin have been useful for preventing and treating CCK-related and/or gastrin-related disorders of the gastrointestinal (GI) and central nervous (CNS) systems of animals, especially of humans. Just as there is some overlap in the biological activities of CCK and gastrin, antagonists also tend to have affinity for both receptors. In a practical sense, however, there is enough selectivity to the different receptors that greater activity against specific CCK-or gastrin-related disorders can often also be identified.

Selective CCK antagonists are themselves useful in treating CCK-related disorders of the appetite regulatory systems of animals as well as in potentiating and prolonging opiate-mediated analgesia, thus having utility in the treatment of pain [see P. L. Faris et al., Science 226, 1215 (1984)], while selective gastrin antagonists are useful in the modulation of CNS behavior, as a palliative for gastrointestinal neoplasms, and in the treatment and prevention of gastrin-related disorders of the gastrointestinal system in humans and animals, such as peptic ulcers, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, antral G cell hyperplasia and other conditions in which reduced gastrin activity is of therapeutic value.

Also, since CCK and gastrin also have trophic effects on certain tumors [K. Okyama, <u>Hokkaido J. Med. Sci.</u>, <u>60</u>, 206-216 (1985)], antagonists of CCK and gastrin are useful in treating these tumors [see, R.D. Beauchamp <u>et al.</u>, <u>Ann. Surg.</u>, 202,303 (1985)].

Four distinct chemical classes of CCK-receptor antagonists have been reported. The first class comprises derivatives of cyclic nucleotides, of which dibutyryl cyclic GMP has been shown to be the most potent by detailed structure-function studies (see, N. Barlos et al., Am. J. Physiol., 242, G 161 (1982) and P. Robberecht et al., Mol., Pharmacol., 17, 268 (1980)).

The second class comprises peptide antagonists which are C-terminal fragments and analogs of CCK,

of which both shorter (Boc-Met-Asp-Phe-NH₂, Met-Asp-Phe-NH₂), and longer (Cbz-Tyr(SO₂H)-Met-Gly-Trp-Met-Asp-NH₂) C-terminal fragments of CCK can function as CCK antagonists, according to recent structure-function studies (see, R. T. Jensen et al., Blochem. Blophys. Acta., 757, 250 (1983), and M. Spanarkel et al., J. Biol. Chem., 258, 6746 (1983)). The latter compound was recently reported to be a partial agonist [see, J. M. Howard et al., Gastroenterology 88(5) Part 2, 1118 (1984)].

Then, the third class of CCK-receptor antagonists comprises the amino acid derivatives: proglumide, a derivative of glutaramic acid, and the N-acyl tryptophans including para-chlorobenzoyi-L-tryptophan (benzotript), [see, W. F. Hahne et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 78, 6304 (1981), R. T. Jensen et al., Blochem. Blophys. Acta., 781, 289 (1983)]. All of these compounds, however, are relatively weak antagonists of CCK (ICs: generally 10 *M[although more potent analogs of proglumide have been recently reported in F. Makovec et al., Arzneim-Forsch Drug Res., 35 (II), 1048 (1985) and in German Patent Application DE 3522506A1], but down to 10 *M in the case of peptides), and the peptide CCK-antagonists have substantial stability and absorption problems.

In addition, a fourth class consists of improved CCK-antagonists comprising a nonpeptide of novel structure from fermentation sources [R. S. L. Chang et al., Science, 230, 177-179 (1985)] and 3-substituted benzodiazepines based on this structure [published European Patent Applications 167 919, 167 920 and 189 392, B. E. Evans et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 83, p. 4918-4922 (1988) and R.S.L. Chang et al., ibid, p. 4923-4926] have also been reported.

No really effective receptor antagonists of the in vivo effects of gastrin have been reported (J. S. Morley, Gut Pept. Ulcer Proc., Hiroshima Symp. 2nd, 1983, p. 1), and very weak in vitro antagonists, such as proglumide and certain peptides have been described [(J. Martinez, J. Med. Chem. 27, 1597 (1984)]. Recently, however, pseudopeptide analogs of tetragastrin have been reported to be more effective gastrin antagonists than previous agents [J. Martinez et al., J. Med. Chem., 28, 1874-1879 (1985)].

The benzodiazepine (BZD) structure class, which has been widely exploited as therapeutic agents, especially as central nervous system (CNS) drugs, such as anxiolytics, and which exhibits strong binding to "benzodiazepine receptors" in vitro, has not in the past been reported to bind to CCK or gastrin receptors. Benzodiazepines have been shown to antagonize CCK-induced activation of rat hippocampal neurones but this effect is mediated by the benzodiazepine receptor, not the CCK receptor [see J. Bradwein et al., Nature, 312, 363 (1984)]. Of these reported BZD's, additionally, the large majority do not contain substituents attached to the 3-position of the seven membered ring, as it is well known in the art that 3-substituents result in decreasing anxiolytic activity, especially as these substituents increase in size.

It was, therefore, an object of this invention to identify substances which more effectively antagonize the function of cholecystokinins and gastrin in disease states in animals, preferably mammals, especially in humans. It was another object of this invention to prepare novel compounds which more selectively inhibit cholecystokinins or inhibit gastrin. It was still another object of this invention to develop a method of antagonizing the functions of cholecystokinin and gastrin in disease states in mammals. It is also an object of this invention to develop a method of preventing or treating disorders of the gastrointestinal, central nervous and appetite regulatory systems of mammals, especially of humans, or of increasing food intake of animals.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

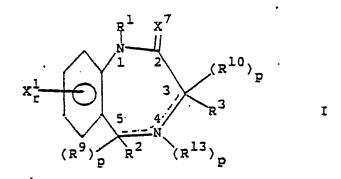
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It has now been found that compounds of Formula I are antagonists of gastrin and cholecystokinin (CCK) and bind to the gastrin and CCK receptors. These compounds are useful in the treatment and prevention of CCK-related disorders of the gastrointestinal, central nervous and appetite regulatory systems of animals, preferably mammals and especially humans. They are also useful in the treatment and prevention of gastrin related disorders, gastrointestinal ulcers, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, antrai G cell hyperplasia, and other conditions in which reduced gastrin activity is of therapeutic value.

Also within the invention are those compounds of Formula I that are novel.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The compounds of formula I are useful in a method of antagonizing the binding of cholecystokinins to cholecystokinin receptors or antagonizing the binding of gastrin to gastrin receptors which comprises contacting said cholecystokinin receptors or said gastrin receptors, respectively, with a compound represented by the formula:



wherein-

R¹ is H, C,-C, linear or branched alkyl, loweralkenyl, lower alkynyl, -X¹2COOR⁴, -X¹¹-cycloloweralkyl, -X¹2NR⁴R⁵,-X¹2CONR⁴R⁵, -X¹2CN, or -X¹¹CX¹0 ; R² is H, loweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkyl, loweralkyl, loweralkyl, nitro, -CF₂, or hydroxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

$$-x^{12}$$
 x^2 , $-x^{12}$ x^3

R³ is

$$-x^{11}R^{7}$$
, $-x^{11}CHR^{7}$, $-x^{11}-C-R^{7}$,

$$-x^{11_{CR}^{0}7}$$
, $-x^{11_{NR}^{18}(CH_2)_{q}R^7}$,

$$-x^{11}x^{9||}(x^{11})R^{7}$$
, $-x^{11||}x^{9}x^{11}R^{7}$,

$$NH(CH_2)_{2-3}NHR^7$$
, $-NH(CH_2)_{2-3}NHCOR^7$,

$$-x^{11}x^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{CCHCH}}_{2}R^{7}, \\ \text{NHCOOR}^{14},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{C}}X_{a}^{9}(x^{11})R^{7}, -x^{11}x^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{C-CH-CH}}_{2}R^{7},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{C}}(\text{CH}_{2})_{q}x_{a}^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{CH}}_{2}} \overset{\text{NH}_{2}}{\text{C}}$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{C}}(\text{CH}_{2})_{q}x_{a}^{9} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{C}}$$

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁵ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered hetrocyclic ring or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C_{1.4} alkyl;

R⁵ is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenyl or phenyloweralkyl substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkyy, nitro, or CF₁;

R' and R $_a^7$ are independently α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH, -X11NR⁴R⁴, loweralkyl, CF₃, CN, SCF₃, C=CH, CH₂SCF₃,

O C CH₃, OCHF₂, SH, SPh, PO₃H, loweralkoxy, or loweralkylthic, COOH); 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

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$$x^{8}$$
 x^{8}
 x^{2}
 x^{3}
 x^{2}
 x^{3}
 x^{2}
 x^{3}
 x^{4}
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 $R^{\text{s}} \text{ is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, -X$^{12}CONH}_{\text{z}}, \text{-X12-COOR$^{\text{s}}, \text{-X12-cycloloweralkyl, -X^{12}NR^{\text{s}},}$

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 $-x^{12}$ $-x^{12}$ $-x^{12}$ $-x^{11}$ $-x^{$

R* and R1° are independently H, -OH, or -CH2;

15 R¹¹ and R¹² are independently loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl;

R13 is H, loweralkyl, acyl. O, or cycloloweralkyl;

R14 is loweralkyl or phenylloweralkyl;

· R15 is H, loweralkyi,

OF

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 x^2 , or $-NH_2$;

R1ª is H, loweralkyl, or acyl;

p is 0 when its adjacent — is unsaturated and 1 when its adjacent — is saturated except that when R13 is

30 O, p = 1 and $\underline{}$ is unsaturated;

q is 0-4;

r is 1 or 2;

X¹ is H, -NO₂, CF₃, CN, OH, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkoxy, -X¹¹COOR⁵, or -X¹¹NR⁴R⁵;

X2 and X3 are independently H, -OH, -NO2, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

35 X' is S, O, CH2, NR1" or NR";

X⁵ is H, CF₂, CN, -COOR⁶, NO₂, or halo:

X is Q or HH;

X' is O, S, HH, or NR15 with the proviso that X' can be NR15 only when R1 is not H;

Xº is H, loweralkyl;

40 X° and X° are independently NR1° or O;

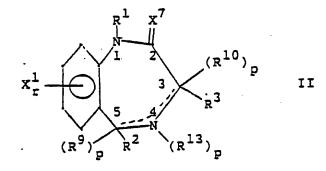
X1° is F, Cl, or Br;

X11 is absent or C, a linear or branched alkylidene;

X12 is C. . linear or branched aikylidene:

- is a saturated or unsaturated bond and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Also within the invention are the novel compounds of Formula II:



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wherein

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R1 is H, C1-C4 linear or branched alkyl, loweralkenyl, lower alkynyl, -X12COOR4, -X11-cycloloweralkyl, -X12NR4R5, -X12CONR4R5, -X12CN, or -X11CX310 ;

R² is H, loweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, lowera

$$-x^{12}$$
 x^2 , $-x^{12}$ x^3 , $-x^{12}$ x^3 , $-x^{12}$ x^3

$$-x^{12}$$
SOCH₃, $-x^{12}$ SO₂CH₃, or $-x^{12}$ COOR⁶;

R3 is -X11NR15 (CH2)qR16

פאיי C.X'Xייד',

$$x^{11}NR^{18}Cx_a^9x^{11}R^7$$
, $-x^{11}x^9C-CH-CH_2R^7$

$$x^{11}x^{9}^{0}_{C(CH_2)_q}x_a^9$$

X11NR18SO2(CH2)aR7 or

O X¹¹C R⁷, with the proviso that R¹⁶ is

O not H or -CH₃ when R³ is X¹¹ C R²;

R* and R* are independently R* or in combination with the N of the NR*R* group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C, alkyl;

R* is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenylloweralkyl wherein the phenylloweralkyl substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkoxy, nitro, or CF₂;

R' is α-or β-naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH,-X¹¹NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl, CF₃, CN, SCF₂, C=CH, CH₂SCF₃.

O C CH2, OCHF2, SH, SPh, PO2H, loweralkoxy, loweralkyithio or COOH), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

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$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{8}$$

$$x^{2}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{3}$$

$$x^{6}$$

$$x^{10}$$

$$x^{5}$$

$$x^{15}$$

$$x^{2}$$

$$x^{3}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{2}$$

$$x^{4}$$

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$$x^{5}$$

$$x^{6}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{5}$$

$$x^{6}$$

$$x^{7}$$

R^a is H, ioweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, -X12CONH₂, -X12COOR^a, -X12-cycloloweralkyl, -X12NR^aR^a,

$$-x^{12}$$

$$-x^{3}$$

$$-COCHNH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2}R^{12}$$

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0 284 256

$$-x^{11}co(cH_2)_q$$
 x^2 , or

-COCHNHCOOR¹¹ CH₂R¹²

R° and R¹° are independently H, -OH, or -CH₁;

R11 and R12 are independently loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl;

R13 is H, loweralkyl, acyl, O, or cycloloweralkyl;

R14 is loweralkyl or phenylloweralkyl;

R15 is H, loweralkyl,

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 x^2

or -NH2;

R16 is alpha or beta naphthyl or 2-indolyl;

30 R18 is H or loweralkyl;

p is 0 when its adjacent $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ is unsaturated and 1 when its adjacent $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ is saturated except that when R¹³ is 0, p = 1 and $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ is unsaturated;

q is 0-4;

r is 1 or 2;

35 X1 is H, -NO₂, CF₂ CN, OH, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkoxy, -X11COOR⁴, or -X11NR⁴R⁵;

X² and X³ are independently H, -OH,-NO₂, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X4 is S, O, CH2, or NR8;

X⁵ is H, CF₂, CN, -COOR⁶, NO₂, or halo;

40 Xº is O or HH;

X' is O, S, HH, or NR15 with the proviso that X' can be NR15 only when R1 is not H;

X* is H, loweralkyl;

X* and X are independently NR1*, O;

X1º is F, Čl, or Br;

45 X11 is absent or C, 4 linear or branched alkylidene;

X12 is C14 linear or branched alkylidene;

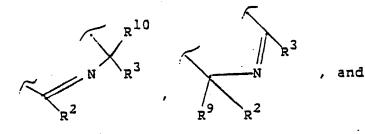
_ is a saturated or unsaturated bond;

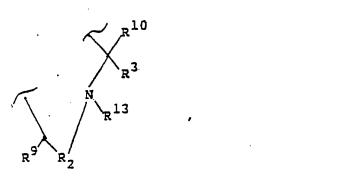
with the proviso that when X_r^1 is CI in the seven position, R^1 is H and R^2 is unsubstituted phenyl, then R^3 is not NHCO(CH₂)₂C₆H₅ or NHCOC₆H₆;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

As used herein, the definition of each expression, e.g. m, n, p, loweralkyl, etc., when it occurs more than once in any structure, is intended to be independent of its definition elsewhere in the same structure. Thus, the ring fragment

since each p is independently 1 or 0, represents the three structures





when R13 is not O.

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In the compounds of Formula I, the preferred stereochemistry for CCK antagonism relates to D-tryptophan, where C^2 and N^4 of Formula I correspond to the carbonyl carbon and α -amino N of D-tryptophan and R^3 occupies the position of the indolyimethyl side chain.

In the compounds of Formula I, the preferred stereochemistry for gastrin antagonism can be either \underline{D} or \underline{L} depending on the nature of \mathbb{R}^3 . For example,

when $R^3 = X^{11}R^7$ or $X^{11}X^7$ $\stackrel{1}{C}$ $X^{11}R^7$, the preferred stereochemistry corresponds to

D-tryptophan, as above. When $R^3 = X^1 \stackrel{Q}{C} X_a^9 X^{11} R^7$, the preferred stereochemistry corresponds to L-tryptophan.

As used herein, halo is F, Cl, Br or I; loweralkyl is 1-7 carbon straight or branched chain alkyl and includes methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, and t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, and heptyl; in loweralkoxy and loweralkylthio, the alkyl portion is loweralkyl as previously defined; cycloloweralkyl is cycloalkyl of 3-7 carbons; loweralkenyl is 1-5 carbon straight or branched chain alkenyl; acyl is formyl, acetyl, propionyl, benzoyl or butyryl; loweralkynyl is 1-5 carbon straight or branched chain alkynyl.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of Formulas I include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the compounds of Formula I formed, e.g., from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-

acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the compounds of Formula I which contain a basic or acidic molety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, the salts are prepared by reacting the free base or acid with stoichiometric amounts or with an excess of the desired salt-forming inorganic or organic acid or base in a suitable solvent or various combinations of solvents.

The pharmaceutically acceptable saits of the acids of Formula I are also readily prepared by conventional procedures such as treating an acid of Formula I with an appropriate amount of a base, such as an alkali or alkaline earth metal hydroxide e.g. sodium, potassium, lithium, calcium, or magnesium, or an organic base such as an amine, e.g., dibenzylethylenediamine, trimethylamine, piperidine, pyrrolidine, benzylamine and the like, or a quaternary ammonium hydroxide such as tetramethylammonium hydroxide and the like.

An embodiment of this invention is the preparation of compounds of Formula II.

The ability of the compounds of Formula I to antagonize CCK and gastrin makes these compounds useful as pharmaceutical agents for mammals, especially for humans, for the treatment and prevention of disorders wherein CCK and/or gastrin may be involved. Examples of such disease states include gastrointestinal disorders, especially such as irritable bowel syndrome, gastroesophageal reflux disease or ulcers, excess pancreatic or gastric secretion, acute pancreatitis, or motility disorders; central nervous system disorders, caused by CCK interactions with dopamine, such as neuroleptic disorders, tardive dyskinesia, Parkinson's disease, psychosis or Gilles de la Tourette Syndrome; disorders of appetite regulatory systems; Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, antral G cell hyperplasia, or pain (potentiation of opiate analgesia); as well as certain tumors of the lower esophagus, stomach, intestines and colon.

The compounds of Formula I thereof, may be administered to a human subject either alone or, preferably, in combination with pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers or diluents, optionally with known adjuvants, such as alum, in a pharmaceutical composition, according to standard pharmaceutical practice. The compounds can be administered orally or parenterally, including intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and topical administration.

For oral use of an antagonist of CCK, according to this invention, the selected compounds may be administered, for example, in the form of tablets or capsules, or as an aqueous solution or suspension. In the case of tablets for oral use, carriers which are commonly used include lactose and corn starch, and lubricating agents, such as magnesium stearate, are commonly added. For oral administration in capsule form, useful diluents include lactose and dried corn starch. When aqueous suspensions are required for oral use, the active ingredient is combined with emulsifying and suspending agents. If desired, certain sweetening and/or flavoring agents may be added. For intramuscular, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intravenous use, sterile solutions of the active ingredient are usually prepared, and the pH of the solutions should be suitably adjusted and buffered. For intravenous use, the total concentration of solutes should be controlled in order to render the preparation isotonic.

When a compound according to Formula I is used as an antagonist of CCK or gastrin in a human subject, the daily dosage will normally be determined by the prescribing physician with the dosage generally varying according to the age, weight, and response of the individual patient, as well as the severity of the patient's symptoms. However, in most instances, an effective daily dosage will be in the range of from about 0.05 mg/kg to about 50 mg/kg of body weight, and preferably, of from 0.5 mg/kg to about 20 mg/kg of body weight, administered in single or divided doses. In some cases, however, it may be necessary to use dosages outside these limits.

In the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome, for instance, 0.1 to 10 mg/kg of a CCK antagonist might be administered orally (p.o.), divided into two doses per day (b.l.d.). In treating delayed gastric emptying, the dosage range would probably be the same, although the drug might be administered either intravenously (I.V.) or orally, with the I.V. dose probably tending to be slightly lower due to better availability. Acute pancreatitis might be treated preferentially in an I.V. form, whereas spasm and/or reflex esophageal, chronic pancreatitis, post vagotomy diarrhea, anorexia or pain associated with biliary dyskinesia might indicate p.o. form administration.

In the use of a gastrin antagonist as a tumor palliative for gastrointestinal neoplasms with gastrin receptors, as a modulator of central nervous system activity, treatment of Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, or in the treatment of peptic ulcer disease, a dosage of 0.1 to 10 mg/kg administered one-to-four times daily might be indicated.

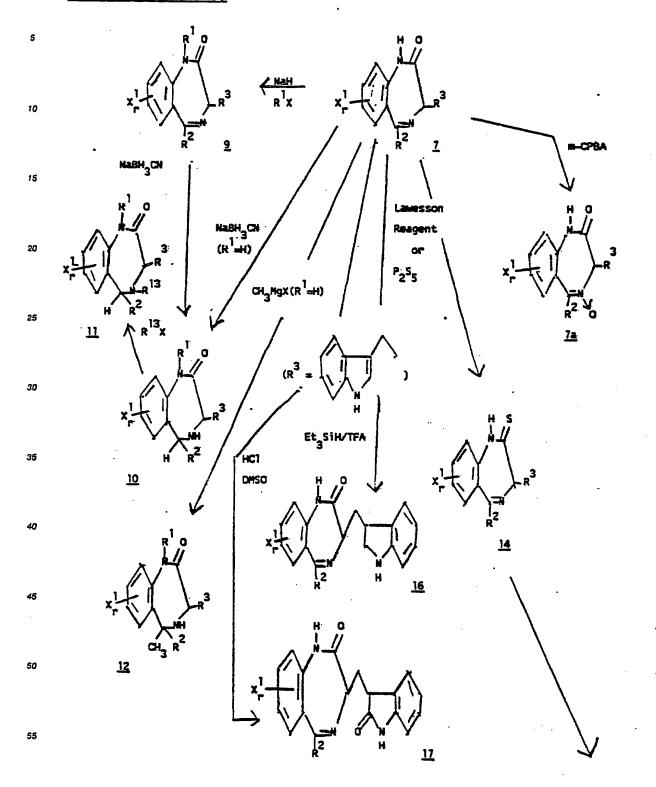
Because these compounds antagonize the function of CCK in animals, they may also be used as feed additives to increase the food intake of animals in daily dosage of approximately 0.05 to 50 mg/kg of body weight.

The compounds of Formula I are prepared according to the following schemes.

REACTION SCHEME I

| X1 O | + BodNH COOH DCC R R R HCl .H ₂ N COCl | HC1 |
|------|---|---------------------|
| | R_2^3 coor $\frac{8}{8}$ | H O NH2 . HC1 |
| | Δ x | E O NH ₂ |

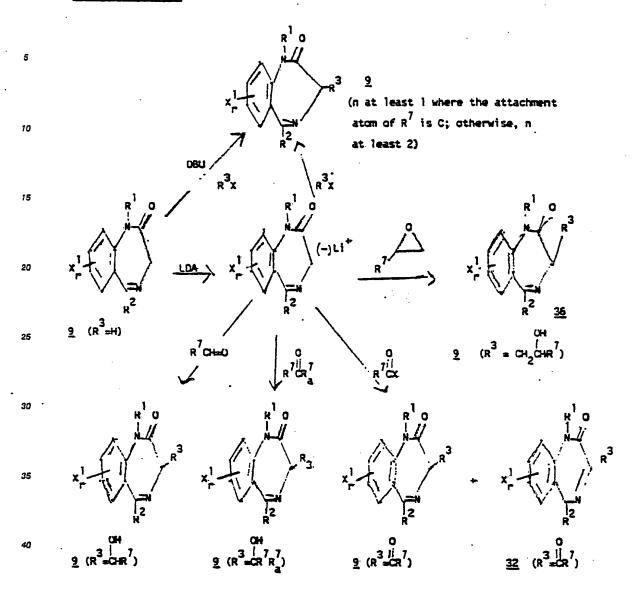
REACTION SCHEME I (Cont'd)



REACTION SCHEME I (Cont'd)

| R ¹³ X X R ¹³ R R R ¹³ CH ₃ R ² | 14 Raney Nickel Nickel R R R 15 |
|---|--|
| $ \begin{array}{cccc} R^{1} & 0 & & & \\ R^{1} & 0 & & & \\ R^{2} & & & & \\ R^{1} = x^{12} & & & \\ R^{6} & \pm H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{cccc} R^{1} & & & & \\ R^{1} = x^{12} & & & \\ R^{6} & \pm H \end{array} $ | $ \begin{array}{cccc} R^{1} & O \\ R^{2} & R^{3} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{cccc} R^{1} = X^{12} COOR^{6} \\ R^{6} & \neq H \end{array} $ |

REACTION SCHEME II



REACTION SCHEME II (Cont'd)

or (if peroxide present)

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{1}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{7}
 R^{1}
 R^{7}
 R^{1}
 R^{1}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 $R^$

50

REACTION SCHEME III

5

$$R^{1} \times 7$$
 $R^{1} \times 7$
 $R^{2} \times 1$
 $R^{2} \times 1$
 $R^{3} \times 1$

x = halo

55

REACTION SCHEME IIIa

X_r (CH₂)_n-X⁹H
(n=0, 1)

23
HOOC-CH-CH₂R⁷
NHCOOR 14

$$x_r^1$$
 x_r^2
 x_r^2
 x_r^3
 x_r^4
 x_r^3
 x_r^4
 $x_r^$

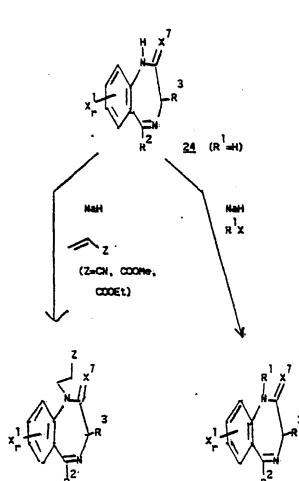
0 284 256

REACTION SCHEME IIID

 $\frac{24}{R^2} (R^3 = OH)$ $R^7 (CH_2) q^{-1} \times x = halo$ $R^1 \times R^7$ $R^2 \times R^7$ $R^3 = OH$ $R^3 = OH$

REACTION SCHEME IIIC

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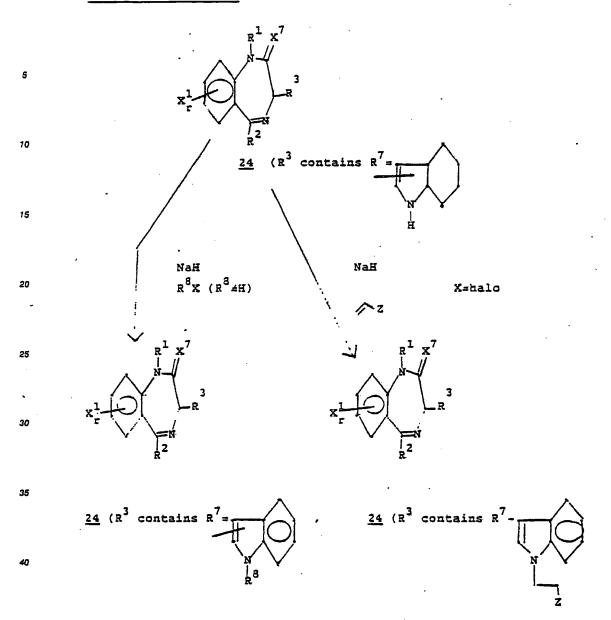


24 (R = 1, Z=CN, COOMe, COOEt) 24

REACTION SCHEME IIId

50

56

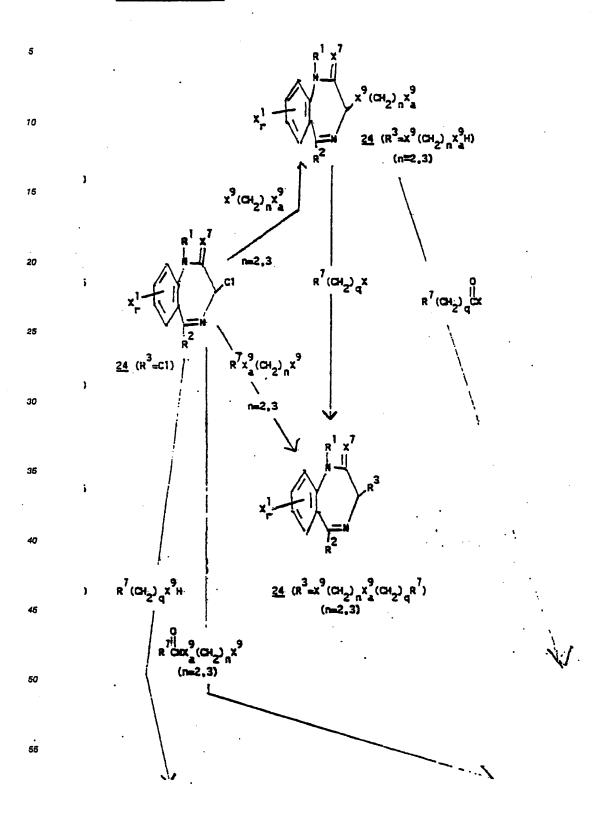


Where, in the $\underline{24}$ compound, R¹ and/or R⁵ is an ester [(X¹²)COO-C₁-C₂ alkyl] moiety, this group can be conventionally hydrolyzed to obtain the corresponding acid moiety or treated with NH₂ to obtain the corresponding amide molety.

22

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REACTION SCHEME IV



0 284 256

SCHEEL IVA

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REACTION SCHEME V

5 · Ç0₂H BocHN 10 occ NHBoc NHBac 15 2a 32 CO₂H PhthN 20 HC1 (X¹¹)NPhth <u>2b</u> 25 30 C=0 /2 R .2HC1 (X¹¹)-NPhth 35 <u>4a</u> <u>3b</u> (R¹=H) $R^{1}X$ NHZNH2 NaH NaOH x 11 = CH₂ 50

10

(R¹ ≠ H) ↓ NaH 3c 15 NH2NH2 $\frac{1}{R^{2}} \circ \left(R^{3} = x^{11} x^{9} C (CH_{2})_{q} R^{7}, x^{11} x^{9} (CH_{2})_{q} R^{7} \right)$

| | • • • |
|----|---|
| 5 | $\begin{array}{c c} & 3b & (R^1=H) & 4a \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & &$ |
| 10 | \mathbb{R}^3 |
| 15 | $\frac{9}{R^2} (R^1 = H, R^3 = X^{11}X^9H)$ |
| 20 | Cbz-Cl H , ,N O |
| 25 | x ¹ x ¹¹ NCOCH ₂ |
| 30 | ĸ |
| | 27 |
| 35 | Lawesson Reagent |
| 40 | x ¹ x ¹¹ -NCOCH ₂ |
| 45 | R- <u>28</u> |

REACTION SCHEME V (cont'd)

10

15

20

25

30

50

Ra-Ni <u> 29</u> HBr <u>30</u>

<u>31</u>

REACTION SCHEME V (cont'd)

 $9 (R^3 = -x^{11}x^9H)$

REACTION SCHEME V (cont'd)

9
$$(R^3 = X^{11}X^9(CH_2)_qR^7$$

or
 $X^{11}X^3||| (CH_2)_qR^7)$

$$x_r^1$$
 R^3

$$\frac{9}{100} (R^{1} = H, R^{3} = X^{11}X^{9}H)$$

$$N = H, R^{1}X$$

$$g (R'=H, R^3=X''X^3(CHD_3R^7)$$

2-Aminoarylketones 1, (Scheme i) preferably 2-amino-benzophenones containing various substituents in the aryl rings, preferably halo substituents, are coupled to N-protected D-amino acids 2 (preferably, Bocamino acids) using dicyclohexylcarbodlimide (DCC) or other conventional peptide coupling reagent. The product 3 is N-deprotected by treatment with acid, preferably anhydrous HCl in ethyl acetate, to give the α -aminoacyl derivative 4 of the 2-aminoarylketone. Alternatively, this same product is obtained by treatment of the 2-aminoarylketone 1 with the acid chloride hydrochloride 5 of the D-amino acid, which is prepared from the amino acid with PCI_s-AcCl.

Treatment of this a-aminoacyl derivative 4 with base, preferably aqueous sodium hydroxide in methanol, gives the free base 6 which is cyclized to the 3,5-disubstituted benzodiazepine 7 upon stirring in the methanolic base for 2-120 hours, preferably 48 hours. Alternatively, the 3,5-disubstituted benzodiazepine 7 is obtained by heating the 2-aminoarylketone 1 with the ester 8, preferably methyl or ethyl, of the D-amino acid, preferably in refluxing pyridine, for 2-48 hours, preferably for 18 hours.

Alternatively (Scheme V), the ketones 1 may be coupled with N-phthalylamino acids such as $\underline{2b}$ to give the products $\underline{3b}$ using DCC or other conventional peptide coupling reagent. $\underline{3b}$ may be deprotected and cyclized to $\underline{9}$ (R¹=H, R³=X¹¹X³H) by treating with hydrazine. Alternatively, $\underline{3b}$ may be first alkylated by treatment with sodium hydride followed by an alkyl halide in dimethylformamide (DMF) to give the alkyl derivative 3c. Treating this product with hydrazine gives the N¹-alkylbenzodiazepine, $\underline{9}$ (R³=X¹¹X³H).

9 ($R^3 = X^{11}X^4H$) are alkylated by treatment with alkyl halide or dialkyl sulfate or acylated by treatment with acid halides or anhydrides, preferably in the presence of base such as triethyl amine. The products are the alkyl and acyl derivatives 9 ($R^3 = X^{11}X^4(CH_2)_aR^7$ and $R^3 =$

X11X* C (CH₂)_aR*).

Alternatively, protection of the 3-amino function in 9 (R3 = X11NH_z), preferably with benzylchloroformate affords the acyl derivative 27. Treatment of this material with P_zS_z or preferably with Lawesson's reagent in toluene gives the thioamide 28 which is converted to the amine 29 with Raney nickel in ethanol. Deprotection of the resulting product 29 via hydrogenolysis, or preferably by the action of hydrobromic acid, yields the corresponding amino compound 30. Alkylation of 30 by treatment with alkyl halide or dialkyl sulfonate or acylation with carboxylic acid halide or carboxylic acid anhydride in the presence of an acid binding agent such as triethylamine or preferably with a carboxylic acid in the presence of a peptide coupling reagent such as dicyclohexyl-carbodilmide gives the alkyl or acyl derivatives 31.

3,5-Disubstituted benzodiazepines $\underline{7}$ (Scheme I) are also treated with sodium hydride in dimethylformamide (DMF), followed by an alkyl halide, to give the 1-alkyl derivatives $\underline{9}$. These or the parent 1-unsubstituted compound $\underline{7}$ are reduced, preferably with sodium cyanoborohydride and acetic acid at 15°, to give the corresponding 4,5-dihydro compounds $\underline{10}$. These are alkylated on N_4 by treatment with the alkyl halide or dialkyl sulfate. Alternatively, the 4,5-dihydro compounds are acylated on N_4 by treatment with acyl halides or anhydrides, preferably in the presence of base such as triethylamine. The products are the alkyl and acyl derivatives $\underline{11}$. Alternatively, where R^1 is -X12COOR4 (R^4 not = H), $\underline{9}$ are treated with a base such as sodium hydroxide in methanol to give the acids $\underline{9}$ ($R^1 = X^{12}COOH$).

The 3,5-disubstituted benzodiazepines 7 are treated with alkyl-or arylmagnesium halides, preferably methylmagnesium iodide, to give the dihydro compounds 12. The products are alkylated and acylated on nitrogen, as described for the 3,5-disubstituted-4,5-dihydro derivatives, to give the derivatives 13.

The 3,5-disubstituted benzodiazepines 7 are treated with P₂S₂ or Lawesson's reagent (2,4-bis-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dithioxo-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane) to give the 2-thiones 14. These are reduced with Raney nickel to the 2-unsubstituted compounds 15. The latter may be alkylated with alkyl halide or sulfate, acylated with acyl halide or anhydride, reduced with sodium cyanoborohydride, or substituted with alkyl-or aryl magnesium halide as described for 7 above.

Where the 3-position in a 3,5-disubstituted benzodiazepine 7 bears a substituent containing an indole molety, preferably 3-indolylmethyl, reduction with triethylsilane/TFA provides the corresponding indoline 16. Alternatively, oxidation with HCi-dimethylsulfoxide provides the oxindole 17, 16 and 17 may be subjected to the reactions described for 7 to obtain alkyl, acyl, and dihydro derivatives. Dialkyl, alkylacyl, and trialkyl compounds may also be made using these methods.

The 3,5-disubstituted benzodiazepines 7 may also be oxidized, preferably with m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid, to give the corresponding 4-N-oxides 7a.

Alternatively, (Scheme II) 3-unsubstituted-5-substituted-1-substituted or unsubstituted benzodiazepines $\underline{9}$ (R1 \pm H) prepared as described in the prior art may be treated with base, preferably lithium disopropylamide, in an inert solvent, preferably THF, according to the procedure of J. Org. Chem., $\underline{46}$ 4945 (1981). The resulting salt may be alkylated to obtain $\underline{9}$ with, for example, benzyl bromide or gramine

methiodide. The resulting racemates may be resolved to obtain the preferred 3(R) enantiomers, or may be used as such.

Alternatively, the salt may be treated with an alkyl or aryl aldehyde, ketone, or acid halide or anhydride to give the 1-hydroxymethylene compounds

$$9 (R^3 = C + R^2)$$
 or $9 (R^3 = C + R^2)$ or the 1-ketomethylene

derivatives $\underline{9}$ (R³ = \overline{C} R') and $\underline{32}$ (R³ = \overline{C} R'). If the acid halide reaction is carried out in solvent containing peroxide, the 3-and 5-hydroxy analogs 20 and $\underline{21}$ (resp.) may be obtained.

The hydroxymethylene compounds $\underline{9}$ (R³ = $\overset{\circ}{C}$ H R')

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or ($R^3 = CR$ $^7R_a^7$) may be treated with acids, preferably trifluoroacetic acid, to obtain the olefins 18, 19, and/or 22.

Alternatively, 3-substituted benzodiazepines 9 may be obtained by treating the 3-unsubstituted compound 9 (R3=H) with 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0] undec-7-ene (DBU) and alkylating agent such as alkyl halide or sulfate or, preferably, gramine methiodide. Resolution to obtain the preferred 3(R) enantiomer may be carried out as described above.

3-Amino-5-substituted-1-substituted or unsubstituted benzodiazepines $\underline{9}$ (R³-NH₂) are prepared as described in the prior art. Alternatively, $\underline{9}$ (R³=NH₂) are prepared as shown in Scheme IVa. Treatment of the 3-unsubstituted compound $\underline{9}$ (R³=H) with a suitable base, preferably potassium t-butoxide, followed by a nitrosating agent, preferably isoamyl nitrate, provides the oxime $\underline{9}$ (R³==NOH). Reduction, preferably with Raney nickel, gives the 3-amino compounds $\underline{9}$ (R³=NH₂). Alternatively, $\underline{9}$ (R³=NH₂) are prepared by the method disclosed in U.S. Patent 4,628,084.

3-Amino and 3-aminomethyl-5-substituted-1-substituted or unsubstituted benzodiazepines $\underline{23}$ (Scheme III) are alkylated with alkyl halides or with α -halo acids and esters to give the alkyl derivatives

$$R^7$$
 $(CH_2)_q$
 $24 (R^3=X^{11}NH(CH_2)_qR^7)$ and $9 (R^3=X^{11}NHCHCOOR^6)$

With acyl halides, the amines 23 give the

corresponding amides 24 (R3 = X11NHC (CH2)qR7).

With isocyanates, the amines 23 give the

corresponding ureas $\underline{24}$ (R³ = X¹¹ N C N (CH₂)_qR⁷). With N-protected or unprotected α -amino acids and a coupling reagent such as DCC, EDC, or isobutyl chloroformate, the amines $\underline{23}$ give the amides

$$24 (R^3 = X^{11}NHCCHCH_2R^7)$$
.

3-Hydroxy-5-substituted-7-substituted or unsubstituted-1-substituted or unsubstituted benzodiazepines $\underline{24}$ (R³ = OH) (Scheme IIIb) are acylated with acyl halides to give the esters $\underline{24}$

(R3 = 0 C (CH₂)₀R').

3-Chloro-5-substituted-1-substituted or unsubstituted benzodiazepines 24 (R³ = Cl) (Scheme IV) may be used to monoalkylate amines to give the 3-substituted amino compounds 24 (R³ = NH₂). The 3-chloro compounds 29 may also be used to monoalkylate 1,2-ethanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine to give the compounds 24 (R³ = NH(CH₂)NH₂). These may be alkylated to provide 24 (R³ = NHX¹¹NH(CH₂)qR²) or

Ö

acylated to give $\underline{24}$ (R³ = NHX¹¹NH $\overset{1}{\mathbf{C}}$ (CH₂)_qR⁷. Alternatively, the latter two compounds may be obtained from the previously mono-alkylated or acylated diamine and chloro compound $\underline{24}$ (R³ = CI).

3-Substituted-5-substituted-7-substituted or unsubstituted benzodiazepines 24 (R1 = H) (Scheme illc) may be treated with sodium hydride in a suitable solvent, such as DMF, followed by an alkyl halide to provide the 1-alkyl derivatives 24. When an acrylate such as methyl or ethyl acrylate or acylonitrile is substituted for the alkyl halide, the 1-(2-substituted)ethyl compounds

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are obtained.

When R³ contains R′ where R′ is 1-unsubstituted-2-or 3-indolyl (Scheme IIId), the compounds 24 may be further alkylated by treatment with sodium hydride followed by an alkyl halide or an acrylate, such as methyl or ethyl acrylate or acrylonitrile, or an activated amino acid such as Boc-phenylalanine anhydride to give the corresponding 1-substituted indole compounds 24 (Scheme IIId) in which R⁴ is as defined herein and R⁴ is other than hydrogen.

The compounds 24 wherein R¹ and/or Rª is X¹²-COOMe or X¹²-COOEt may may be treated with sodium hydroxide in an aqueous solvent, preferably aqueous solvent, preferably aqueous methanol, and then acidified to give the corresponding acids 24, wherein R¹ and/or Rª is X¹²-COOH. Alternatively, these same compounds may be treated with aqueous or anhydrous ammonia to give the amides 24 wherein R¹ and/or Rª is Y¹²-CONH₂.

in cases where the starting materials are optically active, the chirality at C₂ is controlled by the synthesis. When racemic starting materials are employed, racemic products are obtained. The enantlomers may be separated by resolution.

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In Vitro Activity of Compounds of Formula I

The biological activity of the compounds of Formula I have been evaluated using 1.)an 1281-CCK receptor binding assay and in vitro isolated tissue preparations and 2.) 1281-gastrin and 3H-pentagastrin binding assays.

Materials and Methods

1. CCK Receptor Binding (Pancreas)

CCK-33 was radiolabeled with ¹²⁸I-Bolton Hunter reagent (2000 Cl/mmole) as described by Sankara et al. (J. <u>Biol. Chem. 254</u>: 9349-9351, 1979). Receptor binding was performed according to Innis and Snyder (<u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 77</u>: 6917-6921, 1980) with the minor modification of adding the additional protease inhibitors, phenylmethane sulfonyl fluoride and o-phenanthroline. The latter two compounds have no effect on the ¹²⁸I-CCK receptor binding assay.

Male Sprague-Dawley rats (200-350g) were sacrificed by decapitation. The whole pancreas was dissected free of fat tissue and was homogenized in 20 volumes of ice-cold 50 mM, Tris HCl (pH 7.7 at 25°C) with a Brinkmann Polytron PT 10. The homogenates were centrifuged at 48,000 g for 10 min. Pellets were resuspended in Tris Buffer, centrifuged as above and resuspended in 200 volumes of binding assay buffer (50 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.7 at 25°C, 5 mM dithlothrietol, 0.1 mM bacitracin, 1.2 mM phenylmethane sulfonyl fluoride and 0.5 mM α-phenanthroline). For the binding assay, 25 μl of buffer (for total binding) or unlabeled CCK-8 sulfate to give a final concentration of 1 μM (for nonspecific binding) or the compounds of Formula I (for determination of Inhibition of 128 I-CCK binding) and 25 μl of 128 I-CCK-33 (30,000-40,000 cpm) were added to 450 μl of the membrane suspensions in microfuge tubes. All assays were run in duplicate or triplicate. The reaction mixtures were incubated at 37°C for 30 minutes and centrifuged in a Beckman Microfuge (4 minutes) immediately after adding 1 ml of ice-cold incubation buffer. The supernatant was aspirated and discarded, pellets were counted with a Beckman gamma 5000. For Scatchard analysis (Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 51: 660, 1949), 128 I-CCK-33 was progressively diluted with increasing concentrations of CCK-33.

2. CCK Receptor Binding (Brain)

CCK-33 was radiolabeled and the binding was performed according to the description for the pancreas method with modifications according to Salto et al., J. Neurochem. 37:483-490, 1981.

Male Hartley guinea pigs (300-500g) were sacrificed by decapitation and the brains were removed and placed in ice-cold 50 mM, Tris HCl plus 7.58 g/l Trizma-7.4 (pH 7.4 at 25°C). Cerebral cortex was dissected and used as a receptor source. Each gram of fresh guinea pig brain tissue was homogenized in 10 ml of Tris/Trizma buffer with a Brinkman polytron PT-10. The homogenates were centrifuged at 42,000 g for 15 minutes. Pellets were resuspended in Tris Buffer, centrifuged as above and resuspended in 200 volumes of binding assay buffer (10 mM N-2-hydroxyethyl-piperazine-N'-2-ethane sulfonic acid (HEPES), 5 mM MgCl₂, 0.25 mg/ml bacitracin, 1 mM ethylene glycol-bis-(β-aminoethylether-N,N'-tetraacetic acid) (EGTA) and 0.4% bovine serum albumin (BSA)). For the binding assay, 25 μl of buffer (for total binding) or unlabeled CCK-8 sulfate to give a final concentration of 1μm (for nonspecific binding) or the compounds of Formula I (for determination of inhibition of 12° I-CCK binding) and 25 μl of 12° I-CCK-33 (30,000-40,000 cpm) were added to 450 μl of the membrane suspensions in microfuge tubes. All assays were run in duplicate or triplicate. The reaction mixtures were incubated at 25°C for 2 hours and centrifuged in a Beckman Microfuge (4 minutes) immediately after adding 1 ml of ice-cold incubation buffer. The supernatant was aspirated and discarded, pellets were counted with a Beckman gamma 5000.

The compounds of Formula I can be determined to be competitive antagonists of CCK according to the following assays.

3. Isolated guinea pig gall bladder

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Male Hartley guinea pigs (400-600 g) are sacrificed by decapitation. The whole gall bladder is dissected free from adjacent tissues and cut into two equal halves. The gall bladder strips are suspended along the axis of the bile duct in a 5 ml organ bath under 1 g tension. The organ bath contains a Kreb's bicarbonate solution (NaCl 118 mM, KCl 4.75 mM, CaCl 2.54 mM, KH₂PO₄ 1.19 mM, Mg SO₄ 1.2 mM, NaHCO₂ 25 mM and dextrose 11 mM) maintained at 32°C and bubbled with 95% O₂ and 5% CO₂. Isometric contractions are recorded using Statham (60 g; 0.12 mm) strain gauges and a Hewlett-Packard (77588) recorder. The tissues are washed every 10 minutes for 1 hour to obtain equilibrium prior to the beginning of the study. CCK-8 is added cumulatively to the baths and EC₅₀'s determined using regression analysis. After washout (every 10 minutes for 1 hour), the compound of Formula I is added at least 5 minutes before the addition of CCk-8 and the EC₅₀ of CCK-8 in the presence of the compound of Formula I similarly determined.

4. Isolated longitudinal muscle of guinea pig ileum

Longitudinal muscle strips with attached nerve plexus are prepared as described in <u>Brit. J. Pharmac. 23</u>: 356-363, 1964; <u>J. Physiol. 194</u>: 13-33, 1969. Male Hartley guinea pigs are decapitated and the illeum removed (10 cm of the terminal illeum is discarded and the adjacent 20 cm piece used). A piece (10 cm) of the illeum is stretched on a glass pipette. Using a cotton applicator to stroke tangentially away from the mesentery attachment at one end, the longitudinal muscle is separated from the underlying circular muscle. The longitudinal muscle is then tied to a thread and by gently pulling, stripped away from the entire muscle. A piece of approximately 2 cm is suspended in 5 ml organ bath containing Krebs solution and bubbled with 95% O₂ and 5% CO₂ at 37°C under 0.5 g tension. CCK-8 is added cumulatively to the baths and EC₅ values in the presence and absence of compounds of Formula I determined as described in the gall bladder protocol (above).

Gastrin Antagonism

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Gastrin antagonist activity of compounds of Formula I is determined using the following assay.

Gastrin Receptor Binding in Guinea Pig Gastric Glands

Preparation of guinea pig gastric mucosal glands

Guinea pig gastric mucosal glands were prepared by the procedure of Berglingh and Obrink Acta Physiol. Scand. 98: 150 (1976) with a slight modification according to Praissman et al. C. J. Receptor Res. 3: (1983). Gastric mucosa from guinea pigs (300-500 g body weight, male Hartley) were washed thoroughly and minced with fine scissors in standard buffer consisting of the following: 130 mM NaCl, 12 mM NaHCO₂, 3 mM NaHPO₄, 3 mM K₂HPO₄, 2 mM MgSO₄, 1mM CaCl₂, 5 mM glucose and 4 mM L-glutamine, 25 mM HEPES at pH 7.4. The minced tissues were washed and then incubated in a 37°C shaker bath for 40 minutes with the buffer containing 0.1% collagenase and 0.1% BSA and bubbled with 95% O₂ and 5% CO₂. The tissues were passed twice through a 5 ml glass syringe to liberate the gastric glands, and then filtered through 200 mesh nylon. The filtered glands were centrifuged at 270 g for 5 minutes and washed twice by resuspension and centrifugation.

15 Binding studies

The washed guinea pig gastric glands prepared as above were resuspended in 25 ml of standard buffer containing 0.25 mg/ml of bacitracin. For binding studies, to 220 μ l of gastric glands in triplicate tubes, 10 μ l of buffer (for total binding) or gastrin (1 μ M final concentration, for nonspecific binding) or test compound and 10 μ l of 1281-gastrin (NEN, 2200 Ci/mmole, 25 pM final) or 3H-pentagastrin (NEN 22 Ci/mmole, 1 nM final) were added. The tubes were aerated with 95% O₂ and 5% CO₂ and capped. The reaction mixtures after incubation at 25°C for 30 minutes were filtered under reduced pressure on glass G/F B filters (Whatman) and immediately washed further with 4 x 4 ml of standard buffer containing 0.1% BSA. The radioactivity on the filters was measured using a Beckman gamma 5500 for 1281-gastrin or liquid scintillation counting for 3H-pentagastrin.

in Vitro Results

1. Effect of the Compounds of Formula I on 1281-CCK-33 receptor binding

The preferred compounds of Formula I are those which inhibited specific 128 I-CCK-33 binding in a concentration dependent manner.

Scatchard analysis of specific ¹²⁵I-CCK-33 receptor binding in the absence and presence of the compounds of Formula I indicated the compound of Formula I competitively inhibited specific ¹²⁵I-CCK-33 receptor binding since it increased the K_D(dissociation constant) without affecting the B_{max}(maximum receptor number). A K_I value (dissociation constant of inhibitor) of the compounds of Formula I was estimated.

The data of Table 1 were obtained for compounds of Formula I.

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0 284 256

TABLE I

CCK Receptor Binding Results

| 5 | | IC. | 10 (uM) | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|
| | Compound of | 125 I-CCK | 125 _{I-CCK} | 125 I-Gastrin | |
| | Example | Pancreas | Brain | Gastric Glands | |
| 10 | 1 | 67 | >100 | 167 | |
| | 2 & 3 | 0.4 | 81.5 | 40 | |
| | 4a & 44 | 0.36 | 16. | 49 | |
| 15 | 4b | 0.27 | 18 | 8 | |
| | · 5 | 3.4 | 100 | 30 | |
| | 6 | 1.2 | , 50 | 100 | |
| 20 | 7 | >100 ⁻ | 100 | >100 | |
| | 8 | 100 | 100 | 227 | |
| | 9 | 10.7 | 48 | 78 | |
| | 10 | 16.7 | >100 | 47 | |
| 25 | 12 | 4 | >100 | 28 | |
| | 13 | 80 | 100 | >100 | |
| | 14 | 42 | 60 | 12 | |
| 30 | 15 | 60 | 80 | 38 | |
| | 16 | >100 | >100 | 128 | |
| | 17 | 23 | 100 | 200 | |
| 35 | 18 | 49 | 61 | 62 | |
| 35 | 19 | 33 | >100 | 14 | |
| | 20 | >100 | >100 | >100 | |
| | 21 | 100 | >100 | 200 | |
| 40 . | 22 | 21 | >100 | 161 | |
| | 23 | 10 | >100 | 200 | |
| | 24 | 11 | >100 | 161 | |
| 45 | 25 | 12 | >100 | 139 . | |
| | 26 | 75 | · >100 | 100 | |
| • | 27a | >100 | >100 | · >1000 | |

36

50 .

| | | • | | |
|----|------|------|------|-----------------|
| | 27b | 100 | >100 | >1000 |
| | 2.8 | 5 | >100 | 200 |
| | 29 | 48 | >100 | 80 |
| 5 | 30 | >100 | >100 | >1000 |
| | 31 | 1.4 | >100 | - 200 |
| | 32 | 10.6 | 36 | >100 |
| 10 | 33 | >100 | >100 | 238 |
| | 34 | 4.5 | >100 | 167 |
| | 35 | 10 | 15 | >100 |
| 15 | 36 | 0.3 | 30 | >100 |
| 15 | 37 | 2.2 | 30 | 58 |
| | 38 | 100 | >100 | >100 |
| | 39 | 100 | 30 | 23 |
| 20 | 40 | 3.6 | >100 | >100 |
| | 41 | 100 | >100 | 25 |
| | 42 | 8.3 | >100 | 24 |
| 25 | 43 | 0.3 | 23 | 5 |
| • | 45 | 10.6 | >100 | >1000 |
| | 46 | >100 | >100 | >1000 |
| 30 | . 47 | 24 | . 40 | 24 |
| 30 | 48 | 54 | . 33 | 8.4 |
| | 49 | >100 | 100 | 34 |
| | 50a | 15 | 2.6 | 1.2 |
| 35 | 50b | 100 | 40 | 61 |
| • | 51 | >100 | 32 | . 25 |
| | 52 | >100 | 33 | . 26 |
| 40 | 53a | 100 | 4.2 | 0.85 |
| | 53b | 19 | 100 | >100 |
| | 55 | 7.6 | 38.6 | 76 |
| 46 | 57 | 2.9 | 100 | 700 |
| | 58 | 18 | 12 | . 24 |
| | 59 | 1.4 | >100 | >100 |
| | | | | |

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55 ·

| | 60 | 1.3 | 100 | 120 |
|----|------|----------|------|-------|
| | 52 | >100 | >100 | >1000 |
| | 63 | >100 | >100 | >1000 |
| 5 | 65 | >100 | >100 | >1000 |
| | 56 | 22 | 100 | 7.4 |
| | . 67 | 22 | 100 | 47 |
| 10 | 68 | 7 | 30 | >100 |
| | 69 | 14 | >100 | 350 |
| • | 70 | 15 | 100 | 200 |
| 15 | 73 | 0.0047 | 8 | 4 |
| | 74 | · 3 | 100 | >100 |
| | 75 | 4.8 | 100 | 4.7 |
| | 76 | 1 . | 11 | 32 |
| 20 | ブフ | 6 | 20 | 250 |
| | 78 | 0.0014 | 5.5 | 0.65 |
| | 79a | 0.0008 | 0.77 | 0.72 |
| 25 | 79b | 0.0014 | 15 | >2 |
| | . 80 | 0.0023 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| | 81a | 0.0014 | 0.3 | 0.19 |
| 30 | 815 | 0.0013 · | . 1 | 1.6 |
| | 82 | 2.7 | 12 | >100. |
| | 83 | 0.7 | 13 | 26 |
| | 84a | 1.9 | >40 | >40 |
| 35 | 84b | 100 | >100 | 55 |
| | 85a | 100 | >100 | >100 |
| | 85b | >100 | >100 | >100 |
| 40 | 87 | 0.0008 | 0.27 | 0.17 |
| | 88 | 0.0006 | 0.3 | 0.027 |
| | 89 | 0.019 | 1.1 | 0.24 |
| 45 | 90 | 0.049 | 11 | 5.2 |
| | . 91 | 0.0025 | 2.9 | 0.8 |
| | 92 | 0.0043 | 1.6 | 0.62 |

| | 93 | 0.7 | 2.9 | 2 |
|------|-------|--------------|------|--------|
| | 94 - | 0.053 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| | 95 Z | 100 | 34 | >100 |
| 5 | 95 E | 25 | 33 | >100 · |
| | 96 | 17 | >100 | 500 |
| | 97 | 20 | >100 | 200 |
| 10 | 98 | 28 | 100 | 86 |
| | 99 | 10 | 74 | 80 |
| | 100 | 4 . | 34 | 22 |
| 15 | 102 | 0.7 | 30 | 12.8 |
| | 103 | 1.4 | 11 | 5.8 |
| | 104 | 0.3 | >100 | , >100 |
| | 105 | 0.0021 | 3 | 4.6 |
| 20 (| 106 | 0.11 | >50 | >10 |
| | 107 | 0.049 | 50 | >10 |
| | 108 - | 0.15 | >50 | >10 |
| 25 | 109 | 1.1 | 8.4 | 18 |
| | 110 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.9 |
| | 111 | 0.007 | 40 | 8.4. |
| 30 | 112 | ·24 | >50 | >10 |
| | 113 | 0.0015 | 5.6 | 0.39 |
| • | 114 | 0.005 | 12 | 4.8 |
| • | 115 | 0.022 | 3.5 | >10 |
| 35 | 116 | 0.3 | 80 | >10 |
| | 118 | 0.071 | 38 | >10 |
| | 119 | 13 | 33 | >10 |
| 40 | 120 | 0.12 | 50 | >10 |
| | 121 | 0.011 | 5.5 | 3.8 |
| | 122 | 0.071 | 16 | 29 |
| 45 | 123 | 2.1 | 66 | >10 |
| | 124 | 0.25 | 100 | >10 |
| | 125 | 0.9 | 100 | >10 |

5

| | | | i i | |
|------|-------|--------|--------|------|
| | 126 | 0.2 | 2.9 | >10 |
| • | 127 | 0.0047 | 7 | 6.3 |
| _ | 128 | 0.009 | 32 | 11 |
| 5 | 129 | 0.11 | 1.9 | 0.69 |
| | 130 | 0.041 | >40 | 8.2 |
| | 131 | 0.0083 | 40 | 6.7 |
| 10 | 132 | 0.032 | >100 | 8.2 |
| | 133 | 0.9 | >40 | 110 |
| | 134 | 0.015 | 40 | 9.5 |
| 15 | 135 | 0.021 | >40 | 5 |
| | 136 | 0.096 | >40 | 5.4 |
| | 137 | 7.5 | >40 | 52 |
| | 138 | 58 | 100 | >100 |
| 20 | 139 | 3.4 | >100 | 30 |
| | 140 | 0.081 | 75 | 4.3 |
| | 141 | 0.029 | >40 | 25 |
| 25 | 142 | 0.066 | 18 | 2.4 |
| | 143 | 0.22 | 23 | 8 |
| • | 144 | 0.48 | 43 | 9.4 |
| 30 . | 145 | 0.24 | 65 | 36 |
| | 146 | 1.4 | 100 | 40 |
| | 147 | 0.5 | >100 | 180 |
| | 148 | 1.8 | 100 | 31 |
| 35 | 149 . | 0.73 | - >100 | 22 |
| | 150 | 1.7 | 83 | 130 |
| • | 151 | 11 | 22 | 7.5 |
| 40 | 152 | 0.27 | >100 | >100 |
| | 153 | 1.7 | >40 | >40 |
| | 154 | 0.0035 | 3.5 | 0.5 |
| 45 · | 155 | 1.5 | >100 | 128 |
| | 156 | 0.0035 | 4 | 0.68 |
| | 157 | 0.019 | 8 | 2.4 |
| | | | | |

.

| | 158 | 0.11 | 100 | 25 |
|-------------|------------|---------|-------|------|
| | 159 | 0.0034 | . 3 | 0.53 |
| 5 | 160 | 0.020 | 12 | 14 |
| | 161 | 6.2 | 70 . | 19 |
| | 162 | 0.043 | 31 | 9 |
| 10 | 163 | 3.6 | 12 | `80 |
| | 164 | ioo | . 18 | >100 |
| | 165 | 27 | 8 | >100 |
| 15 | 166 | 1.6 | 12 | 29 |
| 15 | 167 | 0.00075 | 1.7 | 0.39 |
| | 168 | 0.015 | 2.4. | 2 |
| | 169 | 58 | 3.8 | 4.4 |
| 20 | 170 | 0.8 | 45 | 11 |
| | 171 | 9 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| | 172 | 3.4 | 16 . | 3.7 |
| 25 | 173 | 0.15 | >40 | 28 |
| | 174 | 5.5 | >40 | 18 |
| • | 175 | 0.7 | 15 | 8 |
| 00 | 176 | 1.0 | 10 | 3.2 |
| 30 | 177 | 0.018 | 3.7 | 0,55 |
| | 178 | . 4.9 | >100 | >100 |
| | 179 | 4.4 | . 3.6 | 18 |
| 35 | 180 | 0.016 | >100 | 11 |
| | 181 | 0.002 | 9.3 | 4.4 |
| | 182 | 0.11 | 0.3 | 0.26 |
| 40 . | 185 | 0.73 | >100 | 22 |
| | 186 | 3.1 | >100 | >100 |
| | 187 | 0.003 | 1.3 | 5.3 |
| 45 | 188 | >30 | 3.2 | 1.3 |
| 40 | 189 | 1.1 | >100 | 73 |
| | 190 | 0.78 | >100 | 130 |
| | 191 | 0.80 | >100 | >100 |
| 50 | 192 | 0.0003 | 0.54 | 0.18 |

| | | • | | • |
|----|------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| | 193 | 1.6 | >100 _. | 13 |
| | 194 | 0.22 | 0.0012 | 0.004 |
| 5 | 195 | 4.8 | >0.1 | 0.4 |
| 3 | 196 | 0.0009 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| | 197 | 1.9 | 5.9 | 10 |
| | 198 | >10 | 18 | 1.5 |
| 10 | 199 | 3.2 | 54 | 100 |
| | 200 | 0.1 | 63 | 67 |
| | 201 | 0.25 | >100 | >100 |
| 15 | 202 | 0.056 | 0.072 | 0.12 |
| | 203 | 0.0013 | 4.6 | 6.2 |
| • | 204 | 0.37 | 0.001 - | 0.0033 |
| 20 | 205 | 35 | >0.3 | 33 |
| 20 | 206· | 12 | >100 . | >100 . |
| | 207 | 115 | 3.3 | 4.2 |
| | 208 | 1.3 | 0.044 | 0.14 |
| 25 | 209 | 2.2 | 0.3. | 0.3 |
| | 210 | 0.3 | 10 | 21 |
| | 211 | 13 | 93 | 6.7 |
| 30 | 212 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| | 213 | 2.1 | 0.38 | 0.28 |
| | 214 | 0.003 | 0.22 | 0.12 |
| 35 | 215 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| JJ | 216 | 0.001 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| | 217 | 0.051 | 0.023 | 0.022 |
| | 218 | 0.0026 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| 40 | 219 | 0.0005 | 1.4 | 0.44 |
| | 220 | 2.4 | 0.10 | 0.15 |
| | 221 | 0.4 | 0.0006 | 0.002 |
| 45 | 222 | 2.2 | 0.15 | 0.23 |
| | 223 | 0.14 | >100 | >100 |
| | 224 | 2.1 | .0.011 | 0.025 |
| | | | | |

| | 225 | 4.7 | >100 | 130 |
|----|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| | 226 | <0.1 | 2.3 | 6.4 |
| | 227 | . 6.6 | 50 | >100 |
| 5 | 228 | 0.049 | 100 | 60 |
| | 229 | 1.2 | 0.44 | 0.26 |
| • | 230 | . 0.49 | 0.0051 | 0.035 |
| 10 | 231 | 0.58 | . 2.7 | 2.9 |
| | 232 | 0.34 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| | 233 | 0.026 | 0.41 | 0.58 |
| | 234 | 1.1 | 0.0055 | 0.012 |
| 15 | 235 | 29 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| | 236 | 0.52 | 0.00028 | 0.0005 |
| | 237 | 1.2 | 0.008 | 0.0026 |
| 20 | 238 | 0.028 | 26 | 11 |
| | 239 | 1.7 | 0.038 | 0.0045 |
| | 240 . | 1.3 | 2.9 | 7 |
| 25 | 241 | 0.93 | 1.4 | 0.95 |
| | 242 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 0.87 |
| | 243 | 0.68 | 2.8 | 3.6 |
| 30 | 244 | 0.95 | 074 | 0.5 |
| 30 | 245 | 7.2 | 92 | 12 |
| | 246 | 0.0019 | 0.002. | 0.0024 |
| | 247 | 0.0062 | 0.003 | 0.0016 |
| 35 | 248 | 20 | 5.3 | 2.2 |
| | 249 | 0.41 | 0.022 | 0.012 |
| • | 250 | 0.0083 | 0.032 | 0.009 |
| 40 | 251 | 0.49 | Q.86 | 0.42 |
| | 252 | 0.057 | 0.006 | 0.0035 |
| | 253 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.045 |
| 45 | 254 | 0.0009 | 0.32 | 0.11 |
| | 255 | 0.13 | 0.048 | 0.032 |
| | 256 | 0.21 | 0.046 | 0.0098 |
| | | | | |

| | 257 | 0.025 | 0.067 | 0.048 | |
|----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---|
| | 258 | 0.003 | 0.22 | 0.06 | |
| | 259 | 0.046 | 0.066 | 0.014 | |
| 5 | 260 | 6.8 | 38 | >1 | |
| | 261 | 0.43 | 11 | 3.2 | |
| | 262 | 2.4 | 3 | 0.39 | • |
| 10 | 263 | 0.0081 | 0.0071 | 0.0031 | |
| | 264 | 0.034 | 0.011 | 0.006 | |
| | 265 | 0.0082 | 0.0098 | 0.0031 | |
| 15 | 266 | 0.60 | 0.0022 | 0.0013 | |
| 13 | 257 | 0.0013 | 0.29 | 0.19 | |
| | 268 | 0.33 | 2.1 | 0.42 | |
| | 269 | 45 . | 0.69 | 0.45 | |
| 20 | 270 | 0.003 | 1.2 | 0.5 | |
| • | 271 | 0.01 | 0.054 | 0.01 | |
| | 272 | 0.0044 | 0.005 | 0.0028 | |
| 25 | 273 | 0.0086 | 0.079 | 0.057 | |
| | 274 | 0.31 | 2.3 | 1.6 | |
| | 275 | 0.020 | 0.11 | 0.12 | |
| 30 | 275 | 0.00039 | 0.28 | 0.24 | |
| | 277 | 0.018 | 0.86 | 2.6 | |
| | 278 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1 | |
| | 279 | 0.011 | 0.31 | 0.6 | |
| 35 | 280 | 0.015 | 0.97 | 0.25 | |
| | 281 | 1.4 | 0.003 | 0.00066 | |
| | 282 | 0.84 | 0.0038 | 0.0016 | |
| 40 | 283 | 1.1 | 71 | 66 | |
| | 284 | 0.017 | 0.00034 | 0.0005 | |
| | 285 | >0.1 | 0.00022 | 0.00026 | |
| 45 | 286 | >0.1 | 0.0038 | 0.0015 | |
| _ | 287 | 0.00074 | 1.0 | 0.95 | |
| | 288 | 0.075 | 0.042 | 0.054 | |
| | | | | | |

| | 289 | 0.0001 | 0.089 | 0.66 |
|----|-------|---------|--------|--------|
| | 290 | 0.002 | 0.015 | 0.0087 |
| | 291 | 0.00008 | 0.38 | 0.71 |
| 5 | 292 | 0.001 | 0.0035 | 0.0115 |
| | 293 | 3.1 | 0.0065 | 0.0025 |
| | 294 | 0.0001 | 0.038 | 0.04 |
| 10 | : 295 | 0.003 | 0.015 | 0.034 |
| | 296 | 0.29 | 0.0075 | 0.0022 |
| | 297 | 1.8 | 3.7 | 5.2 |

Preferred compounds of Formula I are those compounds wherein:

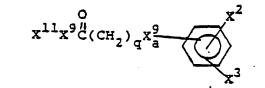
R¹ is H, C₁-C₅ linear or branched alkyl, -X¹²COOR⁵, -X¹¹-cycloloweralkyl, X¹²NR⁴R⁵ or -X¹²CONR⁴R⁵;

R² is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkyl, loweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃, or hydroxy), 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl,

 $-x^{12}$ x^{2} x^{3}

25

or -X12COOR*;



40

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R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁶ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C, 4alkyl;

R⁴ is H, C,-C₄ straight or branched-chain alkyl or C₂-C₄-cycloalkyl

R' is α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH, -X¹¹NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl,

O

CF₃, CN, SCF₃, O C CH₃, SH, SPh, loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio, or carboxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

$$x^2$$
 x^3
 x^3
 x^4
 x^4
 x^4
 x^4
 x^5
 x^8
 x^8

 x^5 , -CH=CH x^3 or x^4 ;

Rª is H, loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl;

R* and R1° are independently H, -OH, or -CH₂;

R13 is H, loweralkyi, acyi, O, or cycloloweralkyi;

R¹⁸ is H or loweralkyl;

p is 0 when its adjacent --- is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent $\underline{\underline{}}$ is saturated except that when R¹³ is O, p = 1 and $\underline{\underline{}}$ is unsaturated; \dot{q} is 0-2;

r is 1 or 2;

10

15

X1 is H, -NO₂, CF₂, CN, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio or -X11COOR⁴;

X² and X³ are independently H, -NO₂, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X4 is S, O, or NR2;

X5 is H, CF2, CN, -COOR5, NO2, or halo;

Xf is O or HH;

⁷ X' is O. S:

X' and X a are independently NR1", or O;

X11 is absent or C14 linear alkylidene;

X12 is C, . linear or branched alkylidene;

_ is a saturated or unsaturated bond and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

More preferred compounds of Formula I are wherein:

R1 is H, C,-C, linear or branched alkyl, -X12COOR5, -X12CONR6R5,

R² is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, carboxyl, nitro or -CF₂); -X¹²COOR⁴; 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl;

- R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C_{1.4} alkyl;
- 50 R⁶ Is H, C₁-C₄ straight or branched-chain alkyl;

R' is α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH, -NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl, CF₂, CN, or loweralkoxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

55

$$x^2$$
 x^3
-CH=CH
 x^3
or CH=CH

R° and R1° are independently H, or -OH;

p is 0 when its adjacent — is unsaturated and 1 when its adjacent — is saturated, the p of (R13)p is 0;

10 ris 1 or 2;

5

X1 is H, -NO2, CF2, loweralkyl or halo;

X² and X³ are independently H, -NO₂, halo, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X* is O, or NR*;

X' is O or S;

15 X12 is C. 2 linear or branched alkylidene;

- is a saturated or unsaturated bond;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Even more preferred compounds of Formula I are wherein:

R1 is H, C,-C, linear alkyl, -X12COOR, -X12CONR, -X12CONR,

R² is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutent may be halo, loweralkyl, nitro, -CF₂), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl, or X¹²COOR⁶;

R³ is

25

H⁴ and H⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C_{1.4} alkyl;

R⁶ is H, C₁-C₂ straight chain alkyl;

 R^7 is α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, NH₂, methyl, ethyl, CF₃, CN, or loweralkoxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

$$x^2$$
 or x^2 or x^4

R1º is H, or OH;

p is 1 of $(R^{10})_p$ and 0 of $(R^0)_p$ and $(R^{13})_p$, — at 4,5 is unsaturated and — at 3,4 is saturated;

r is 1 or 2:

X1 is H, -NO2, CF2, loweralkyl or halo;

X2 is H, -NO2, halo or loweralkyl;

X3 is H;

X' is O, NH, NCH3;

X' is O or S;

X12 is C12 linear alkylldene;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Yet even more preferred compounds of Formula I are wherein:

R1 Is H, CH2, CH2CH2, CH2COOH, CH2COOEt, CH2CON(Et)2,

0-284 256

or CH₂CH₂COOEt;

R2 is phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 4-CH₂-phenyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl;
R3 is

R¹⁰ is H or -OH; p is 1 of (R¹⁰)_p and o of (R⁹) and (R¹³)_p; — at 4, 5 is unsaturated and — at 3, 4 is saturated; r is 1; X¹ is H, 7-Cl, 8-CH₃, 9-CH₃;

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X' is O or S;
    and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
        The most preferred compounds of Formula I are:
 ✓ 3(FÍ)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea,
5/ 3-Eenzoyl-1,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.
  \times 5-(2,F]uorophenyi)-1,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxybenzoyi)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
 ✓ Ŋ-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5(3-methylphenyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(phenylmethyl)urea,
  ✓ N-(2/3-Dihydro-1-ethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)urea.
  √ 3-(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-
10 properlamide.
    3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-propanoic
    adid ethyl ester,
 √ 3(RS)-1,3-dihydro(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  √ 1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
15 1,3-Djhydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  \sim 1,3-diftydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-\{2-\{1-methylindole\}carbonylamino\}-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  √ ,3-D(hydfo-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
   1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  1,3-Dìhydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-
  /3($)/-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  √3(S)-√+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  \sqrt{3}(S)-(+)-1,3-Qihydró-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  √ 3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4/bromobanzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
25 / 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl amino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  √1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS), #chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
  ✓ 1-Carboxymethyl₁1/3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1,3-Dlhydro-3-(R$)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(1/methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one,
30 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluŏrøphenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.
    1,3-Dihydro-1-metty/-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorqphenyl)-3-(4-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophényl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole) carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione,
    3(S)-(2-Indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4,-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propenamide,
    3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dlhydro-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodlazepine-1-
    acetic acid ethyl ester,
    3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-/-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-amino-4-chlorobenzamide
    (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydró-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
    3-((((4-Chlorophényl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dlhydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid
    ethyl ester.
    5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3\dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic
    4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide.
    N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-elfhydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
    (S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-
    benzamide,
    3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
    1-acetàmide,
    1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-
    acetyl)pyrpolidine,
    1-((3-((((4/6hlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-
    acetyl) - methylpiperazine.
    3-\((4-CMorophenyi)acetyi)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyi-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-
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N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyi)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl}/N'-(3-methoxyphenyi)-urea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methøxyphenyl)-urea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phénylurea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea,
N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1 H-1/4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1\d-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea.
N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-nitrophenyl)-urea,
N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-M-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-nitrophenyl)-urea.
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodlazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-fluorophenyl)-urea,
N-(3-Bromophenyl)-N-(2,3-dlhydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodlazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-1-napfithalenyl-urea,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dlhydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea,
1-{[3-{(((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl]-
acetyi}pyrrolidine,
3-{[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-
benzodiazepin-1-acetamide,
3-{[((2-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
1-acetamide,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
3-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
N-(3-Methoxyphehyi)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyi)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4\methylphenyl)-urea,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyi-2-oxo-5-phenyi-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yi)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea or
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chlorophenyl)-urea.
    in another aspect of the invention is that some of the compounds of Formula I are specific for CCK as
compared to gastrin and vice-versa. What is meant by a compound that is "specific" for CCK is that such
compound is at least ten times more potent as an antagonist of CCK as compared to gastrin and vice-versa
for a compound that is specific for gastrin. Such specificity is highly desirable because CCK specific
compound can be utilized with little interference with gastrin receptors. Similarly, a gastrin specific
compound can be utilized with essentially no interference with the CCK receptors.
    Examples of CCK specific compounds of Formula I are:
3(RS)-1,3-Dihydro(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one,
1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-Indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2-(1-methylindole)carbonylamino]-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbónyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyi)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbon)iamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-
one,
3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.
3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylámino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one,
3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dlhydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl amino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
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1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(1-methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one,

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole) carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione,
3(S)-(2-Indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4,-benzodiazepin-2-one,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-pbenyl-2-propenamide.
3N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-amino-4-chlorobenzamide
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodíazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
5-(2-Fluorophenyi)-2,3-dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic
4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide,
N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepln-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
(S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-
benzamide.
N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dlhydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiázepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepig-3-yl)-N'-(2-nitrophenyl)-urea,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-djhydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide and
N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea.
    Examples of gastrin specific compounds of Formula I are:
3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1 H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-
acetic acid ethyl ester.
3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid
ethyl ester.
3-((((4-Ch(orophenyi)amino)carbonyl)amino-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
1-acetamide.
A-((3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yi)-
acetyl)pyrrolidine,
1-((3-((((4-Chiorophenyi)amino)carbonyi)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyi-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yi)-
acetyl)-4-methylpiperazine.
3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1\,H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylurea,
N-(4-Nitrophenyl-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxor5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea.
1-[[3-[(((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl]-
acetyi}pynolidine,
3-{[((3-Methoxypheny{)amino)carbonyl)amino]-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-
benzodiazepin-1-acetamide,
3-{[((2-@hlorophenyi)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-dlethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
1-acetamide,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-Ñ-(4-methylphenyl)-urea.
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chiorophenyl)-urea.
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Examples of Compounds of Formula I are listed in Table 2.

TABLE 2

$$x^{1}$$
 $(R^{10})_{p}$ $(R^{10})_{p$

| 15 | <u>x</u> 1 | <u>r_</u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | н | 1 | н | - | Ph | | H |
| 20 | CT | 1 | н | - , | Ph | - | H |
| | F | 1 | н . | - | Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | Ĥ |
| 25 | он | 1 | j i | _ | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | Н | - | Ph | • | н |
| | н | . 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| 30 | ·C1 | 1 | CH ³ | - | Ph | - | н . |
| • | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph _. | •• | н |
| 35 | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | # | - | CH2 COOH | - | Ph. | · - | H |
| | C1 | 1 | CH200H | · - | Ph | - | н - |
| 40 | E | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | - | н |
| • | CF ₃ | | CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | - | H |
| | OH | | CH ₂ COOH | | Ph | - | н |
| 45 | NO | | <u> СН₂ СООН</u> | - | . Ph | - | Н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - ' | Ph | - | н |
| | OH |] | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н . |

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TABLE 2 (cont'd)

| • | x ¹ | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (⁹ 9) | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (8 ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | , | | | |
| | • н | 1 | CH2COOEF | - | Ph | - | н |
| | ОH | 1 | CH ₂ CODEŁ | - | Ph | - | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | · - | Ph | • | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH2CH2C00H | - | Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | *** | н |
| 15 | CT . | ì | н | , - . | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| • | F | . 1 | . н | . - . | o-F-Ph | • | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | ОН | 1 | H- | •• | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 20 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | . н |
| 25 | F | t | CH ³ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H- |
| | OH | 1 | сн³ | • | o-f-fh | - | H |
| 30 | NOZ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 50 | н | . 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | H· |
| | c 1 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH . | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 35 | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | | o-F-Ph | _ | н |
| | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | <u>.</u> . | н |
| 40 | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | OH- | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | | o-F-Ph | - | H- |
| 45 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | •. | o-F-Ph | - | Н |
| 45 | н | i | CH_CH_COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |

TABLE 2 (cont'd)

| | x1 | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | · | | • | ٢ |
| | он | 1 | сн _а сн _а соон | • . | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | н | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| 10 | F | 1 | н | - | p-C1-Ph | - . | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | он | 1 | н • | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | н . | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1 -Ph | • | н |
| 15 | F | 1 | CH ³ | • | : 11 - Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | • | н |
| | OH | 1 | снз | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| 20 | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-CT-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н, |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-CT-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | ОН | 1 | -сн ₂ соон | - | p=C1=Ph | - | . н |
| | н | 1 | СН ₂ СН ₃ | • | p-C1-Ph | - | . н |
| | Н - | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н |
| | н. | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - · | н |
| 30 . | н | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | н |
| | CT | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00 t-8u | _ | н |
| | ·F | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 35 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| • | NO ₂ | 1 | H | . 🕳 | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - . | н |
| 40 | н | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H . |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | 2 CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | H, |
| 45 | CF ₃ | 1. | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | H |
| 45 | ОН | 1 | 대 | - | CH_COOt-Bu | à | н . |

TABLE 2 (cont'd)

| _ | • | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------|-----|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | x1 | r | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (8 ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) |
| 5 | | • | | . ** | • | ۶ | . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н . |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 10 | CT | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н . |
| 70 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| | CF ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| | OH. | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| 15 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ² COOH | , - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | H . |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₃ | • · | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | н |
| • | OH . | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н . |
| 20 | H ⁻ | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H· |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ^Z COOEF | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон . | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | | н |
| 25 | OH | I | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 25 | н | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | Cī. | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | •• · | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н . |
| 30 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | |
| | OH | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 35 | н | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н |
| | СТ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | 1 | CH3 | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - · | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | ī | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00Et | - | н |
| → . | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | ••• | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | NO _{2.} | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ² CODEŁ | - | . H. |
| | . H | . 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 45 | C1 | 1 | CH_COOH | - | CH_COGEL | - | H |

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TABLE 2 (cont'd)

| | <u>م</u> 1 | <u> </u> | <u>R</u> 1 | (R ⁹) | R ² | <u>(R</u> ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) |
|----|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 5 | | | | р | | ۲ | r |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH _Z COOE Ł | - | н . |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH2COOH | - . | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| 10 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOE Ł | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | H |
| | , н | 1 - | сн ₂ сн ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | OH . | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - · | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 15 | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | CH ₂ COOEt . | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н . |
| 20 | он | 1 | CH CH COOH | _ | CH CODEF | | н |

TABLE 3

| 5 | $\begin{pmatrix} R^{1} & 0 & \\ & & $ |
|------|--|
| 10 . | (R ⁹) _p R ² (R13) _p H |

| 15 | x ¹ | r | · R1 | (R ⁹) | R ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) |
|---------|------------------|----|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| - | | | | Р | | P | P |
| | H | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н |
| 20 | C1 | 1 | H | • | Ph · | • | н |
| | F. | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н . |
| | ·CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | Ph | • | н |
| 25 | он | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | • | Ph | - | н |
| | н . | 1 | Сн ₃ | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | CT | 1 | СН | - | Ph | - | H |
| 30 | F | 1 | сн ₃ | • | Ph | .= | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | Н |
| | OH - | 1 | CH3 | • | Ph | - | Н |
| 35 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | H |
| • | C1 . | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | | Ph . | - . | Н |
| 40 | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | · - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph · | • | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | - | H |
| 45 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | OH | 1, | CHacha | ⊸ . | Ph | - | н |

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TABLE 3 (cont'd)

| | | | - | | | | |
|----|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 5 | x1 | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰), |
| | | | | · | | , | r |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Ph | - | Η |
| 10 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph | - | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | н |
| 15 | н | 1 | H | - | o-F-Ph | · - | н |
| | C1 | Ī | н | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | F | ĭ | н | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | }. | н | - | g-F-Ph | - | н |
| 20 | он | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | | н |
| 20 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | СТ | ī | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H · |
| | F | t | CH ^{3.} | - | o-F-Ph | | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 3 | .CH ₃ | _ | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | 0H 2 | 1 | . 3 сн | - | o-F-Ph | _ | H |
| 30 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | H | 1 | з СН ₂ СООН | - | o-F-Ph | _ | н . |
| | Cl | 1 | 2 СН ₂ СООН | • | o-F-Ph | _ | Н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | _ | o-F-Ph | | . '' Н |
| 35 | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _ | a=F=Ph | | |
| | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | _ | 0-F-Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | | - | 0F-Ph | - | H |
| 40 | H 2 | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | | | H |
| | он | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | Н |
| | н | | CH ₂ CH ₃ | | o-F-Ph | • | Н |
| | | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | o-f-Ph | • | H |
| 45 | 0Н | 1 | CHZCOOEF | - | a-F-Ph | - | Н |
| | H 1 | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | ОН | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | o-f-Ph | - | Н |
| 50 | н | 1 | Н | - | p-C1-Ph | | H |
| | F | ī | н | _ | a_C1_Bb | | Le . |

TABLE 3 (cont'd)

| 5 | <u>ي</u> 1 | | 8 [†] | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p . | (R ¹⁰) _p — |
|----|-----------------------|-----|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | _ | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| | OH 3: | . 1 | . " H | _ | p-CT-Ph | _ | Н |
| 10 | н. | 1 | сн ₃ | _ | p=C1=Ph· | _ | H . |
| ,, | F | 1 | CH ₃ | _ | p=CT=Ph | _ | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | | p=C1-Ph | _ | н |
| | OH 3 | 1 | CH ³ | - | p=C1=Ph | _ | H |
| 15 | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | | p-C1-Ph | | . H |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соо́н | _ | p=CT=Ph | _ | . H |
| • | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _ | p-C1-Ph | _ | H |
| 20 | о. ОН | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _ | p=C1=Ph | _ | Н |
| | н | , | | | p=C1=Ph | _ | н |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | _ | p-C1-Ph | | т. н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | _ | p-C1-Ph | | H |
| 20 | н | 1 | H | _ | | _ | H |
| | C1 | 1 | .'' Н | - . | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | _ | |
| | F | 1 | H | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H |
| 30 | | | | . • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | CF ₃ OH | 1 | H | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| 35 | NO ₂ | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | Н |
| | CT - | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | . 3 | CH ₃ | - | CH2C00t-8u | - | Н |
| | OH- | 1 . | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 45 | Н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | . • | н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н . |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | Н |
| 50 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - ' | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н . |
| 50 | OH | 1 | CH2COOH | - | CH_COOt-8u | - | H |

TABLE 3 (cont'd)

| | x ¹ | r | R [†] | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|------|-----------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - P | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - , | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | он | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | н |
| | 0H | 1 | CH2COOEF | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | OH . | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| 15 | H | 1 | н | - | CH2CODEF | | , н |
| | C1 | 1 | н . | - | CH2COOEL | - | H |
| | ۶ | 3 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | . н |
| 20 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - . | CH2COOEL | • | н |
| | OH 3 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н . |
| 25 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | C 1 | 1 | .сн ₃ | - | CH2COOEL | - | Н |
| | · F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н . |
| - 30 | CF ₃ | t | СН ₃ | - | CH2COOEt | | н . |
| 30 | он | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH2COOEF | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | ī | , сн ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | н _ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEL | • | H. |
| 35 | CT CT | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | , H |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | -H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн _г соон | - | CH2COOEL | • • | н |
| 40 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH2CODEL | - | · H |
| | н. | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Н |
| 45 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH2COOEL | • | Н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | CH2COOEL | - | Н |
| • | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH2COOEL | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | . • | CH ₂ COOEL | • | н |
| 50 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |

| | gn | | TABL | <u>E 4</u> | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | / | 1 0 10 | | | |
| · · s | | | x}-{-{ | (R ¹⁰) p | (Haī | a) • | |
| 10 | | | (R ⁹) _p | R ² (R ¹³) _p 0 | | | |
| 15 | x1 | <u> </u> | <u>R</u> 1 | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p _ | (R ¹⁰) _p |
| 20 | н | 1 | H | • '. | Ph ' | • | H |
| 20 | C1 | 1 | Н | • | Ph | • . | н. |
| | F | 1 | н | • | Ph | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | Ph | • | Н |
| 25 | ОН | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | H |
| | 2 ⁰⁰ | 1 | н | - | Ph | | н |
| | н | ī | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H |
| 30 | CT | i | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H |
| | F | i | CH ₃ | | Ph | • . | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | · CH3 | - | Ph | | н |
| 35 | OH | 1 | СНЗ | - | Ph | - | H· |
| 00 | 200 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H |
| | H. | 1 | СН2СООН | | Pfr | · - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | • . | H |
| 40 | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - , | Ph: | • | Н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | H |
| 45 | NO ₂ | . 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph · | • | H |
| | QH | 1 | CH_CH_ | - . | Ph | • | H |

TABLE 4 (cont'd) .

| | | . ; | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 5 | x1 | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | (⁹ 3) | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) |
| | | | • | • | | | |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Ph | - | н |
| 10 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph | - ' | н |
| | н | , 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | • | н |
| | ОН | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | Н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 15 | C1 . | 1 | Н | - . | o—F—Ph | • | н |
| | F | 1 | Н | - . | o-f-Ph . | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | . 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| 20 | ОН | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | C1 _. | 1 | CHa | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | •• | o-f-Ph | • | н : |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CHa | | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | QH | 1 | CH ₃ | - | g-F-Ph | - | H |
| 30 | NO ₂ | 1 | -CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | CT | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 35 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | g-F-Ph | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | NO ₂ | ,1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | ` o-F-Ph | • • | н |
| 40 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | н | 1 | · CH2COOEL | • | a-F-Ph | • | н |
| 45 | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | сн _а сн _а соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | • н |
| | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 50 | н | 1 | H- | • | p=C1=Ph | - | н |
| 30 | F | 1 | н | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |

TABLE 4 (cont'd)

| | <u>x</u> 1 | | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p _ | R ² | (8 ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p _ |
|-----|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 | CE | 1 | н | | p=CI-Ph | _ | H |
| | CF ₃ OH | 1 | | _ | p=C1=Ph | _ | н |
| | | | H | • | p=C1=Ph | | H |
| 10 | Н | 1 | CH ₃ | - | | • | H |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | • | p=CT=Ph | . | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | * | p-C1-Ph | • | H |
| 15 | ОН . | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p=CT=Ph | • | H· |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | Н |
| | F. | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | p=C1=Ph | • | н |
| 20. | ОН | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н . |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | C 1 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H |
| 30 | F | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOt=Bu | - | н |
| 30 | CF ₃ | i | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | H- | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H- |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| 35 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ³ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | | H· |
| | F | 1 | CH ³ | . • | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - · | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | _ | н |
| | OH 2 | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH: | | . CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| | H Z | 1 | з СН ₂ СООН | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| 45 | C1 | | CH ₂ COOH | | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H . |
| | F | 1 | СН ² СООН | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | _ | H |
| 50 | OH . | 1 | CH COOH | - | CH COOL-Bu | _ | н |

TABLE 4 (cont'd)

| | <u>×</u> 1 | _ | R ¹ | <u>(8</u> 9) | _R 2 | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p - |
|----|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 | NOZ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - 'p | CH ₂ C00t-8u | | |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | он | . 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-84 | - | н . |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | 2 _. CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| | он | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | 2 CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| 15 | .OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | 2 СН ₂ C00t-Ви | - | н |
| | н . | ĭ | 4 | - | CH ² COOEF | _ | н |
| | C1 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| 20 | F | 1. | н | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н . |
| 20 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH2COOEF | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | H . | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | NOZ | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | СТ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH _Z COOEŁ | - | н |
| | F | 1 | снз | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H . |
| 30 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | H |
| | ОН | t | СН3 | - | CH ₂ C00EŁ | • | н . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH2C00EE | • | н |
| 35 | н | 1 | сн _а соон | • | CH ₂ CDOEt | • | H |
| - | CI | . 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH2COOEL | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Н |
| 40 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COGEŁ | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H [.] |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 45 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н . |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н |
| 50 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • , | н |
| | OH | 1 | сн_сн_соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |

TABLE -5

| 5 | R 1 0 | • |
|----|--|---|
| | X (R ¹⁰) | |
| 10 | (R ⁹) R ² (R ¹³) | |
| | (R ⁻) _p R ⁻ (R ⁻) _p | |

| | x ¹ | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p _ | <u>(R</u> ¹⁰) _ė | |
|----|-------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 20 | и | 1 | u | | Ph | | н | |
| • | H | | н | - | | • | | |
| | C1 | 1 | Н | • | Ph | - | H | |
| | F | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н | |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1. | H | - | Ph | - | н | |
| | QH | t | н | - | Ph | - | н | |
| | NO 2 | Ŧ | н | • | Ph | - . | H | |
| 30 | н | . 1 . | CH ₃ | - | . Ph | - | H | |
| | Cl | 1 | CH ₃ | . - | Ph | • | н | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | н | |
| 35 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | H | |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | •• | Ph: | • | H | |
| | NO ₂ . | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph . | - | Н | |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | | н | |
| 40 | CT | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | • | н | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ C00H- | - | Ph | - | н | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н | |
| 45 | 0H | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | ~ | Ph | - | н | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH2COOH | - | Ph | - | н | |
| | н | 1 | сн сн | _ | Ph | _ | H | |

50. .

TABLE 5 (cont'd)

| | x1 | _ | R1 | <u>(R</u> 9) _p . | _R 2 | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) |
|----|-----------------|-----|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| s | ۵ | | | /р- | | | |
| | 0H | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₃ | - | Ph | - | н. |
| | н | 1 | CH ² COOEF | - | Ph | - | н |
| 10 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | Ph | • | . Н |
| | Н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | • | , н |
| | ОН | 1 | , сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | | Ph | - | н |
| 15 | н . | 1 | H . | - | o-F-Ph | • | ' н |
| | CT | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | a-F-Ph | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | . н |
| 20 | OH. | 1 | Н | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | Н | - | o-F-Ph | - , | H |
| | Н | 1 | сн ₃ | - | o-f-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | C1 | i | CH ³ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | СН ₃ | - | a-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ . | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 30 | ОН | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-f-Ph | - | Н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₃ | | o-F-Ph | - | Ĥ |
| | H | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | • | H- |
| 35 | F | . 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | o-F-Ph | , - . | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | OH - | 1 | сн ₂ соон | . • | o-f-Ph | - | н |
| 40 | NO ₂ | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ² CH ³ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| 45 | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | g-F-Ph | • | H: |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH CH COOH | _ | n-F-Ph | _ | H |

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TABLE 5 (cont'd)

| | | | •• | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| - 5 | <u>x</u> 1 | r_ | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | a² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p — | |
| _ | н | 1 | н | | o-C1-Ph | _ | н | ₹ |
| | r. F | 1 | | _ | p=C1=Pfi | _ | H | |
| 10 | | | H | - | p=C1=Ph | • | | # |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | | • | н | |
| | 0H | 1 | H | - | p=C1=Ph | - | H | |
| | H | . 1 | CH ₃ | - | p=C1=Ph | - : | Н | |
| 15 | F. | . 1 | CH ₃ | - | p=C1=Ph | | н | |
| | CF ₃ | 1. | CH ₃ | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н | |
| 20 | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н | |
| | H | 1 | сн ² соон | • | p=C1-Ph | - | н | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н | |
| | CF ₃ | 7 | сн ₂ соон | · - | p-C1-Ph | • | н | |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p=C1-Ph | - . | н , | |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H | |
| | н | . 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н | |
| | , н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | p=C1-Ph | - | H | |
| 30 | H | 1 . | H | • • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H | |
| • | Cī | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н | • |
| | F | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | Н | • | СН ₂ C00t-Ви | • | H | |
| 35 | OH | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н | |
| | NO _Z | 1 | Н . | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H | |
| | H | 1 | СН3. | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | . | н | |
| 40 | Cī | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | H | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н. | - |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ . | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | _ | н | |
| 45 | 0H | . 1 | CH ₃ | - | 2 CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| 70 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н | |
| | H 2 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | _ | # | |
| | C1 | 1 | - | | _ | | '' H | |
| 50 | F. | 1 | сн ₂ соон | | CH ₂ COOt-8u CH ₂ COOt-8u | _ | H H | |
| | • | • | 22 22211 | _ | ~. ₇ ~~~~ | _ | а | <u>-</u> - |

TABLE 5 (cont'd)

| 5 | x ¹ | r | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _o | (<u>R</u> 10) _p |
|----|-----------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | r | | • | • |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | Н |
| 44 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | • | H |
| 10 | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | · • | H |
| 15 | н . | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H. |
| | OH | 1 | CH2CODEL | _ | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | -сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 20 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ CODEE | • | н |
| | C1 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | | н |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | н. | - | CH ² C00EF | - | н |
| | ОН | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ CODEŁ | | H- |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H· |
| 30 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | · - | н |
| | C 1 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00Et | . - | H . |
| | F | 1 | CH3 | _ | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| | CF3 | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 35 | 0H 7 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | · H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Н |
| | . H | 1 | з СН ₂ СООН | _ | CH ₂ COOEŁ | . | н |
| 40 | C1 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - . | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Н |
| | F | 1 | 2 СН ₂ СООН | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| 45 | OH 3 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _ | CH ₂ COOEt | _ | н |
| | H 2 | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | <u>.</u> | CH ₂ COOEL | _ | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | | CH ₂ COOEt | 2 | н |
| 50 | н . | 1 | CH_COOEL | - | CH_COOEL | _ | н |

TABLE 5 (cont'd)

| 5 | x ¹_ | | r R | 1 | (R ⁹) _p . | | _R ² | (R ¹³) _p (R ¹⁰) _p |
|------------|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|
| | - OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н | |
| | Н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н | |
| 10 | OH | 1 | СН ₂ СН ₂ СООН | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H | • |
| | OH | 1 | CH_COOEL | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Н | |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | H- | |
| 1 E | OH | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | - | CH,COOEt | - | н | |

TABLE 6

| 15 | x1 | r | g ¹ | (R ⁹) | _R 2 . | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) |
|----|-------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | р | | م · | |
| 20 | H | 1 | н | • • | Ph | - | н |
| 20 | C1 | 1 | н | - | Ph | | , н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | Ph · | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | Pfi | - | н |
| 25 | он | 1 | н | | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н |
| | н _ | 1 | CH ₃ | <u>-</u> ' | Ph | - | н |
| 30 | C1 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph∙ | | н |
| | F | 1. | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H- |
| | · CF ₃ | ì | СНЗ | - | Ph | - | н . |
| 35 | ОН | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| •• | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | сн ² соон | - | Ph | • | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | • . | H |
| 40 | · F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | Ph: | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | • | н |
| | OH | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | Ph | - | н |
| 45 | NO ₂ | \mathbf{T} | CH ₂ C00H | - | Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | Н |

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TABLE 6 (cont'd)

| | | | | | | | | , | |
|----|---|-------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | | x1 | <u>F</u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p _ | R ² | (R ¹³) _p - | (R ¹⁰) _p | |
| 5 | | | | • | P | | , p | | |
| | i | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | | Ph | • | н. | 3 |
| | | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOE _E | • | Ph | - | Н | |
| 10 | | OH. | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph | - | н | Ģ |
| ,• | | H . | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | • | н | |
| | | OH 1 | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | • | H | |
| | 0 | н. | 1 | н | . • | g-F-Pit | - | н | |
| 15 | | Cī | Ī | . H | • | o-F-Ph | • | Н | |
| | | F | 1 | H | <u>.</u> | o-F-Ph | <u>-</u> · · | H | |
| | | . CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | o=F=Ph | • | н | |
| 20 | | OH | .1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | 5 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | H | |
| | | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | Н | |
| 25 | • | CT | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | | F | 1 | CH ³ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ³ | - | o-F-Ph | <u>.</u> | н | |
| | 0 | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| 30 | | NO ₂ | 1 | CH3 | - | o-F-Ph | - | Н | |
| | | Н | 1 | CH ² COOH | - | 0-F-Ph | - | Н | |
| | | CT | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | o-F-Ph | • | н | |
| 35 | | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | 5 | CF ₃ | 1 | СН2соан | - | o=F=Ph | | Н | |
| | | OH | 1 | СН2СООН | - | . o-F-Ph | | н | |
| 40 | | NO ₂ | 1 | СН2СООН | - | o-F-Ph | - | H | |
| - | | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | | | - |
| | | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | ••• · | н | |
| |) | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| 45 | | OH: | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | • | н Н | _ |
| | | ОН | 1 | сн ² сн ² соон | • | o-F-Ph | | H | 3 |

TABLE 6 (cont'd)

| | , | | | 0 | | 15 | 10 |
|-----------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| _ | χ ¹ | <u>r</u> | R ¹ | (尺 ⁹) _p | R ² | _(R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
| 5 | | | | | | | |
| | Н | 1 | H | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н . |
| | F | ī | Н | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| 10 | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | p-CT-Ph | - | н |
| | 0H | 1 | Н , | • | p=C1=Ph | • . | н |
| | Ħ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | p-C1-Ph | • | Н |
| 15 | F. | I | CH3 | • | p-C1 -Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ . | - | p-C1-Ph | - | Н |
| | он | 1 | CH ₃ | | pC1Ph | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| 20 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-C1-Ph | • | H |
| 25 | H' | 1 | сн2сн3 | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH2COOEL | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - . | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| 30 | н | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • . | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | н . |
| 35 | OH | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | Ţ | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H- |
| | н | ĭ | CH ₃ | - | СН ₂ С001-Ви | - | н |
| 40 | C1 | 1 | CH3 | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | н |
| | F | 1 | CH3 | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн. | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 45 | ОН - | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| . • | NO ₂ | 1 | CH3 | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| • | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | Cl | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| 50 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н . |

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TABLE 6 (cont'd)

| _ | <u>x</u> 1 | | | (R ⁹) _p _ | <u>8</u> 2 | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|---|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | . Р | | Р | P |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | ан | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | • | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | Н |
| 0 | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| | Ĥ _ | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | н |
| 4 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - . | H |
| 5 | н. | 1 | CH ₂ CODEt | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH2COOEF | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | | H |
|) | OH | 1 | СН ₂ СН ₂ СООН | . • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| , | . н | 1 | н | · | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | CT | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| ; | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | CH2COOEF | - ' | н |
| | OH | . 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | CH _Z COOEŁ | | н |
| , | H _ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | C 7 | 1 | СН ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н |
| | F | 1 | снз | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| _ | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Н |
| i | OH | 1 | СН ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | СН3 | - | CH ₂ COOEt | _ | н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
|) | CT | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | _ | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - . | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | Н |
| i | 0Н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | , - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ CDOEt | | н |
| | он | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | _ | н |
| , | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEF | - | · CH_COOEL | _ | н |

TABLE 6 (cont'd)

| | x ¹ | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | <u> </u> | <u>(R</u> ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 5 | он | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH2COOEF | - | н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Н |
| 10 | ОН | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | - | CH2COOEF | - | н |

--

TABLE 7

| 5 | (R ₁₀) _p = 3 |
|----|---|
| 10 | ^r N |
| | _ (R ^r) _p R ^m (R ₁₃) _p |

| 15 | <u>x</u> 1 | _r | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) |
|------|-----------------|-----|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | , | | P | , |
| | н | 1 | н - | • | P h | - | Н |
| 20 | C1 | 1 | H | - | Ph | - | H |
| | F | 1 | H | • | Ph | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н · | • | Ph | - | H |
| 25 | OH | ì | H | - | Ph . | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | H | - | Ph . | - | Н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | • | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ₃ | | Ph: | - | H |
| 30 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ³ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | - . | Ph | - | , H - |
| 35 | NOZ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | Ph | - | н |
| | CT | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | Ph | • . | Н |
| 40 . | F | 1 | сн-2соон | - | Ph | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | . | Ph | - | H |
| | ОН | 1 | СН2соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 . | сн ₂ соон | • | Ph | - | н |
| 45 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | • | н |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | - . | H |
| | н | 1 | CH2COOEF | - | Ph | • | H |

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TABLE 7 (cont'd)

| 5 | ν Δ ¹ | r | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p — | 8 ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _{p.} |
|----|---------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| J | | | | F | | • | |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | . Ph | - | . H |
| | н | ~ 1 | CH2CH2CDOH | - | Ph | • | н |
| 10 | ОН | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | н | 1 | н | <u>-</u> | a-f-Ph | - | H |
| | C1 | 1 | н . | - ' | o-F-Ph | - | н. |
| 15 | F | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | . • | н . |
| | 0H | t | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| 20 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 20 | Н 4 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | c 1 | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | F | 1 | сн ³ | - | a-F-Ph | - | H |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph . | - | Н |
| | 0H | 1 | CH ³ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ³ | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| 30 | H | 1 | з СН ₂ СООН | - | o-F-Ph | - | Н |
| | C 1 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | g-F-Ph | • | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | o-F-Ph | - | H· |
| | CF ₃ | ī | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| 36 | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | . н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - · | H |
| 40 | OH | ι | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | a-F-Ph | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | o-F-Ph | • | - H |
| | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ CDOEt | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| 46 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | _ | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| • | 0Н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | H | - | pC1Ph | - | н |
| | F | , | Н | - | p-C1-Ph | • | , н |
| 50 | г | • | •• | | . | | |

TABLE 7 (cont'd)

| 5 | x [†] | r | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) _p | |
|-----|-----------------|----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| J | | | | • | | , | Υ | £ |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | p=CT=Ph | - | н | |
| | OH | 1 | н | - | p-C1Ph | - | Н | , A |
| 10 | 1 H | 1 | CH ₃ | • | p-C1-Ph | - . | н | |
| | F | 1 | сн ₃ | • | p-Cl-Ph | - | н | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | СН3 | • | p-C1-Ph | - | н | |
| 16 | OH. | 1 | CH ₃ | - | ρ=C1=Ph | - | н | |
| | H | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _~ | p-C1-Ph | - | Н | |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | ~ | p-CT-Ph | - | , H | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p=C1-Ph | - | н | |
| 20 | он | 1 | сн ² соон | - | p-C1-Ph | | н | |
| | н . | 1 | ch _z ch ₃ | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н | |
| , | н | ī | CH2CODEL | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н | |
| 25 | н | t | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н | |
| | н · | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - . | н | |
| | C 1 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | ➡- | н | |
| 30 | F | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| | CF ₃ | ī | н | - . | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | Н | |
| | OH 2 | 1. | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| | NO _Z | 1 | H | _ | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H | |
| 35 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | <u>.</u> . | . CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н | |
| | CT | i | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - , | н | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | 2 CH ₂ C00t~8u | • | н | |
| 40 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | · • | н | |
| | OH 3 | 1 | CH ₃ | _ | 2 CH ₂ C00t-8u | _ | н | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | ➡, | н | • |
| 45 | H 2 | 1 | з сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H | |
| ,,, | C1 - | 1 | 2 СН ₂ СООН | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | | н | |
| | F . | 1 | сн ₂ соон | | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | 4 |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | _ | H | |
| 50 | 3 OH | 1 | CH2C00H | - | CH_COOt-Bu | - | н . | . 3 |

TABLE 7 (cont'd)

| 5 | x1 | <u> </u> | 8 ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³); | (8 ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| | ^{NO} 2 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 10 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • . | н |
| • | он | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| 15 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | ОН | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | Н |
| | н | 1 | Н 2 | • | CH ₂ COOEL | - , | н |
| | C1 | 1 . | Н | • • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 20 | F | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00Et | - | н . |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Н |
| | OH 2 | 1 | , н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| 25 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | . сн ⁵ соо є є | - | н |
| | H | . 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | , ch ³ | - | CH ² COOEF | • | н . |
| 30 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | <u>:</u> | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH3 | • | CH2C00EF | - | H |
| | ОН | 1 . | СН3 | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| 35 | NO 2 | 1 | CH3 | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| 30 | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | CH ₂ COOEL | - | Н |
| | CT | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H ' |
| | F. | 1 | СН ₂ С00Н | • | CH ₂ COOEL | - · . | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | ~ | н |
| 45 | н | 1 | ന ₂ വ ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | он | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH ₂ CDOEŁ | • | H |
| 50 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH2COOE | - | H |

TABLE 7 (cont'd)

| | x ¹ | | R ¹ | (8 ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) | (R. ¹⁰) _p |
|----|----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | • | • | · | • |
| | ОH | ĭ | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - . | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | | Ph | - | 0 H |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | OH |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | • | Ph | - | OH |
| • | н | t | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | • | он |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | a—F—Ph | - | OH . |
| 15 | н . | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | o-F-Ph | - ' | 0H |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-84 | - | OH |
| | н | . 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | • | OH |
| 20 | н | ĭ | CH2COOEL | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | OH |

TABLE 8

| 5 | R ¹ O (R ¹⁰) p |
|----|---|
| | X NHCO |
| 10 | (R ⁹) p R ² (R ¹³) p |

| 15 | x.1 | _г | | (R ⁹) | R ² | <u>(R</u> ¹³) | _(R ¹⁰) |
|----|-----------------|----|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | р | | P | |
| | н | ι | Н . | • | Ph | • | н |
| 20 | СТ | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | Н | - | Ph | - | н |
| 25 | ОН | 1 | H | - | Ph | • | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | H | • | Ph | - | Н |
| - | н | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | . | н |
| | CT | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | ֥ | H . |
| 30 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph - | - . | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H- |
| | OH- | 1 | CH ₃ | | Ph | | H· |
| 35 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | Ph | • . | Н |
| 40 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | • | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | Ph . | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | СН ₂ С00Н | - | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | H |
| 45 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | • | Н |
| • | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | H | T | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph ' | - | н |

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TABLE 8 (cont'd)

| 5 | x1 | | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _P | |
|------|-----------------|---|--|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 5 | | | | • | | • | , | |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Ph | - | н | |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | • | Ph | - | н . | |
| 10 | OH | 1 | · ch ₂ ch ₂ cooh | . • | Ph | - | н | |
| | H | 1 | н | • | a-f-Ph | - | H | |
| _ | C1 . | 1 | H | • | o-F-Ph | • . | н | |
| 15 | F | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | • , | H 1 | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | a—F—Ph | | Н | |
| | ОН | 1 | H- | - | o-F-Ph | • 🖘 | н | |
| ·- | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | · - | н | |
| .20 | H . | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | C1 | 1 | ᅄᇸ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ . | • | o—F—Ph | - | н | |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₃ | - | a-F-Ph | • | н | |
| | 0H 2 | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ³ | - | o-F-Ph | • | Н | |
| 30 | H | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | H | |
| | C1 | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | H | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | • | H | |
| 35 | OH 7 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | · · | o-F-Ph | - | . H | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | 2 H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | · • | н | |
| 40 | OH | ī | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | Н | |
| | 11 | 1 | CH ₂ CDOEŁ | • | o-F-Ph | - | H· | |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | _ | o-F-Ph | - | , н | |
| 45 | Н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | _ | o=F=Ph | - | Н | |
| ~ | QH . | ī | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | 0-F-Ph | - | н | |
| | н | 1 | H | - | p=C1=Ph | - | Н | |
| | F | 1 | н | - | " p=C1=Ph | • | н | |
| . 50 | CF. | 1 | | - | p=C1=Ph | • | н | |

TABLE 8 (cont'd)

| s | x1 | <u> </u> | R [†] | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | он | 1. | н | | p-C1-Ph | _ | н . |
| | н | 1 | сн ₃ | | p=C1=Ph | | Н |
| 10 | F | 1 | | | p=C1=Ph | _ | н |
| | | 1 | CH ₃ | <u> </u> | p=C1=Ph | | H. |
| | CF ₃ OH | 1 | CH ³ | _ | р-С1-Рh | | н |
| 15 | н | 1 | CH ³ | | p-C1-Ph | _ | н |
| | f. | 1 | CH_C00H | _ | p=C1=Ph | _ | Н |
| | | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _ | p=C1=Ph | | н |
| | CF ₃ OH | , | CH ₂ C00H | _ | p=C1=Ph | | Н |
| 20 | Н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | _ , | p=C1=Ph | _ | Н |
| | н | , | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | p=C1=Ph | • | |
| | • | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | | - | H |
| 25 | , н | • | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон. | | p=C1=Ph | • | Н |
| 23 | H | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | | Н |
| | C1 | 1 | "H | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| | . F | 1 | Н . | • . | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | H . |
| 30 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H |
| | OH | 1 | Н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | · - | Н |
| 35 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | | н |
| | CT | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | : - | H |
| | F | T . | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - · | H . |
| 40 | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | H | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| 45 | C1 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ CDOt-Bu | - | н |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | . • | H ^c |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 50 | OH | 1 | сн _а соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ² соон | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |

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TABLE 8 (cont'd)

| • | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------|------------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 5 | <u>x</u> 1 | <u>r</u> . | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | <u>(R</u> ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • . | H |
| • | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | СН ₂ C00t-Ви | - | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | OH | ī | CH ₂ COOEL | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | L | сн _а сн _а соон | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | . н |
| 15 | ОН | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| • | н | 1 | н | . • | CH2COOEL | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| 20 | F | 1 | н . | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | CH2COOEL | | н |
| | ОН | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | _ | н . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | <u>,</u> н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₃ | · 🕳 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| | C1 | 1 | СН ³ | • | CH2COOEF | - | н . |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ² COOE+ | • | н |
| 30 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| | OH | ī | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ CODEL | | H r |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - . | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| 05 | н | 1 | сн ₂ 00н | - | CH ₂ COOE L | _ | Ħ |
| 35 | C1 | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt. | - · | H |
| 40 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | _ | н |
| | NO ₂ | 7 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | H |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | . н |
| 45 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ CODE _E | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H . |
| | OH . | 1 | CH ₂ COOE± | • | CH ₂ COOEt | _ | н . |
| | н | 1 | г Сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | | H [.] |
| 50 | он | 1 . | CH_CH_COOH | | CH_COOEL | • | н |

TABLE 9

| 5 | | | x _r (R ⁹) | | · /_\ | ialo) | |
|-----|--|-------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 15 | x ¹ | r_ | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
| .20 | H C1 F | 1 1 1 | H H H | <u>.</u> | Ph Ph Ph | - - | н - н н |
| 25 | CF ₃ OH NO ₂ | 1 1 1 | н н .н | - - - | Ph Ph Ph | - | н н |
| 30 | H C1 F CF ₃ | 1 1 1 | сн ₃ сн ₃ сн ₃ | - | Ph Ph Ph Ph | - | н . Н Н |
| 35 | OH NO ₂ H | 1 1 1 | сн ₃ сн ₃ сн ₃ | - | Ph Ph Ph | - | н н н |
| 40 | CT F CF | 1 1 | сн ₂ соон сн ₂ соон сн ₂ соон | - - | Ph Ph Ph | - | н н н |
| 45 | 0H NO ₂ H OH | 1 1 1 | СН ₂ СООН СН ₂ СООН СН ₂ СН ₃ СН ₂ СН ₃ | - | Ph Ph Ph Ph | - - - | н н н н |
| 50 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - - | Ph | • | н |

TABLE 9 (cont'd)

| 5 | x1 | <u> </u> | R [†] | (R ⁹) _p _ | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|-------------|-----------------|----------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | . ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph | _ | н |
| | н | 1 | 2 СН ₂ СН ₂ СООН | | Ph | _ | н |
| 10 | ОН | | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph Ph | • | H |
| | . н | 1 | H | • | o=F=Ph | | н |
| | C1 | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | • | H |
| 15 | F | ī | н | _ | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | . 1 | н | | g-F-Ph | - | н |
| • | OH 2 | 1 . | н | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | H | . 🕳 | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| 20 | H - | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-f-Ph | | н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o→F→Ph | - | н. |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | о СН ₃ | •• | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | OH | 1 | -СН ₃ | - | o-f-Ph | • | н |
| | NO2 | 1 | CH3 | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 30 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CDOH | • | o-F-Ph | - | H . |
| | CT | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 35 . | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o∞F∞Ph | _ | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | ΗŽ | ī | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | • | H |
| 40 | · OH | 1 | CH ^S CH ³ | - | o-F-Fh | • | н |
| | H | 1 | CH2COOEL | | o-F-Ph | • | H- |
| | OH | ľ | CH ₂ COOEt | | o-F-Ph | • | ₩ . |
| 45 | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | _ | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | 0H | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | •• | н |
| | н | 1 | 4 Z | • | p=C1=Ph | • | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | p-C1-Ph | 4 | н |
| 50 | CF, | 1 | Н | ••• | o-C1-Ph | _ | н |

TABLE 9 (cont'd)

| | | | | | • | | |
|----|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | x1 | | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
| 5 | | | | ۲ | | Ρ | • |
| | он | 1 | Н | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н - |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | • ' | p=C7=Ph | • | н |
| 10 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | | p-61-Ph | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | p-C1-Ph | - | Н |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₃ | - , | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| 15 | н | 1 | сн _а соон | - | pC1Ph | - | Н . |
| | F | 1 | сн <mark>2</mark> соон | | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p=C1-Ph | - | н . |
| | OH . | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | p-C1-Ph | - | H- |
| 20 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | p-C1-Ph | · · | н. |
| | H | 1 | CH2COOEF | • | p=C1=Ph | | H |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | p-CT-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | н | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ C00 t-8u | •. | H |
| - | - CT | 1 | 'H | | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | H |
| | F | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н , |
| 30 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | H |
| | OH . | 1 | . H | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | Н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | , н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | H | . 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 35 | CT · | 1 | сн ₃ | . • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | F · | 1 | CH ³ | • | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H · |
| 40 | 0H 2 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | Н |
| | NO. | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | Н |
| | H 4 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| 45 | · c1 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | . • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| - | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | 3 0H | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | 2 CH ₂ C00 د 8 د | - | н |
| 50 | NO_ | 1 | CH_COOH | - | CH_C00t-8u | - | н |

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TABLE 9 (cont'd)

| 5 | <u>x</u> 1 | · F | R [†] | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-----------------|-----|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | н | 1 | . сн _г сн _з | · _ | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| 10 | он | 1 | z 3 CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | Z CH ₂ C00t-Bu | _ | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | 2 CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | • | 2 CH ₂ COOt÷Bu | • | н . |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | ∠ CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 15 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | _ | н . |
| | н | 1 | 2 | • | CH ₂ COOEt | • | H |
| | C1 | | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | H |
| | F | 1 | н. | • | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Н |
| 20 | CF ₃ | 1 | H | • | CH ₂ COOEL | - | H |
| | 0H 2 | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | ' н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| 25 | H 4 | .1 | CH ₃ | •• | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | C1 | Ţ | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ CD0Et | - | H |
| | F | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Н |
| 30 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | ** | , H |
| | OH | 1 | CH ³ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H- |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ³ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • . | Н |
| 35 | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 30 | C1 | . 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | , 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | . 1 | сн ^г соон | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - · | Н |
| 40 | GН | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt. | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн _г соон | - | CH ^S COOEF | - | H |
| | н _ | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| 45 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Н |
| | н | 1 | CH2COOEL | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | EH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| 50 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Н |
| JŲ | OH | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | • | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | | | 6 - 6 | | 4 | | |

TABLE 10

| 5 | | R I | (R ¹⁰) | X ₄ =NH | , NCH ₃ , 0, or S | |
|----|-----|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 10 | | X ¹ / _r | CH ₂ - | X4 | | |
| ٠ | . 🔪 | (R [*]) _p | `R | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | |
| | • | • | ٥ | 2 | 17 | |

| | x1 | r. | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _a . | , R ² | <u>(R</u> 13) | (R ¹⁰) |
|------|-----------------|-----|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | - | | • | · α | | . Р | p |
| - 20 | н | 1 | н | • | Ph | - | н |
| | Cī | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | Ph | _ | H |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 3 | н | - | Ph | - | н . |
| | он | 1 | H | • . | Ph | - | н , |
| | NO 2 | 1 | н . | • | Ph | • | H |
| | Ĥ., | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | · - | н |
| 30 | C1 | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | H |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | • | Н |
| 35 | ОН | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | • | н |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | - . | н |
| 40 | C1 | 1 | CH2C00H | - | Ph | - | н |
| • | F | . 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • , | Ph | - | , н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | H |
| 45 | OH | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | Ph | - | H |
| 70 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | • | Ph | - | Н |
| | н | 1 | CH2CH3 | - | Ph | - | H |
| | OH | 1 . | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | H- |
| 50 | | | | | | | |

TABLE 10 (cont'd)

| | <u>x</u> 1 | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p _ | R ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | P | | р | р — |
| | н | i | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Ph | - | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | Ph | - | н |
| | ОН | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | H |
| | H | 1 | . н | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CT | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 15 | F | . 1 | . H | • | o-F-Ph | - | . н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | ОН | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 20 | NO _{2.} | 1 | н | - | o-f-fh | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | . • | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | CT | 1 | CH ₃ | • | a-F-Ph | - | H |
| 25 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | CF ₃ . | 1 | CH3 | - . | o-F-Ph | - | H . |
| | OH | 1 | CH ³ | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | . CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| 30 | н | Ţ | CH ₂ COOH | • | o-F-Ph | | н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ² COOH | • | a-F-Ph | - | н |
| 35 | CF3 | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | = | a-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | · - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | • | o-F-Ph | • | H |
| 40 | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | c-F-Ph | - | н |
| | ОН . | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | o=F=Ph | - | н . |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEL | • | o-f-Ph | • | Н |
| 45 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 40 | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - · | н |
| | Н | 1 | н | • | p=C1=Ph | - | н |

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TABLE 10 (cont'd)

| | | | • | | | | • | |
|----|-----------------|-----|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 5 | <u>x</u> 1 | | R ¹ | (R ^{,9}) _p | R ² | (8 ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p _ | |
| | | | | • | | • | . | |
| | F | t | н - | - | p-C1-Ph | - ' | н | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | p-CT-Ph | - | H | |
| 10 | · OH | 1 | H . | • | p=C1=Ph | - | · H | |
| | н | 1 | СНЗ | - | p=C1=Ph | • | Н | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | • | Н | |
| 15 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | p-C1-Ph | - | H | |
| | ОН | . 1 | CH ₃ | • | p-Cl-Ph | • | H | |
| | Н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н | |
| 20 | F | 1 | СН ₂ С00Н | • | p-C1-Ph | - | Н | |
| | CF ₃ | 3 | CH ₂ COOH | • | p-C1-Ph | - | H | |
| | он | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-C1-Ph | - | Н | |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | | H | |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CDOEt | - | p-CT-Ph | - | н | |
| | н . | × 1 | .сн ⁵ сн ⁵ соон | - | p-C1-Ph | - | Н | |
| | н | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| 30 | C1 | 1 | н . | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | ⊸ · | н . | |
| | F | ī | н | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | | H | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H | |
| 35 | OH | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOtBu | - | . H | |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | . • | СН ₂ С00t-Ви | - | Н | |
| | C 1 | 1 | CH ₃ | • . | СН ₂ C00t-Ви | <u> </u> | H · | |
| 40 | · F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | СН ₂ C00t-Ви | _ : | H | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu. | - | н | |
| | GH | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H | |
| 46 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H | |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | СН ₂ С001-Ви | - | Н | |
| | C1 · | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | СН ₂ С00t—Ви | • | н · | |
| 50 | F | 1 | СН <mark>2</mark> СООН | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н | |
| J. | CF | 1 | CH_COOH | ••• | 2 CH_C00t-8u | • | н | |

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TABLE 10 (cont'd)

| | x ¹ | | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | <u>(8¹³)</u> | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|--|-------------------|------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | Р | | P | . P |
| | он | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н _ |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | | н . |
| | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | Н . | 1 | CH2COOEF | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | Н |
| 15 | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH_2COOt-8u | - | H |
| | H | . 1. | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | · - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | OH: | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| 20 | н | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| <v< td=""><td>C1</td><td>1</td><td>н</td><td></td><td>CH₂COOEt</td><td>-</td><td>н</td></v<> | C 1 | 1 | н | | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | 1 | н | - | CH2COOEL | • | H- |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | • | CH ₂ COOEt | • | H |
| 25 | он | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н , |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | - H | • • | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| | н | 1 | ċн ³ | - | CH2COOEL | ╼, | H |
| 30 | C1 | 1 | CH ³ | - . | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | . 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH2COOEŁ | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H . |
| 35 | OH | 1 | CH _{3.} | | CH ₂ CDOEt | - | H |
| 55 | NO ₂ | Ī | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ CODEt | - | H [.] |
| - | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| • | CT | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н . |
| 40 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон | ing sk = v st | CH2COOEL | • | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н |
| | 0H | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ CODEt | • | н . |
| 45 | · NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | ~ | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ² COOEF | - | Н |
| 50 | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | H |

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TABLE 10 (cont'd)

| | <u>x</u> 1 | | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | | au 2005) | | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH2COOEF | - | • |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 10 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H- |
| | н | 1 - | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | ОН |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | • | ОН |
| 15 | н . | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Ph | - | OH |
| | н | 1 | сн ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | ОН |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | o-f-Ph | - | OH. |
| | н | . 1 | CH2COOEL | - | a-F-Ph | • | OH |
| 20 | н | 1 | сн ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - . | OH |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | OH |
| | н | 1 | CH2COOEt | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | OH |
| 25 | | | • | | - | | |

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TABLE 11

| | | • | | x ¹ | (R ¹⁰) _p | | | · |
|----|-----------------|-----|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| 10 | | • | | | // | 0 3 | | ÷ |
| | | | | V` | i-N | | | |
| | | | | (R ⁹) | R ² (R ¹³) | | | |
| 15 | | | | | - | | | |
| | • | | • | | | 10 | | |
| | <u>x</u> 1 | | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p _ | 8 ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p | |
| 20 | | | | | | • | | |
| | H | 1 | н | - | Ph | <u> </u> | Н | |
| | C1 | 1 | Н | • | Ph | - | н | |
| | F | 1 | H | • | Ph | • | н | |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | Ph | •• | н | |
| | OH | 1 | _H | - | Ph | - | н | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н - | - | Ph | - | H . | |
| 30 | н | Ť | CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | н | |
| | CI | . 1 | CH ³ . | - | Ph | - | H | |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph- | | H | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ³ | - | Ph | - | н | |
| 35 | OH . | 1 | CH ³ | - | Ph | - | H | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ³ | - | Ph: | - | H | • |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ C00H: | - | Ph | - . | н - | |
| 40 | CT. | 7 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | H | • |
| | F | 1 | 2 СН ₂ СООН | - | Ph | | H- | |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | _ | Ph | - | н | |
| | 0H | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | _ | Ph | _ | H· | |
| 45 | NO ₂ | 1 | | _ | Ph . | _ | H. | |
| | H 2 | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | Ph | • | • | <u>*</u> |
| | | | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | | - | H | - |
| 50 | OH . | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | Н | • |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | Ph | - | Н | * |

TABLE [] (cont'd)

| | x1 | · | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|----|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | ۴ | | | P |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Ph | - ' | .н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| 10 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | CT | 1 | н | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 15 | F | 1 | н | - | o—F—Ph | - | н . |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | - . | н |
| | ОН | 1 | н. | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 20 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | ָ כז | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | . н |
| | F | 1 | 대3 | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH3 | - | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | OH | 1 | . CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| 30 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - . | Ħ |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | o-F-Ph | - | • н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | . • | н |
| 35 | OH | 1 | CH ² COOH | • | o-F-Ph | | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ C00H | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | <u>-</u> · | н |
| 40 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| • | н | . 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | o-F-Ph | - . | н |
| | OH | . 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 45 | H | t | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | o-f-Ph | - | н . |
| | н . | 1 | н | • | p-CT-Ph | - | Н |
| | F | 1 | H | 4 | p=C1=Ph | - | н |

TABLE 11 (cont'd)

| _ | . x ¹ | · <u>r</u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p _ | R ² | (R ¹³) _a | (R ¹⁰) _p . |
|------|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 | _ | | | ŕ | | F | r |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н . | - | pC1Ph | - | H · |
| | ОН | 1 | н | . • | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| 10 | н | t | CH ₃ | - | p→C1-Ph | - | H |
| | F | T | СН _. | - | p-C1-Ph | · · | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | p=C1=Ph | - | H |
| 15 | ОН | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| | H | 1 | СН2СООН | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | p-C1-Ph | == | н - |
| 20 | OH | ī | СН2СООН | • | p-C1-Ph | • | Н |
| | н | 1 | CH _Z CH ₃ | . • · | p-C1-Ph | • | H |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | p=C1=Ph | - | н |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | , н | - , | CH _Z COOt-Bu | • | H · |
| | C1 | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | н |
| 30 | F | 1 | н, | | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | Н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | . - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | H |
| | OH | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| 35 | NO ₂ | 1 | Н | • | CH _Z COOt-8u | • | н |
| 35 | H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | • Н |
| | CT | 1 | CH ₃ | • - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 40 . | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | ◄ | H |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | =0 | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | H |
| 45 | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H |
| | CT | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | Н |
| | F. | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 50 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | H . |
| JU | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | | | | | | | |

· TABLE 11 (cont'd)

| | | | | * | • | | |
|----|-----------------|----------|--|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 | X ₁ | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p - |
| | | | | • | • | · | |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | H |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH2CH3 | - | CH ₂ C00 t-8u | • | Н |
| 70 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | . н |
| , | H | 1 . | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | . 📤 | Н. |
| • | OH | 1 | CH ^Z COOEF | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | Н |
| 15 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - ' | CH ₂ C00t-8u | 100 | н. |
| | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | н | 1 | н . | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | н |
| 20 | C1 | 1 | H | ÷ | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| - | F . | 1 | Н | - | CH ₂ CODEt | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | H | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | . • | н |
| | он | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - . | н |
| 25 | NO ₂ | 1 | H | - | CH _Z COOEŁ | - | н |
| | н | 1 | -CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | н |
| 30 | F | 1 | CH ³ | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | OH 2 | 1 | CH ³ | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | H. |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | - CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| 35 | H 4 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| | C7 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | F | 1 | СН2СООН | | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | 1. | сн ₂ соон | - . | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| | 3 0H | ï | 2 СН ₂ СООН | | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | CH ₂ COOEt | . • | н |
| 45 | 12 H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | | CH ₂ COOEt | • | H |
| | н- | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | CH ₂ COOEt | | н |
| | OH | 1. | | _ | | - | н ' |
| 50 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt CH_CH_COOH | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | | - | ~··~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ | | | | |

TABLE II (cont'd)

| | x [†] | r. | R ¹ | <u>(R</u> 9) | . _o 2 | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) |
|------|----------------|----|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 5 | | | | | | /р | /p- |
| | OH | 1 | сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₃ | • | Ph | - | он |
| 10 . | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - . | · Ph | - | ОН |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | • | Ph | - | он |
| | н | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | • | он |
| 15 | H | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | 0-F-Ph | - | он |
| 70 | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | o-F-Ph | - | ОН |
| • | Н | 1 | CH ³ | _ | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | 0H |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | о н . |
| 20 | H | 1 | CH_COOEL | • | CH_COOt-Bu | • | он |

TABLE 12

| 5 | R ¹ O (R ¹⁰) | |
|----|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 10 | OH V | - СН ₃ |
| | $(R^9)_p R^2 (R^{13})_p$ | • |

| | <u>x</u> 1 | r_ | R [†] | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) |
|------|-----------------|-----|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 20 | | | | r | · | • | , |
| | н | 1 | н | - | Ph · | | н |
| | CT | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | Н |
| | F | 1 | н | _ | Ph | - | H |
| 25 | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н . |
| | OH . | 1 | -н | - | Ph· | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | н | - | Ph | - | н |
| 30 | н | . 1 | сн ₃ | - , | Ph | • | н |
| | C1 | 1. | CH ³ / | - | Pħ | - | н |
| | F | ĭ | CH ³ | - | Ph | · - | , H |
| 35 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | H- |
| • | он | 1 | CH ³ | - | Ph | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1. | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | • . | H |
| - 40 | СТ | 1 | СН ₂ СООН | - | Ph | - | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | Ph | - | H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | СН ₂ С00Н | . • | Ph | - | н |
| 45 | OH | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph: | - | H |
| 50 | ОН | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | Ph | • | н |

0 284 256

TABLE 12 (cont'd)

| 5 | x1 | <u> </u> | R ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | R ² | (R ¹³) _p | (R ¹⁰) _p |
|-----|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | , - | Ph | & | н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COOEt | - | Ph | | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ² CH ² COOH | • | Ph | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | .сн ₂ сн ₂ соон | • | Ph ⁻ | • | н |
| | н | 1 | H | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 15 | CT | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | • | н |
| | F | 1 | н. | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • . | o-F-Ph | • | Н |
| 20 | OH . | 1 | н • | - | o-F-Ph | • | H |
| 20 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | • | o-F-Ph | *** | Н |
| | H | ĭ | сн ₃ . | • | g-F-Ph | • | н |
| | CI | Ţ | СН3 . | • | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 25 | F | 1 | сн ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | . CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H [;] |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | • | Н |
| 30 | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | • | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | н | 1 | сн _а соон | • | a-F-Ph | • | Н |
| | C1 | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 35 | F | 1 | сн ₂ соон . | - | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| ••• | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | o=F=Ph | • | H |
| | ОН | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | o-F-Ph | - | H |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | сн _г соон | | o-F-Ph | • • | н |
| 40 | н | τ | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | Н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | o-F-Ph | - | H· |
| 45 | OH | 1 | CH2COOEL · | - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| | н | 1 | сн _а сн _а соон | - | o-F-Ph | - | н . |
| | ОН | 1 | сн _а сн _а соон | · - | o-F-Ph | - | н |
| 50 | н | 1 | н | - | p=C1=Ph | ÷ | н . |
| - | F | 1 | н | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |

TABLE 12 (cont'd)

| | • | | | | | | • |
|----|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | x1 | | 8 ¹ | (R ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) | (R ¹⁰) _p |
| • | | | | | | r | • |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | p-CT-Ph | - | Н |
| | OH | 1 | H | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| 10 | н | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | • | н |
| | F | 1 | CHa | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| 15 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p-C1-Ph | - | н |
| | 0H | 1 | CH ₃ | - | p—C1—Ph | • | н |
| | н | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | p-C1-Ph | - | Н |
| | F | 1 | сн _а соон | - | p-C1-Ph | • | H |
| 20 | CF ₃ | . 1 | CH ₂ COOH | - | p-C1-Ph | - | H |
| 20 | 0H | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | p-C1-Ph | • | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | pC7Ph | • | н |
| | н | . 1 | CH ^Z COOEF | • | p-C1-Ph | • | H |
| 25 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | p=C1=Ph | - | H |
| | H | 1 | - н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | н |
| | СТ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 30 | F | 1 . | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | , H |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | H ⁻ |
| | OH | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - , | н |
| 45 | NO ₂ | 1. | н | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | H . |
| 35 | н | 1 | сн _з | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | CT | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | F | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | • | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH ³ | • | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| | он | 1. | CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | - | н |
| | NOZ | 1 | сн ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| 46 | н | ī | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| | cī | 1 | сн ₂ соон | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | F. | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | н |
| 40 | CF ₃ | Ţ | сн ₂ соон | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | - | ' н |
| 50 | 0H | 1 | CH_COOH | _ | CH_C00t-8u | - | н |

TABLE 12 (cont'd)

| | x1 | r | R ¹ | (8 ⁹) _p | 8 ² | (R ¹³) _p _ | (R ¹⁰) _p . |
|----|------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 | | | | . р | | p- | p. |
| | 'NO ₂ | ĭ | сн ₂ соон | • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | н |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ C00t-8u | • | н |
| 10 | OH | 1. | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOt-Bu | • | H . |
| | н | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • • | CH ₂ C00t-8u | - | H |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ COGEL | • | CH ₂ C00t-Bu | • | н . |
| 16 | н . | 1 | CH2CH2COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | - | н |
| 15 | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOt-8u | • | н |
| · | н | ī | н | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | CT | 1 | H· | - | CH2COOEF | - | н |
| 20 | F | . 1 | H | - | CH2CODEL | → | н |
| | CF ₃ | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | ÓН | 1 | н | - | CH ₂ COOEt | • | н |
| 25 | NO ₂ | 1 | н | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| • | н | 1 | сн ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | н |
| | C1 | 1 | CH ₃ | - | CH _Z COOEŁ | - | н |
| 30 | F | 1 | CH ₃ | • | CH ₂ COOEL | - . | н |
| 55 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH _{3.} | - | CH ₂ COOEE | - | H |
| | OH | 1 | CH3. | - | CH ₂ COOEL | - | H |
| _ | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₃ | 40. | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| 35 | н | 1 | CH ² COOH | • | CH ₂ COGEŁ | - | н |
| | CT | ī | CH _{2.} COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | F | 1. | CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | H [,] |
| 40 | CF ₃ | 1 | CH _Z COOH | - | CH2COOEL | - | H |
| | . OH: | 1 | сн ₂ соон | - | CH2COOEL | - | н . |
| | NO ₂ | 1 | CH ₂ COOH | • | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| 45 | н | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | H |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₃ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | н |
| | H | 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | H |
| | OH . | . 1 | CH ₂ COOEŁ | - | CH ₂ COOEŁ | • | H |
| 50 | H | | CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH | - | CH ₂ COOEt | - | H |
| | OH | 1 | CH ₂ CH ₂ CDOH | - | CH2COOEŁ | - . | н |

TABLE 13

Compounds of the Formula

20

15

5

10

 $\underline{No.}$ \underline{R}^a \underline{R}^1

<u>R</u>3

25

577 F -CH₂-CF₃

-CH₂-

30

586 F H

- s

40

625 н н

NH-CO-CH₂-

50

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> ª | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> 3 |
|-----------|-----|----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 10 | 643 | F [.] | -(CH ₂) ₂ -CN | -CH ₂ - |
| 15 | 648 | F . | н . | -NH-CO- |
| | | | | H N. |
| 25 | 651 | F | . H | -NH-CO- |
| 30 | 652 | н | н | -0-co-(n-1) |
| 35 | ٠. | | • | H |
| 40 | 659 | F' | H . | -NH-CO- |
| 45 | 665 | н | H | -NH-CO- |
| 50 | | | | Ħ |

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | Ra | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> 3 |
|-----------|-----|----------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 10 | 666 | F | H | -NH-CO-CH ₂ - |
| 15 . | 668 | F | н | -NH-SO ₂ - CH ₃ |
| 25 | 676 | F | н | -NH-CO- (1) |
| 30 | 677 | F | H | -ин-со-снон- |
| 35 40 | 678 | F | Ħ . | -NH-CO- |
| 45 | 679 | н | H | -и (сн ³) -со- |

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> a . | <u>R</u> I | <u>R</u> 3 |
|----------|-------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10 | 686 | F | H | -NH-CO- |
| 15 | 688 | F | Ħ | -NH-CO- |
| 25 | 690 | F -CH. | 2 ^{-CO-NH} 2 | -CH ₂ -(N) |
| 35 | 691 | F | Ħ | -NH-CH ₂ - |
| 45 | 692 · | F | Ħ | -NH-CO-CH ₂ -NH- |

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> a | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> 3 |
|-----------|-----|------------|------------|------------|
| 10 | 694 | P | Ħ | -NH-CO- |
| 15 | | , | | ^ |
| 20 | 695 | P | H | -NH-CO- |
| 25 | | | •• | co /\(\) |
| <i>30</i> | 716 | н . | Ħ | -NH-CO- |
| | 720 | F | H , | -NH-CO- |
| 35 | • | | | CI/ |
| 40 | 722 | H. | H | -NH-CO- |
| 45 | | | | H H |
| | | | | |

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> a | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> ³ |
|----------|------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 10 | 724 | H _. | н | -NH-CO- |
| 15 20 | 725 | H | СН _З | -NH-CO- [(-)-enantiomer] |
| 26 | 726 | H . | CH ₃ | -NH-CO- [(+)-enantiomer] |
| 30 35 | 736 | F | Ħ | -NH-CO- CF ₃ |
| 40 | 737 | F | H | -ин-со- |
| 45 | 727 | н | С#3 | -N (CH ₃) -CO- |

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| | | | • | |
|------|-----|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> a . | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> 3 |
| 10 | 728 | Ħ | CH ₃ | -NH-CO- |
| 15 | 740 | н. | н | -NH-CO- |
| 25 | 745 | F | Ħ | -NH-COOCH3 |
| · 30 | 752 | F | H | -NH-CO- OCH3 |
| 35 | 753 | F | н . | -NH-CO-F |
| 45 | 755 | н | H | NH-CO- |

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TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

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TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> a | RI | <u>R</u> 3 |
|----|-----|------------|-----------------|---|
| 10 | 787 | F . | Ħ | -o-coc1 |
| 15 | 790 | F | Ся3 | -NH-CO- C(CH ₃) ₃ (+) enantiomer |
| 20 | 791 | F | Ħ | NH-CO- N Н |
| 25 | | | | , , |
| 30 | 793 | Н . | H | -NH-CO- |
| 35 | 794 | F | CH ³ | -NH-CO- (-) enantiomer |
| 40 | • | | • | |
| 45 | 795 | F | CH3 | -NH-CO- CN (+) enantiomer |

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TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> a | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> 3 |
|----------|-----|------------|------------|--|
| 10 | 796 | Ħ | н | -NH-CO- (1) |
| 15 | 799 | H | н | -NH-CO- (CH ₂) ₂ -CH ₃ |
| 20 | 800 | Ħ | H . | -NH-CO- |
| 25 | 801 | н . | н | -NH-CO- (CH ₂) ₄ -CH ₃ |
| 30 · | 802 | H | . | -NH-CO-(CH ₃) ₃ |
| 40 | 803 | н | H | -NH-CO- |
| 46 50 | 804 | Ħ | н. | -NH-COOH |

TABLE 13 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | <u>R</u> ª | <u>R</u> 1 | <u>R</u> 3 | |
|------------------------|-----|------------|-------------------|------------|---------------|
| 10 | 805 | Ħ | Ħ | -NH-CO- | |
| 15 20 | 816 | H | H . | -NH-CO- | :N |
| 25 | 825 | P | CH ₃ | -NH-CO- | (+)enantiomer |
| 30 | 827 | F | . сн ₃ | -NH-CO- | (-)enantiomer |
| 35 40 | 829 | F | сн ³ | -NH-CO- | (+)enantiomer |
| 45 50 | 830 | F | сн ³ | -NH-CO- | (+)enantiomer |

Other compounds of Formula I are listed on the following table.

0 284-256

TABLE 14

| 5 | No. | Compound |
|----|-----|--|
| 10 | | -CH ₂ -NH-COO-CH ₂ - |
| 15 | 632 | |
| 20 | .· | F |
| 25 | | N — |
| 30 | 633 | -CH ₂ -NH-CO- |
| 35 | | F |
| 40 | | * |
| 45 | | · |

TABLE 14 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | Compound |
|------|-----|-------------------------------|
| 10 . | 636 | -CH ₂ -NH-CO- |
| 15 | | |
| 20 | | F |
| 25 | | -CH ₂ -NH-CO-CHOH- |
| 30 | 638 | N N |
| 35 | - | F |
| 40 | | |
| 45 | | |

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TABLE 14 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | Compound |
|-----|-----|--|
| 10 | 646 | -CH ₂ - |
| 20 | | |
| 25 | | CH ₃ O R or S NH ₂ -NH-CO-CH-CH ₂ - |
| ·30 | 732 | N s |
| 35 | | |

TABLE 14 (Cont'd)

| 5 | No. | Compound |
|-------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 10 | | NH-CO-CH-CH ₂ - |
| 15 | 733 | N <u>s</u> |
| 20 | | |
| 25 . | | -NH-COO-CH ₂ -// |
| 30 | 777 | |
| 35 | | |
| 40 | | |

TABLE 14 (Cont'd)

| . 5 | No. | Compound |
|-----------|-----|----------------|
| 10 | | H S -NH-CO- |
| 15 | 808 | |
| 20 | | F |
| 25 | | H S -NH-CO- |
| 30 | 809 | N H |
| 35 | | |
| 40 | | |

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TABLE 14 (Cont'd)

S No. Compound | No. | R or S | NHBoc | NH-CO-CH-CH₂- | NH-CO-CH-CH₂- | NH₂ | N

The invention is further defined by reference to the following preparations and examples, which are intended to be illustrative and not limiting.

All temperatures are in degrees Celsius.

5 EXAMPLE 1

50

2-N-(Na-Boc-D-tryptophanyl)amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone

2-Amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (4 g, 18.6 mmole), Boc-D-tryptophan (5.65 g, 18.6 mmole) and dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) (18.6 ml of a 1M solution in methylene chloride, 18.6 mmole) were combined in 28 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran stirred in an ice bath. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred overnight. The solids were removed by filtration and the filtrate evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on 9" (23 cm) of silica gel (230-400 mesh) in a 55 mm diameter column using 1L of each of methylene chloride and 2% and 3% (v/v) diethyl ether in methylene chloride.

The product fractions were combined and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from diethyl ether and the resulting solid dried in vacuo at 40° for 20 hours: (m.p. 64-67°).

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography (TLC) (R_1 =0.36, silica gei plate eluted with 6% (v/v) diethyl ether in methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of Et_2O .

Anal. Calc'd for C29 H22 FN2 O4. Et2 O:

C, 68.85; H, 6.65; N, 7.30.

Found:

C. 69.25; H, 6.75; N, 7.30.

O EXAMPLE 2

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

 $2\text{-N-}(N^{\alpha}\text{-Boc-D-tryptophanyl})$ amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (4.0 g = 8.0 mmole) in 37 ml of ethyl acetate was stirred in an ice bath and saturated with hydrogen chloride gas for 20 minutes. The mixture was evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give 2-N-(D-tryptophanyl)amino-2'-fluorobenzophenonehydrochloride. The residue in 125 ml of methanol was treated with 30 ml of water and the pH of the mixture adjusted to 8.5-9.0 with 10% sodium hydroxide solution. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for three days.

The suspension was filtered and the resulting white solid dried in vacuo at 40° overnight (m.p. 251-

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography (TLC) (R_1 =0.59, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) diethyl ether/methylene chloride) and by HPLC (greater than 99%). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 383. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{24}H_{18}FN_2O$:

C, 75.18; H, 4.73; N, 10.96.

Found:

C, 74.88; H, 4.70; N, 10.65.

EXAMPLE 3

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyi)-3(R)-(3'-indolyi)methyi-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

2-Amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (12.5 g = 58 mmole) was stirred in 100 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran in an ice bath. D-Tryptophan acid chloride hydrochloride (16 g = 62 mmole), siurried in 50 ml of tetrahydrofuran, was added over 10 minutes, and the mixture stirred 2 hours in the ice bath. The resulting solid was filtered, then added to 200 ml of methanol containing 200 ml of water. The pH was adjusted to 8.5-9.0 with 10% sodium hydroxide, the mixture was stirred for three days, then filtered. The solid was dried in vacuo at 40°.

45 EXAMPLE 4

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-(1'-methylindolyl)-methyl]-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (A) and 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl) methyl-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (B)

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.85 g, 2.2 mmole) and sodium hydride (0.11 g of a 50% suspension in mineral oil, 2.3 mmole) were stirred in 10 ml of dry, degassed dimethylformamide under nitrogen in an ice bath. After 40 minutes, methyl iodide (0.14 mL = 2.25 mmole) was added in one portion. The mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours at room temperature, then poured into 100 ml of water and extracted with methylene chloride (CH₂Cl₂) (3 x 30 mL). The CH₂Cl₃ layers

were washed with water, dried over potassium carbonate, filtered and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on 9" (23 cm) of silica gel (250-400 mesh) in a 55 mm diameter column eluted with 4% (v.v) diethyl ether in CH₂Cl₂. The first product eluted was A which was obtained as a glass upon evaporation. The solid was dried in vacuo at room temperature: (m.p. 97-100° ()).

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography (R₁=0.57, silica gel plate eluted with 10% (v/v) diethyl ether in CH₂Cl₂) and by HPLC (98%). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of CH₂Cl₂. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e=411.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H22 FN2 O+0.1 CH2 Cl2

C, 74.64; H, 5.33; N, 10.01.

Found:

C, 74.69; H, 5.32; N, 9.63.

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The second component eluted was the monomethyl compound B which was obtained as a foam (0.68 g) upon evaporation. Crystallization from hexane/CH₂Cl₂ gave analytical material; (m.p. 80-85°(1)).

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography (silica gel plates eluted with 4% (v/v) diethyl ether in CH₂Cl₂) and by HPLC (99%). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of CH₂Cl₂.

Anai. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₀FN₂O=0.75 CH₂Cl₂:

C, 67.06, H, 4.70; N, 9.11;

Found:

30

C, 67.04; H, 4.81; N, 9.14.

EXAMPLE 5

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

2-Amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (1.2 g, 5.2 mmole) and D-tryptophan methyl ester hydrochloride (1.3 g, 5.1 mmole) were combined in dry pyridine (25 mL) and heated at reflux under nitrogen for 5 hrs. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo and the residue washed twice with pH 6 buffer and dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL). The ethyl acetate solution was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo to give an oil which was chromatographed on a 13 inch (33 cm) column of silica gel (230-400 mesh) in a 25 mm diameter column eluted with 20% (v/v) ether methylene chloride. The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo to give the title compound as a white solid which was dried in vacuo at 100°: (m.p. 130-155°(1)).

The compound showed a single spot by thin layer chromatography (R₁ = 0.36, silica gel plate eluted with 4:1 CH₂Cl₂/ether). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of ether. The compound was 99.8% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 399. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₈ H₁₈ ClN₂O=0.5C₆ H₁₉O:

C, 71.47; H, 5.31; N, 9.62; Cl, 8.12.

Found

C, 71.62; H, 5.83; N, 9.47; Cl, 8.24.

EXAMPLE 6

1,3-Dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyi)methyi-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-aminobenzophenone (1.97 g, 0.01 mole), Boc-D-

tryptophan (3.04 g, 0.01 mole) and DCC (10 mL of 1M solution in methylene chloride (CH₂Cl₂) in THF (15 mL). The crude product obtained after filtration and evaporation of the mixture was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo, combined with water (50 mL) and extracted with chloroform (250 mL). The chloroform solution was hired over potassium carbonate, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Recrystallization from a mixture of acetone (50 mL) and ether (50 mL) gave a white solid which was dried in vacuo at 100°: (m.p. 260-263° (d)).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.53, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 CH₂Cl₂/ether). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of acetone. The compound was 99.6% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 365.

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Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₁₉ N₂ O=0.5C₃H₆O:

C, 77.64, H, 5.62, N, 10.65.

Found:

15

20

C, 77.34, H, 5.44, N, 10.87.

EXAMPLE 7

1,3-Dihydro-3(S)-[3'-(1'-methylindolyl)methyl]-1-methyl-5-methylthio-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one-5-thione (450 mg, 1.4 mmole) was suspended in 30 ml of toluene, 8 ml of tetrahydrofuran, and 15 ml of 40% sodium hydroxide solution. This mixture was treated with 203 mg (0.6 mmole) of tetra-n-butylammonium sulfate and 0.25 ml (4.0 mmole) of iodomethane and stirred rapidly at room temperature. After four hours the phases were separated and the aqueous layer extracted once with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with water (2 x 50 ml) and brine, then dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo to afford a yellow oil. Preparative thick layer chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate 2:1 v/v) afforded the title compound as a white solid. R₁ = 0.45 (2:1 hexane-ethyl acetate). The analytical sample was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-ether, m.p. 170°C; TLC, HPLC: 99% pure. Pmr (CDCl₂): according to theory (methyl proton resonate 2.46 ppm, 3.39 ppm, and 3.72 ppm respectively). MS (20 ev.): 363 (M*), 184, 144.

Elemental Analysis: C2, H2, N2OS

Calc'd.:

N, 11.56; C, 69.39; H, 5.82.

Found:

N, 11.47; C, 69.22; H, 6.04.

EXAMPLE 8

1,3-Dihydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-1-methyl-5-methylthio-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one-5-thione (450 mg, 1.4 mmole) was suspended in 30 ml of toluene, 8 ml of tetrahydrofuran, and 15 ml of 40% sodium hydroxide solution. The mixture was treated with 203 mg (0.6 mmole) of tetra-n-butylammonium sulfate and 0.25 ml (4.0 mmole) of iodomethane and stirred rapidly at room temperature. After four hours the phases were separated and the aqueous layer extracted once with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with water (2 X 50 ml) and brine, then dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo to afford a yellow oil. Preparative thick layer chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate 2:1 v/v) afforded the title compound as a white solid. R_f = 0.40 (2:1 hexane-ethyl acetate). The analytical sample was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-ether, m.p. 90-91°C. TLC, HPLC: 99% pure. Pmr (CDCl₂): according to theory (methyl protons resonate at 2.45 ppm and 3.40 ppm, respectively). MS (20 ev): 349 (M⁺), 302, 220, 130.
55 Elemental Analysis: C₃₀H₁₀N₂OS.

Calc'd. :

N. 12.02: C. 68.74: H. 5.48.

Found:

N. 12.10; C. 68.58; H. 5.71.

EXAMPLE 9

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-a-indolenyl) methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (120 mg, 0.31 mmole) was dissolved in 2 ml of trifluoroacetic acid. The resulting orange solution was treated with 0.5 ml (3.1 mmole) of triethylsilane and stirred rapidly at room temperature. After two hours, the reaction mixture was rotoevaporated to dryness and the residue was partitioned between water/ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (sat.), and brine, then dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The analytical sample was obtain via preparative thick layer chromatography on silica gel (1:1 hexane-ethyl acetate v/v, multiple elutions).

R_i = 0.38 (2:1 ethyl acetate-hexane).

Pmr (CDCl₂): in accord with theory.

MS (FAB): 386 (M+H).

Elemental Analysis: C14 Hm FN10-0.4H10

Calc'd. :

25 N. 10.70; C. 73.41; H. 5.34.

Found:

N. 10.50; C. 73.62; H. 5.45.

30 EXAMPLE 10

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-8-indolenyl) methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (120 mg, 0.31 mmole) was dissolved in 2 ml of trifluoroacetic acid. The resulting orange solution was treated with 0.5 ml (3.1 mmole) of triethylsilane and stirred rapidly at room temperature. After two hours, the reaction mixture was rotoevaporated to dryness and the residue was partitioned between water/ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (sat.), and brine, then dried (MgSO_•) and concentrated. The analytical sample was obtained $\frac{v_1}{R_1} = 0.30$ (2:1 ethyl acetate-hexane). Pmr (CDCl₂): in accord with theory. MS (FAB): 386 (M + H). Elemental Analysis: $C_R H_{2R}FN_2O=0.3H_2O$

Caic'd.:

N. 10.75; C. 73.75; H. 5.31.

Found:

N. 10.57; C. 73.86; H. 5.38.

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EXAMPLE 11

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione

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1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (6.98 g. 18.20 mmole) was refluxed with 4.41 g (10.92 mmole) of 2.4-bis-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2.4-dithioxo-1.3,2.4-

dithiadiphosphetane in 100 ml of toluene for 1.5 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue partitioned between ethylacetate and 10% sodium hydroxide solution. The organic phase was washed with 10% sodium hydroxide (3 X 50 ml) and brine, then dried (MgSO_•) and rotoevaporated to give an orange oil (10 g). Plug filtration of the crude product through silica gel (100 g) afforded a solid which was recrystallized from ether to afford the analytical sample.

m.p. 147-148°C.

Pmr: according to theory.

10 EXAMPLE 12

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine

To a solution of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione (178 mg, 0.44 mmole) in 20 ml of absolute ethanol was added at room temperature one spatula of moist (ethanol) Raney-nickel catalyst (freshly prepared according to Fieser and Fieser, "Reagents for Organic Synthesis", Vol. I, p. 729, John Wiley & Sons., inc. N.Y., 1967). The resulting suspension was protected from moisture and stirred rapidly for one hour. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate concentrated to give 150 mg of a yellow oil. Purification via silica gel chromatography (chloroform-methanol-ammonia 95:5:0.5 v/v) afforded the analytical sample.

TLC, HPLC: confirmed purity.

MS (20 ev): 369 (M⁺), 239, 212, 130, 83.

Pmr (CDCl₃); according to theory.

Elemental Analysis: C₂₄ H₂₀ FN 3 0.07 CHCl₃.

Calc'd. :

N, 11.12; C, 76.52; H, 5.35.

Found:

n, 10.90; C, 76.66; H, 5.59.

EXAMPLE 13

35 7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-benzyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (2.32 gm, 0.01 mol), Boc-D-Phenylalanine (2.65 gm, 0.01 mol), and DCC (10 ml of 1.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml). After filtration and evaporation, the crude solid was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 5 days, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H₂O (50 ml), and extracted with EtoAc (2 x 100 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Chromatography on silica gel eluted with 7.5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ gave a white foam which was crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 154-7°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.32, silica gel plate eluted with 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 100% pure by HPLC.

o Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁, ClN₂O:

C, 73.23; H, 4.75; N, 7.76; Cl, 9.83.

Found:

C, 73.59; H, 4.78; N, 7.95; Cl, 10.03.

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EXAMPLE 14

7-Chloro-1.3-dihydro-3(R)-(2-methyl-1-propyl)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (2.32 gm, 0.01 ml), Boc-D-Leucine monohydrate (2.49 gm, 0.01 mol), and DCC (10 ml of 1.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in CH₂Cl₂ - (25 ml). Filtration, concentration in vacuo and chromatography (silica gel, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) gave a yellow oil which was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 48 h, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H₂O (50 ml), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 7.5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude product gave a white foam which was crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 156-60°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.38, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The

NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 100% pure by HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C., H., CIN2O:

C, 69.82; H, 5.86; N, 8.57; Cl, 10.85.

Found:

C, 69.81; H, 5.84; N, 8.71; Cl, 11.20.

20

EXAMPLE 15

3(R)-Benzyloxymethyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

25

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (2.32 gm, 0.01 mol), N-Boc-O-Benzyl-D-serine (2.95 gm, 0.01 mol), and DCC (10 ml of 1.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml). Filtration, concentration in vacuo and chromatography (silica gel, CH₂Cl₂) gave a colorless oil which was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 5 days, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H₂O (50 ml), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 75% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude product gave a white foam which was crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 113-5°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 = 0.27, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of Et₂O and H₂O. The

compound was 100% pure by HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H1 CIN2O2 0.1 C4H1 O.0.25 H2O:

C, 69.78; H, 5.13; N, 6.96; Cl, 8.80.

o Found:

C, 69.53; H, 5.17; N, 6.99; Cl, 8.98.

EXAMPLE 16 .

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(4-benzyloxybenzyl)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (2.32 gm, 0.01 mol), N-Boc-O-Benzyl-D-Tyrosine (3.71 gm, 0.01 mol), and DCC (10 ml of 1.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml). After filtration and evaporation, the crude solid was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 5 days, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H₂O (75 ml), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 125 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₁, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 7.5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude product gave a white foam which was dried at 69°C in vacuo: (m.p. 97-101°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.37, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 99.5% pure by

HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₉ H₂₂ ClN₂O₂:

C. 74.59; H, 4.97; N, 6.00.

Found:

C. 74.52; H, 4.78; N, 6.01.

EXAMPLE 17

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(1-naphthyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (845 mg, 3.65 mmol), N-Boc-α-DL-naphthylalanine (1.15 gm, 3.65 mmol), and DCC (3.65 ml of 1.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in THF (5 ml). Filtration, concentration in vacuo and chromatography (silica gel, 1% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) gave a light yellow foam which was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 14 days, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H₂O (25 ml), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (25 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 3% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude product gave a white foam which was crystallized from hexane. The solid was dried in vacuo at 100°C: (m.p. 180-2°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.36, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 99.9% pure by HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H19 CIN2O:

C, 76.00; H, 4.66; H, 6.82; Cl, 8.63.

Found:

C, 75.99; H, 4.68; N, 6.65; Cl, 8.76.

EXAMPLE 18

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-naphthyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (845 mg, 3.65 mmol), N-Boc-β-DL-naphthylalanine (1.15 gm, 3.65 mmol), and DCC (3.65 ml of 1.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in THF (5 ml). Filtration, concentration in vacuo and chromatography (silica gel, 1% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) gave a foam which was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 24 hours, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H₂O (25 ml), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (25 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude product gave a foam which was crystallized from Et₂O/hexane. The solid was dried in vacuo at 100°C: (m.p. 140-2°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.38, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 99.7% pure by

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H15 CIN2O:

C, 76.00; H, 4.66; N, 6.82; Cl, 8.63.

Found

C, 75.77; H, 4.68; N, 6.77; Cl, 8.87.

EXAMPLE 19

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-thienyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (1.26 gm, 5.86 mmol), N-Boc-\$\textit{\theta}-(2-\thienyl)-DL-alanine (1.75 gm, 6.45 mmol), and DCC (6.45 ml of 1.0M solution in CH\(^1\)cl_1 in CH\(^1\)cl_2 (25 ml). Filtration, concentration in vacuo and flash chromatography (silica gel, 1% (v/v) Et\(^1\)C in CH\(^1\)cl_2) gave a white foam which was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. After stirring 3 days, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with H\(^1\)C (50 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO\(^1\), filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The resulting foam was crystallized from Et\(^1\)C to give the title compound as a white solid. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 189-91°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁ = 0.54, silica gel plate, 20% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂).

The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 97.9% pure by HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C20H15FN2OS:

C, 68.55; H, 4.32; N, 8.00.

Found:

C, 68.74; H, 4.47; N, 8.02.

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EXAMPLE 20

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(3-thienyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-2-fluorobenzophenone (1.59 g, 7.40 mmol), DL-α-Boc-amino-3-thiopheneacetic acid (2.0 gm, 7.77 mmol), and DCC (7.77 ml of 1.0M solution in CH₂Cl₂) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 ml). Filtration, concentration in vacuo and chromatography (silica gel, 3% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) gave a white foam which was deprotected (HCl/EtoAc, 00) and cyclized by heating (70°C oil bath) in MeOH for 48 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue crystallized from Et₂O. The compound was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 219-23°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.24, silica gel plate, 30% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 98.5% pure by HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₉H₁₂FN₂OS:

C, 67.84; H, 3.90; N, 8.33.

Found:

C, 67.75; H, 4.13; N, 7.98.

EXAMPLE 21

s 1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-β-(1'-t-Boc-L-leucyl)-indolenyl]methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-\$-indolenyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.259 mmol), N-Boc-L-Leucine monohydrate (64.7 mg, 0.259 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC, 49.8 mg, 0.259 mmol), and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (HBT, 35.0 mg, 0.259 mmol) were combined in freshly degassed dimethylformamide (DMF, 2 ml) and stirred at room temperature. The pH of the solution was adjusted to 9.0-9.5 with triethylamine (0.108 ml, 0.777 mmol) and stirring was continued for 24 hours. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with 10% Na₂CO₂ (aq). (20 ml) and extracted with EtOAC (2 x 30 ml). The combined extracts were washed with H₂O (20 ml) and brine (20 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 30% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane) to give the title compound as a foam. The foam was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 118-30°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.38, silica gel plate, 40% (vv) EtOAc in hexane). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of hexane. The compound was greater than 97% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 598.

5 Anal. Calc'd for C₃₅ H₃₉ FN₄O₄₋₁/3C₆H₁₄:

C, 70.83; H, 7.02; N, 8.93.

Found:

C, 70.93; H, 6.88; N, 8.94.

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EXAMPLE 22

 $1.3- Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-\beta-(1'-t-Boc-\underline{D}-leucyl)-indolenyl] methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and the sum of the property o$

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The procedure of Example 21 was carried out using the same reagents and amounts except N-Boc-D-leucine monohydrate was substituted for N-Boc-L-leucine monohydrate. After 24 hours a second portion of Boc-D-Leucine monohydrate (32 mg, 0.129 mmol), EDC (25 mg, 0.130 mmol), and HBT (17.5 mg; 0.130 mmol) was added and the pH readjusted to 9.0-9.5 with Et₃N. The reaction was worked up as in Example 21, and the title compound was obtained as a foam. This was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 135-48°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.37, silica gel plate, 40% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 87.5% pure by HPLC. Anal. Calc'd for C_{23} H_{23} FN_4O_4 :

C, 70.21; H, 6.57; N, 9.36.

Found:

C. 70.25; H. 6.89; N. 9.53.

30 EXAMPLE 23

 $1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-\alpha-(1'-t-Boc-L-leucyl)-indolenyl] methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and the sum of the sum$

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The procedure of Example 21 was carried out using the same reagents and quantities except 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'- α -indolenyl) methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one was substituted for the 3'- β -isomer. After 24 hours the reaction was worked up in the same manner and the title compound was obtained as a foam. This was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 130-48°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.39, silica gel plate, 40% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title compound. The compound was 91% pure by HPLC. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{35}FN_1O_4$:

C, 70.21; H, 6.57; N, 9.36.

Found:

C, 70.54; H, 6.98; N, 9.39.

EXAMPLE 24

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-α-(1'-t-Boc-D-leucyl)-indolenyl]methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 23 was carried out using the same reagents and quantities except Boc-D-teucine was substituted for Boc-L-teucine. After 24 hours the reaction was worked up in the same manner and the title compound was obtained as a white foam. This was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 130-145°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.39, silica gel plate, 40% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 95.1% pure by HPLC.

Anal. Calc'd for C₃₃ H₂₅ FN₄O₄: C. 70.21; H. 6.57; N. 9.36. Found: C. 70.31; H. 6.81; N. 9.67.

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EXAMPLE 25

7-Chloro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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7-Chloro-1,3,dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indoiyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one etherate (240 mg, 0.506 mmol) was dissolved in acetic acid (10 ml) and cooled to 10°C. To the yellow solution was added sodium cyanoborohydride (63.6 mg, 1.01 mmol) all at once. After stirring 15 minutes at 10°C, the reaction was diluted with H₂O (10 ml), basified with sat'd Na₂CO₂ (aq.), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 900/10/1/1 (v/v/v/v) of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HoAc) and the product fractions evaporated to dryness invacuo. The residue was dissolved in absolute ethanol, filtered, and treated with 5.37 M HCl in ethanol until the solution was acidic. The product crystallized as fine white needles which were dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 198-204°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.35, silica gel plate, 300/10/1/1 (v/v/v) CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HoAc). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of H₂O. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 401.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₀CIN₂O+HCl+0.75H₂O:

C, 63.79; H, 5.02; N, 9.30; Cl, 15.69. Found:

C, 63.59; H, 4.94; N, 9.39; Cl, 15.32.

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EXAMPLE 26

7-Chloro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (300 mg, 0.750 mmol) was dissolved in acetic acid (10 ml) and cooled to 10°C. To the yellow solution was added sodium cyanoborohydride (63.6 mg, 1.01 mmol) all at once. After stirring 15 minutes at 10°C, the reaction was diluted with H₂O (10 ml), basified with sat'd Na₂CO₃ (aq.), and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (10 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The crude residue was dissolved in absolute ethanol (3 ml), filtered, and treated with 5.37M ethanolic HCl until the solution was acidic. The product crystallized as fine white needles which were dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 198-204°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.30, silica gel plate, 300/10/1/1 (v/v/v/v) of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HoAc). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of H₂O and ethanol.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₅ClN₂O•HCl•0.5 H₂O.0.25 C₂H₅OH:

C, 64.12; H, 5.16; N, 9.16; Cl, 15.45.

o Found:

C, 63.91; H, 5.02; N, 9.01; Cl, 15.36.

EXAMPLE 27

4-(p-Chlorobenzoyi)-5-(2-fluorophenyi)-3(R)-[3'-(1'-methylindolyi)-methyi]-1-methyi-1.3.4.5-tetrahydro-2H-1.4benzodiazepin-2-one (A) and 4-acetyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-(1'-methylindolyl)-methyl]-1-methyl-1,3,4,5tetrahydro-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (B)

The procedure of Example 25 was carried out using 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-(1'-methylindolyi)-methyl]-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (1.0 gm, 2,43 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (305 mg, 4,86 mmol) in glacial acetic acid (4 ml). The crude reduction product obtained upon evaporation of the EtOAc extracts was used without further purification.

Α

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The crude reduction product (200 mg, 0.484 mmol) was partitioned between CH₂Cl₂ (6 ml) and H₂O (5 ml) and cooled to 0°C. 1N NaOH (0.73 ml) was added, followed by p-chlorobenzoyl chloride (.092 ml, 0.726 mmol). After 24 hours at ambient temperature, a second portion of 1N NaOH (0.50 ml) and p-chlorobenzoyl chloride (.045 ml, 0.354 mmol) was added, and after 24 hours a third portion of 1N NaOH (50 ml) and pchlorobenzoylchloride (.045 ml, 0.354 mmol) was added. After another 24 hours, the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with 10% NaHCO₃ (10 ml), H₂O (10 mi), and brine (10 ml), dried over MgSO. filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude residue gave a foam which was crystallized from Et₂O. The compound was dried in vacuo at 78°C: (m.p. 237-43°C).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₇FCIN₂O₂.0.05 Et₂O: C, 71.75; H, 4.99; N, 7.56; Cl, 6.38.

.Found:

C, 71.84; H, 5.28; N, 7.92; Cl, 6.63.

The compound showed a single spot by TLC ($R_1 = 0.50$, silica gel plate, 4% (v/v) Et_zO in CH_zCl_z). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of Et₂O. The compound was greater than 99% pure by HPLC.

35 B:

> The crude reduction product (200 mg, 0.484 mmol) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml) and 3 portions of acetyl chloride (each 0.026 ml, 0.363 mmoi) and triethylamine (0.35 ml, 0.363 mmoi) were added at 3 hour intervals. Water (2 ml) was then added and the mixture was extracted with CH2Cl2 (3 x 10 ml). The combined organic layers, were washed with 10% Na₂CO₃ (aq.) (10 ml), H₂O (10 ml) and brine (10 ml), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. Chromatography (sillca gel, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) of the crude residue gave a white foam which was crystallized from Et.O. The compound was dried in vacuo at 78°C: (m.p. 214-216.5°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.41, silica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 99.5% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 455.

Anal. Calc'd for C29H25FN2O2:

C, 73.82; H, 5.75; N, 9.23.

Found:

C, 73.62; H, 5.93; N, 9.22.

EXAMPLE 28

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7-Chloro-5-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-2',5-dichlorobenzophenone (2.66 g, 0.01 mole), Boc-D-tryptophan (3.04 g, 0.01 mole), and DCC (10 ml of 1 M solution in methylene chloride) in THF (15 ml). The crude product obtained after filtration and evaporation of the mixture was chromatographed on silica gel (230-400 mesh, 9 inch (23 cm) column 55 mm diameter), using methylene chloride followed by 5% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride. The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo to give the product as a foam. This material was deprotected and cyclized using the procedure of Example 2. The cyclization in this case required 15 days. At the end of this time the mixture was evaporated in vacuo, treated with water (10 ml), and extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 50 ml). The methylene chloride layers were dried over potassium carbonate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo to give the crude product as a foam. This material was chromatographed on silica gel (230-400 mesh, 8 inch (20 cm) column, 25 mm diameter, elution with methylene chloride followed by 10% (viv) ether/methylene chloride). The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo and the residue crystallized from ether by addition of cyclohexane. The title compound was obtained as a white solid which was dried in vacuo at 80°: (mp 140-170° (d)).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC ($R_1 = 0.61$, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 433. The compound was 98% pure by HPLC.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂, H₁, Cl₂N₃O:

C, 66.37; H, 3.94; N, 9.68; Found:

C, 66.70; H, 4.05; N, 9.61.

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EXAMPLE 29

1,3-Dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indoly1)methyl-5-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-aminobenzophenone (1.35 g, 0.01 mole), Boc-D-tryptophan (3.04 g, 0.01 mole), and DCC (10 ml of 1M solution in methylene chloride) in THF (15 ml). The mixture was filtered, evaporated in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel (230-400 mesh, 9 inch (23 cm) column, 55 mm diameter) eluted with methylene chloride followed by 5%, 7-1/2% and 8% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride. The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo and the residue was deprotected and cyclized by the procedure of Example 2. The cyclization required seven days. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo and partitioned between water and methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layers were washed twice with water, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (230-400 mesh, 11 inch (28 cm) column, 25 mm diameter, 1:1 and 2:1 (v/v) ether/methylene chloride elution). The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo to provide the title compound: (mp 185-190°). The compound was dried in vacuum at 100° overnight.

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 =0.29, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 303. The compound was 95.6% pure by HPLC.

Analysis Calc'd for: C₁₉H₁₇N₂O•0.1H₂O: C, 74.78; H, 5.68; N, 13.78;

Found:

C, 74.60; H, 6.08; N, 13.74.

EXAMPLE 30

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1-Benzyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl) methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one etherate (0.1 g, 0.22 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, and 50% sodium hydride in mineral oil (0.015 g, 0.31 mmole) in dry DMF (2 ml). In place of methyl iodide, benzyl bromide (0.058 g, 0.34 mmole) was added to the mixture. Chromatography on a 6 inch (15 cm), 15 mm diameter silica gel column with 5% (vv) ether/methylene chloride elution and evaporation of the product fractions gave a residue which was recrystallized from cyclohexane to provide the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 60°: (mp ca. 80° (indistinct)).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R₁=0.66, silica gel plate eluted with 10% (viv) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of approximately 1/2 mole of cyclohexane. The compound was 100% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 489.

Analysis Calc'd for: C₃, H₂₄ CIN₃O•0.5C₆H₁₂:

C, 76.74; H, 5.68; N, 7.90; Cl, 6.66;

Found:

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C, 76.83; H, 5.71; N, 7.79; Cl, 6.72.

EXAMPLE 31

5 7-Chloro-1,3-Dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one etherate (0.1 g, 0.22 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 50% sodium hydride in mineral oil (0.014 g, 0.29 mmole), and methyl iodide (0.045 g, 0.32 mmole) in DMF (2 ml). Chromatography on a six inch (15 cm), 15 mm diameter silica gel column provide the title compound which, after evaporation and in vacuo, was dissolved in acetone, precipitated with water and filtered. The resulting solid was dried in vacuo at 70°:(mp 134-152 (indistinct)).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_1 = 0.22, silica gel plate eluted with 5% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 98.9% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 413. Analysis Calc'd for: $C_{23}H_{20}CIN_2O$:

C, 72.54; H, 4.87; N, 10.15; Cl, 8.57;

Found:

C, 72.38; H, 4.88, N, 10.20; Cl, 8.32.

45 EXAMPLE 32

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(S)-3'-indolyl) methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 0.7 g (3.25 mmole) of 2-amino-2'-fluoroben-zophenone, 0.99 g, (3.25 mmole) of Boc-L-tryptophan, and 3.25 ml (3.25 mmole) of 1M DCC/CH, Cl, in 5 ml of THF. The product obtained by silica gel chromatography (10 inch (25 cm) column, 25 mm diameter, methylene chloride and 2% and 3% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride elution) was deprotected and cyclized according to the procedure of Example 2. The cyclization required three days. The resulting mixture was evaporated in vacuo, partitioned between water and methylene chloride, and separated. The aqueous layer was extracted twice with methylene chloride, and the combined methylene chloride layers were washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was recrystallized from

acetone/ether, and the resulting solid dried in vacuo at 100°: (mp 255-257°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.59$, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) methylene chloride ether. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 383. The compound was 99.3% pure by HPLC.

Analysis Calc'd for C24 H12 FN2O: C. 75.18; H. 4.73; N. 10.96;

Found:

C. 75.45; H, 4.71; N. 11.11.

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EXAMPLE 33

1-Benzyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl) methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(S)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one etherate (0.1 g, 0.22 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 50% sodium hydride in mineral oil (0.014 g, 0.29 mmole), and benzyl bromide (0.058 g. 0.34 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The reaction was run in 1.5 mi of dry DMF. Silica gel chromatography (8 inch (20 cm) column, 15 mm diameter, methylene chloride and 5% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride elution)) and evaporation of the product fractions in vacuo gave the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 60°: (mp 80-120° (indistinct)).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.40$, silica gel plate eluted with 5% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed 1/2 mole of cyclohexane. The compound was 99.3% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 489.

Analysis Calc'd for C₃, H₂₄ CIN₂ O 1/2 C₄H₁₂:

C, 76.74; H, 5.68; N, 7.90; Cl, 6.66;

Found:

35

C, 76.56; H, 5.67; N, 7.86; Cl, 7.00.

EXAMPLE 34

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyi)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one etherate (1.0 g. 2.1 mmole) and P₂S₅ (0.51 g, 2.3 mmole) were combined in dry pyridine (16 ml) and heated at reflux for 40 minutes. Pyridine was removed by evaporation in vacuo and the residue treated with ice water and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride layers were combined, dried over potassium carbonate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo to give a foam. This material was chromatographed on silica gel (9 inch (23 cm) column, 25 mm diameter, 15% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride elution), and the product fractions evaporated. The residue was recrystallized from acetone/ethyl acetate and the solid dried in vacuo at 90°: (mp 279-280°).

The compound showed a single spot by thin layer chromatography ($R_{\rm f}$ = 0.32, silica gel plate eluted with 10% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 98.6% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 415. Analysis Calc'd for C24 H12 CIN2S:

C, 69.30; H, 4.36; N, 10.10; S, 7.71; Found:

C. 69.39; H, 4.39; N. 10.14; S, 7.46.

55

EXAMPLE 35

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl) methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-[N'-(3-thienoyl)] hydrazide

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione (0.28 g, 0.7 mmole) and 3-thienoyl chloride (0.1 g, 0.7 mmole) were combined in ether (5 ml) and THF (1 ml) and stirred at room temperature. After one hour the mixture was filtered and evaporated in vacuo, and the residue chromatographed on silica gel (8 inch (20 cm) column, 25 mm diameter, 1-1/2% followed by 3% (vv) methanol/methylene chloride elution). The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo and the resulting solid dried in vacuo at 70°: (mp 207-209°()).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC (R_t=0.4, silica gel plate eluted with 5% (v/v) methanol/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 92% pure by HPLC.

Analysis Calc'd for C25 H22 FN, OS 0.2H2O:

C, 68.13; H, 4.42; N, 13.70;

Found:

C, 68.19; H, 4.30; N, 13.91.

20 EXAMPLE 36

1,3-Dihydro-1-ethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using ethyl iodide (0.35 g, 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. Silica gel chromatography followed by evaporation in vacuo gave the product which was dried at room temperature in vacuo (mp 95-113°).

The compound showed a single spot by thin layer chromatography (R₁ = 0.44, silica gel plate eluted with 10% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed the presence of approximately 0.15 mole of methylene chloride. The compound was 95.3% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at me = 411.

Analysis Calc'd for: C₂₄ H₂₂ FN₂O=0.15CH₂Cl₂:

C, 74.04; H, 5.30; N, 9.91;

35 Found:

25

C, 74.17; H, 5.22; N, 10.02.

EXAMPLE 37

1-Cyclopropylmethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using cyclopropylmethylbromide (0.30 g, 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The product obtained by chromatography and evaporation was recrystallized from a mixture of methylene, chloride, ether, and hexane, and the resulting solid dried in vacuo at 80°: (mp 207.5 - 208.5°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.26$, silica gel plate eluted with 4% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 99.6% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 437. Analysis Calc'd for $C_{22}H_{24}FN_3O^{\circ}0.07CH_2CI_2$:

C, 76.02; H, 5.49; N, 9.48;

Found:

55

C, 75.96; H, 5.42; N, 9.30.

EXAMPLE 38

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl) methyl-1-pentyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1-bromopentane (0.34 g, 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The product obtained after silica gel chromatography and evaporation was crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 80°: (mp 150-151°).

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography ($R_{\rm f}=0.37$, silica gel plate eluted with 4% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 99.9% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at me = 453.

Analysis Calc'd for: C₂₉ H₂₂ FN₂O: C, 76.79; H, 6.22; N, 9.26;

Found:

C, 76.64; H, 6.39; N. B.83.

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EXAMPLE 39

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl) methyl-1-(3-methylbutyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one

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The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1-bromo-3-methylbutane (0.34 g. 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The product obtained after silica gel chromatography and evaporation was crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 80°: (mp = 198-199.5°).

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography ($R_1 = 0.30$, silica gel plate eluted with 4% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed the presence of 0.2 mole of ether. The compound was 99.9% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 453. Analysis Calc'd for: $C_2 H_{10} P_{12} P_{13} P_{14} P_{15} P_{$

C, 76.42; H, 6.46; N, 8.97;

Found:

C, 76.52; H, 6.38; N, 9.01.

35 EXAMPLE 40

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 2.2,2-trifluoroethyl iodide (0.47 g. 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. Following addition of the trifluoroethyl iodide, the reaction was heated for 18 hours in an oil bath thermostatted at 65°. Workup and chromatography as described in Example 4 gave a product which was recrystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 80°: (mp 189-192°).

The compound showed a single component by thin layer chromatography (R_i) = 0.50, silica gel plate eluted with 5% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 99.2% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 465. Analysis Calc'd for: $C_{25}H_{16}F_4N_2O$:

C, 67.09; H, 4.11; N, 9.03;

a Found:

C, 67.32; H, 4.31; N, 8.98.

EXAMPLE 41

1,3-Dihydro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-(2-fluorophenyl) 3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1-chloro-2-(dimethylamino)propane (0.24 g, 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. Following addition of the chloride, the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 5 days and then worked up as described in Example 4. The chromatographed product was crystallized from methylene chloride/hexane and the resulting solid dried in vacuo at 80°: (mp 200-201°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.30$, silica gel plate eluted with 5% (v/v) methanol/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 99.6% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 454. Analysis Calc'd for: $C_{11}H_{12}FN_4O$:

C, 73.98; H, 5.99; N, 12.33;

Found:

C, 73.92; H, 6.00; N, 11.28.

EXAMPLE 42

1,3-Dihydro-1-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using ethyl bromoacetate (0.38 g, 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The chromatographed product was evaporated and dried in vacuo at room temperature: (mp 88-100°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_f = 0.42$, silica gel plate eluted with 10% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed the presence of 0.24 mole of methylene chloride. The compound was 92.6% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 469.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂₂H₂₄FN₂O 3 0.24CH₂Cl₂:

C, 69.23; H, 5.04; N, 8.58;

Found:

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an

C, 69.14; H, 5.09; N, 8.87.

EXAMPLE 43

1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-1-(ethoxycarbonyimethylene)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (83.2 mg, 0.177 mmole), and 1 molar sodium hydroxide (0.18 ml, 0.18 mmole) were combined in 1 ml of methanol and stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The solution was acidified with 1 molar hydrochloric acid, and the mixture evaporated in vacuo. The residue was taken up in methylene chloride, washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo to dryness. The residue was triturated with ether followed by petroleum ether, and filtered to give the product which was dried in vacuo at 80°; (mp 175-180° ()).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_I = 0.52$, silica gel plate eluted with 90:10:1:1 (v/v/v/v) methylene chloride/methanol/acetic acid/water). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed the presence of both ether and hexane. The compound was 97.2% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 441.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂₆H₂₀FN₂O 3 0.1C₆H₁₀O 0.04C₆H₁₆.H₂O:

C, 68.02; H, 5.05; N, 8.94;

Found:

C. 67.91; H, 5.04; N, 8.92.

EXAMPLE 44

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-(1'-methylindolyl)methyl]-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The method of Example 4 was employed except that the starting material was 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (1.3 g, 3.3 mmole). Fifty percent sodium hydride in mineral oil (0.16 g, 3.3 mmole) and methyl iodide (0.47 g, 3.3 mmole) were employed in 10 ml of dry DMF. Following workup and chromatography as in Example 4, the product was obtained having physical properties identical to those reported in Example 4.

EXAMPLE 45

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[3'-(1'-p-chlorobenzyloylindolyl)methyl]-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1.3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)-methyl-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.345 g. 0.87 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, and p-chlorobenzoyl chloride (0.28 g. 1.5 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The reaction, employing 0.047 g (0.97 mmole) of 50% sodium hydride in mineral oil, was carried out in 10 ml of dry DMF. Silica gel chromatography as described in Example 4, followed by evaporation in vacuo and trituration with hexane, gave a solid which was dried in vacuo at 50°: (mp 75° ()).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.57$, silica gel plate eluted with 4% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of approximately 0.3 mole of hexane. The compound was 99.3% pure by HPLC.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₂ FCIN₃O.0.3C₆H₁₄:

C, 72.25; H, 4.88; N, 7.48; Cl, 6.31;

Found:

C, 72.42; H, 5.02; N, 7.50; Cl, 6.55.

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EXAMPLE 46

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-[3'(1'-benzylindolyl)methyl] 1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 45 was carried out using 0.042 g (0.88 mmole) of 50% sodium hydride, and benzylbromide (0.16 g, 0.92 mmole) in place of p-chlorobenzoyl chloride. Reaction was conducted in 4 ml of dry DMF. Following silica gel chromatography and evaporation, the product was recrystallized from cyclohexane and dried in vacuo at 60°: (mp 77-80° (indistinct)).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.59$, silica gel plate eluted with 5% (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed the presence of 1/3 mole of cyclohexane. The compound was 98.7% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 503.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₆ ClN₂Oe1/3C₆H₁₂:

C, 76.75; H, 5.68; N, 7.90; Cl, 6.66;

Found:

C, 76.50; H, 5.74; N, 7.59; Cl, 6.90.

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EXAMPLE 47

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[1-hydroxy-1-(3'-indolyl)]methyl-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The lithium salt of 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (1.25 g, 5 mmole) was made according to the procedure of J. Org. Chem. 46, 3945 (1981) using 1.01 g (10 mmole) of dilsopropylamine, and 6.7 ml of a 1.5 molar solution (10 mmole) of n-butylithium in hexane. This anion solution was added by syringe to a solution of 0.725 g (5 mmole) of indole-3-carboxaldehyde in 15 ml of dry THF stirred under nitrogen in a dry ice-acetone bath. The mixture was warmed to room temperature, stirred for 1 1.2 hours and then quenched by the addition of saturated sodium chloride solution. The mixture was separated and the aqueous layer extracted twice with methylene chloride (2 x 10 ml). The organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (230-400 mesh, 8 inch (20 cm) column, 25 mm diameter, 1:1 ether/methylene chloride elution). The evaporated product fractions were crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 70°: (mp 218-221°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.30$, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 90% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at me = 395. Analysis Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{11}N_1O_2^*$ 0.25 $H_{12}O_2^*$.

C, 75.07; H, 5.42; N, 10.51;

Found:

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C, 75.04; H, 5.50; N, 10.59.

25 EXAMPLE 48

1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-3-(RS)-(3-thienoyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 47 was carried out using thiophene-3-carbonyl chloride (730 mg, 5.0 mmol) in place of indole-3-carboxaldehyde. Following chromatography (silica gel, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂), the product was evaporated to dryness and crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 205-8°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC ($R_1 = 0.54$, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 92.4% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 360. Anal. Calc'd for C_2 , H_{18} N_2 O₂S:

C, 69.98; H, 4.47; N, 7.77.

Found:

C, 70.27; H, 4.64; N, 7.69.

EXAMPLE 49

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-[1-hydroxy-1-(3-thienyl)]methyl-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 47 was carried out using thiophene-3-carboxaldehyde (560 mg, 5.0 mmol) in place of indole-3-carboxaldehyde. Following chromatography (silica gel, 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂), the product was evaporated to dryness and crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 189-91°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC ($R_1 = 0.36$, silica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 99.0% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 362.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂. H₁₈N₂O₃S: C, 69.59; H. 5.01; N. 7.73. Found: C, 69.62; H. 5.01; N. 7.57.

EXAMPLE 50

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[1-hydroxy-1-[3-(1-methylindolyl)]]-methyl-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (two stereoisomers, A and B)

The procedure of Example 47 was carried out using 1-methylindole-3-carboxaldehyde (797 mg, 5.0 mmol) in place of indole-3-carboxaldehyde. The product diastereomers were separated by chromatography (silica gel. 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) and evaporated to dryness.

20 <u>A:</u>

The faster running component (TLC-R₁ = 0.41, silica gel plate, 60% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane) was crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 218-21°C).

The compound showed a single spot by TLC. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was greater than 96.7% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 409.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H22 N2 O2:

C, 76.26; H, 5.66; N, 10.26.

Found:

C, 76.26; H, 5.84; H, 10.34.

<u>B:</u>

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The slower running component (TLC-R₁=0.30, silica gel plate, 60% (v/v) EtOAc in hexane) was crystallized from Et₂O. The solid was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 125-30°C).

The compound was a single spot by $\overline{\text{TLC}}$. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and enfirmed the presence of Et_2O . The compound was greater than 95.7% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e = 409).

Anal. Calc'd for C26 H22 N2 O2.0.9C6 H10 O:

C, 74.66; H, 6.77; N, 8.83.

Found:

C, 74.61; H, 6.80; N, 9.10.

EXAMPLE 51

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(1-hydroxy-1-phenyl)methyl-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 47 was carried out using benzyldehyde (0.53 g, 5 mmole) in place of indole-3-carboxaldehyde. The chromatographed product was crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 70°: (mp 192-193°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_1 = 0.53$, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure and showed the presence of 0.1 mole of ether. The compound was 99.9% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a

molecular ion at m/e = 338. Analysis Calc'd for $C_{22}H_{20}N_1O_2^*$ 0.1C₄H_{∞}O: C, 77.24; H, 5.82; N, 7.70: Found: C, 77.11; H. 5.83; N, 7.93.

EXAMPLE 52

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[1-hydroxy-1-(2-thienyl)]methyl-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 47 was carried out using 2-thiophene-carboxaldehyde (0.56 g, 5 mmole) in place of indole-3-carboxaldehyde. The chromatographed and evaporated product was crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 70°: (mp 184-185°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC ($R_{\rm I}$ = 0.54, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) ether/methylene chloride). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 99.8% pure by HPLC.

Analysis Calc'd for C2, H12N2O2S:

C, 69.59; H, 5.01; N, 7.73;

Found:

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C. 69.59; H. 5.10; N. 8.06.

EXAMPLE 53

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-hydroxy-1-methyl-5-phenyl-3-(3'-thienoyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (A) and 1,5-Dihydro-5-(RS)-hydroxy-1-methyl-5-phenyl-3-(3'-thienoyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (B)

The procedure of Example 47 was carried out using 0.75 g (5 mmole) of 3-thienoyl chloride in place of indole-3-carboxaldehyde. In this reaction, the THF employed was subsequently shown to contain significant quantities of organic peroxides. Workup and chromatography as in Example 47 provided two products each of which was evaporated in vacuo and crystallized from ether.

40 <u>A:</u>

The first product obtained was A, which was dried in vacuo at 70°: (mp 193-194°).

The compound showed a single component by TLC (R_1 = 0.57, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 (v/v) methylene/chloride ether). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The compound was 99.4% pure by HPLC. The mass spectrum showed a molecular ion at m/e=376. The infrared spectrum showed a strong absorption at 1675 cm $^{-1}$.

Analysis Calc'd for C21 H16 N2O2S:

C, 67.00; H, 4.28; N, 7.44;

Found

C, 67.04; H, 4.37; N, 7.49.

B:

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The second compound obtained was \underline{B} , which was dried in vacuo at 70°: (mp 173-175°). The compound showed a single component by TLC (R_i = 0.64, silica gel plate eluted with 1:1 methylene chloride/ether). The NMR spectrum was consistent with the title structure. The mass spectrum

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showed a molecular ion at m/e = 376. The compound was 99.6% pure by HPLC. The infrared spectrum showed strong absorption at 1695 and 1720 cm⁻¹.

Analysis Calc'd for C2. H.4 N22O2S:

C, 67.00; H, 4.28; N, 7.44;

Found:

C, 66.91; H, 4.46; N, 7.32.

EXAMPLE 54

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7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-[(2',3'-dihydro-2'-oxo-1'H-indol-3'-yl)methyl]-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-indolylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (200 mg, 0.5 mmol) was dissolved in DMSO (4.8 g, 10 mmol) followed by the addition of concentrated HCI (5 mmol). The molar ratio of DMSO to HCI was 2:1. Additional reagents were added to drive the reaction to completion. The additions were:

0.71 ml DMSO 1.54 ml DMSO

0.4 ml HCl 0.75 ml HCl

When little starting material remained, the reaction was poured into an Erlenmeyer flask with water (20 ml), and 5 g of NaHCO₃ was added. Water (100 ml) was added and the mixture was extracted with 4x50 ml of n-butanol. The n-butanol solution was washed with water (3x100 ml). The n-butanol solution was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in ether and purified by preparative TLC.

The product was a pair of diasteriomers; the NMR spectrum was consistent with the title compound. HPLC indicated two components: 54% and 43%.

TLC in 95/5/0.5 CHCl₂-MeOH-H₂O R₁ = 0.3 (silica gel GF)

Mass Spec. gave a (M+1) at 416.

EXAMPLE 55

7-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-[(3'-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-imidazol-5'-yl)-methyl]-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-

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Boc-DNP-D-Histidine (1.7 g, 4 mmol) and 2-amino-5-chlorobenzophenone (0.9 g, 4 mmol) were combined in 10 ml of THF and stirred until a clear orange solution was obtained. 4.3 mL of DCC (1M) in THF was added and the reaction was stirred overnight. The reaction was filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on a silica gel 60 column with a 90:10 chloroform ether solvent system.

The resultant t-BOC protected compound was dissolved in 30 ml of ethyl acetate. The solution was cooled to -25°C. HCl gas was added until the solution was saturated. The temperature was allowed to rise to 0°C. When the reaction was complete by TLC, the ethyl acetate was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in methanol. The pH of the solution was adjusted with 10% aqueous sodium hydroxide to pH 9. After the reaction stirred overnight, the solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on a silica gel 60 column with chloroform, to give the title compound.

HPLC: 91%.

TLC: R_f = 0.6 in 90/10/1 CHCl₃-MeOH-aqueous ammonia (silica gel GF)

Mass Spec. molecular ion at 516.

NMR agreed with the title compound.

Elemental analysis for C₂₅ H₁₇CIN₆O₅ .1.8H₂O

Calcd:

55

C, 54.65; H, 3.82; N, 15.30.

Observed:

C, 54.38; H, 3.89; N, 15.31.

EXAMPLE 56

7-Chloro-1.3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-imidazol-5'-yl)methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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This compound was obtained as a second product from the reaction sequence of Example 55. This material, which had a positive Sanger test for histidine, eluted from the silica column after the compound of Example 55, HPLC: 87%.

TLC: R_t-0.3 in 90/10/1-MeOH-aqueous ammonia (silica gel GF).

Mass Spec. molecular ion at 350.

NMR was consistent with the title compound.

Elemental Analysis for: C₁₀ H₁₅ CIN₄O 0.93 H₂O 0.28NH₃

Calcd:

61.29; H, 4.79; N, 16.33.

Found:

C, 61.68; H, 5.12; N, 16.61.

20 EXAMPLE 57

3(RS)-[3'-(5'-Bromoindolyl)methyl]-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

25

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The synthesis was carried out as described for Example 55 starting with Boc-5-bromo-DL-tryptophan and 2-aminobenzophenone. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel) using 90/10 chloroform-ether as the elution solvent.

HPLC: 99%.

Elemental analysis calcd:

N, 8.91; C, 61.15; H, 4.41

Found:

N, 8.43; C, 61.43; H. 4.29.

Mass Spec. molecular ion at 443.

NMR: The NMR was in agreement with the title compound.

EXAMPLE 58

40 5-0-Carboxyphenyl-1,3-dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

2-Amino-2-carboxybenzophenone (2.41 g, 10 mmol) was suspended in THF, CH₂Cl₂, EtOAc and tryptophanyl chloride hydrochloride (2.59 g, 10 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature until reaction was complete by TLC. A solid was collected by filtration, dried, and dissolved in 40 ml of methanol. The pH of the solution was adjusted to a pH of 8-10 with 10% aqueous sodium hyroxide. After standing at room temperature for about 3 days, the solution was acidified to a pH of about 3. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in 95/5 CHCl₃/CH₂OH and flash chromatographed on a silica gel 60 column with a 95:5 and 90:10 chloroform-methanol solvent system to give the title compound.

HPLC: 96%.

Elemental analysis calcd:

C, 61.73; H, 3.97; N, 8.38

ss Found:

C, 61.70; H, 4.09; N, 8.48.

Mass Spec. molecular ion observed at 409.

NMR: The spectrum agreed with the title compound.

EXAMPLE 59

1.3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[3'-(5'-fluoroindolyl)methyl]-5-o-fluorophenyl_2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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5-Fluorotryptophyl chloride hydrochloride (1.38 g, 5 mmole), prepared from 5-fluoro-<u>DL</u>-tryptophan and PCl_s in acetylchloride, was suspended in 15 ml of THF. 2-Amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone 1.07 g (5.0 mmol) was added to the stirred mixture. After stirring overnight the solvent was evaporated and the solid was dissolved in 50 ml of methanol. The pH of the solution was adjusted to 8-9 with 10% aqueous sodium hydroxide. The solution stood for 24 hours at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated and the crude reaction product was purified by flash chromatography with 98:2 chloroform/methanol to give the title compound.

TLC: R₁ = 0.3 in 97:3 CHCl₃/CH₃OH (silica gel GF).

Elemental analysis calcd for C₂₄ H₁₇F₂N₂O .0.18CHCl₃ C. 68.75; H, 4.10; N, 9.94

Found:

C, 68.78; H, 4.04; N, 9.85.

NMR was in agreement with the title compound.

20

EXAMPLE 60

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[3'-(6'-fluoroindolyl)methyl]-5-o-fluorophenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The compound was prepared according to the procedure of Example 59, using 6-fluorotryptophyl chloride hydrochloride in place of the 5-fluoro compound.

The final product was obtained as a solid which crystallized in pure form from chloroform.

TLC: R₁=0.4 in 97:3 CHCI;/CH₂OH (silica gel GF)

Elemental analysis calcd:

C, 70.62; H, 4.20; N, 10.26

Found

C, 70.62; H, 4.10; N, 10.25.

NMR was in agreement with the title compound.

EXAMPLE 61

2-N-[2(RS)3-bis-(Boc-amino)propanoyl]amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone

The procedure of Example 1 was carried out using 2-amino-2-fluorobenzophenone (430 mg, 2.0 mmole), 2-(R.S),3-bis-(Boc-amino)propionic acid (617 mg, 2.03 mmole), and dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (2.03 ml of a 1.0 M solution in methylene chloride) in 10 ml of methylene chloride. Filtration, concentration in vacuo and flash chromatography (silica gel, 10% ethyl ether in methylene chloride) gave a foam, the PMR spectrum of which was consistent with the title compound.

--

EXAMPLE 62

2-N-[2(RS)-3-diphthalylaminopropanoyl]amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone

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2-Amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (2.10 g, 9.8 mmole) was reacted with 2,3-diphthalylaminopropionyl

chloride (5 g, 9.8 mmole) in 100 ml of tetrahydrofuran. After 2.5 hours the reaction mixture was rotoevaporaed to give 7 g of a yellow foam. The foam was heated for 30 minutes in 6N hydrochloric acid (100ml) and the resulting off-white solid collected and dried. Recrystallization from ethyl acetate afforded the analytical sample, m.p. 210.5-211.5°. NMR (CD₂OD): in agreement with title compound. Analysis Calc'd for $C_{22}H_{20}FN_2O_6$

N, 7.48; C, 68.45; H, 3.59.

Found:

N. 7.46; C. 68.59; H. 3.63.

10

EXAMPLE 63

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 2 was carried out in which 2-N-[2(RS)-((1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl)amino-3-((1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl)amino-propancyl]amino-2-fluorobenzophenone (600 mg, 1.2 mmole) was reacted in succession with excess HCl gas in ethyl acetate (15 ml) at 0° and then sodium hydroxide (0.1M solution) in aqueous methanol (10 ml). The pH of the reaction mixture was approximately 9.0. Work-up afforded the title compound as a solid, mp 168-169°; in 90% yield.

NMR (CDCl₃): Spectrum in agreement with title compound.

MS (14 ev.): 283 (MT) 253.

Analysis Calc'd for C16 H14 FN2O+0.05C6H14

N, 14.61; C, 68.07; H, 5.15.

Found:

N, 14.87; C, 68.21; H, 5.33.

O EXAMPLE 64

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

35

2-N-[2(RS),3-diphthalylaminopropanoyl]amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (1.07 g. 1.90 mmole) was suspended in 55 ml of methanol and treated with 1 ml of 95% hydrazine. The reaction mixture was protected from moisture and stirred at room temperature. Within one hour, the reaction mixture became homogeneous. On further reaction, phthalhydrazide precipitated from solution. After 14 hours, the reaction was filtered and the filtrate concentrated. The residue was partitioned between methylene chloride and water; the organic phase was washed with water until it was free of hydrazine (Tollen's reagent negative), then dried and concentrated to give 480 mg of an oil which crystallized on standing. Trituration of the resulting solid with ether gave the analytical sample, m.p. 168-169°, identical spectroscopically with the material prepared in Example 63.

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EXAMPLE 65

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(4-amino)butyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 64 was followed whereby 2-N-[2(R),6-diphthalylaminohexanoyl]amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (5.4 g) was deprotected and cyclized with 10 ml of 95% hydrazine in 150 ml of methanol. Workup afforded 1.35 g of product which was purified via silica gel chromatography (chloroform-methanol-ammonia, 80:30:4 v/v). NMR (CDCl₂): in agreement with title compound.

Analysis Calc'd for C₁, H₂₀FN₂O • 0.17CHCl₃ N, 12.15; C. 66.60; H, 5.88. Found: N, 12.32; C. 66.66; H, 6.05.

5

EXAMPLE 66

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(benzyloxycarbonyl)aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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To a solution of 50 ml of methylene chloride containing 260 mg (0.91 mmol) of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 224 mg (1.83 mmol) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine was added 0.51 ml (3.57 mmol) of benzylchloroformate. The resulting reaction mixture was allowed to stand at room temperature overnight and then was diluted with methylene chloride (200 ml). The reaction was then washed in succession with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and brine, then dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residual oil was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-ammonia, 95:5:0.5 v/v elution) to afford 370 mg of the analytical product, m.p. 88° (soften), 90-92°C.

TLC: Single component, $R_1 = 0.35$ (95:5:0.5, chloroform - methanol - ammonia).

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H20 FN2O2.1/4 H2O

N, 9.96; C, 68.32; H, 4.89;

5 Found

N, 9.86; C, 68.45; H, 5.15.

EXAMPLE 67

30

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(3-thiophenecarbonyl)aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dlhydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (140 mg, 0.49 mmole) and 3-thiophenecarbonyl chloride (88 mg, 0.60 mmole) were dissolved in 10 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. To this solution was added 69 £1 of triethylamine. After addition was complete, stirring was continued for 15 minutes more and the reaction mixture was partitioned between ethylacetate (60 ml) and sodium bicarbonate solution (sat.). The organic phase was washed with 10% sodium hydroxide solution (1 x 20 ml) and then with 10% hydrochloric acid solution. From this acidic solution were deposited off-white crystals, after overnight standing. The solid was washed with water and dried to give 140 mg of the analytical product, mp 237-240° (An additional 70 mg of product was obtained as the free base after concentration of the organic extracts.) The analytical product was greater than 98% pure by HPLC. MS (14 ev.): 393 (M-HCl), 266.

NMR (DMSO-d₆): in agreement with title compound.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂, H,, CIFN₂O₂S:

N, 9.77; C, 58.67; H, 3.98.

Found:

N, 9.89; C, 58.75; H, 4.17.

50

EXAMPLE 68

1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indole carbonylaminomethyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyi)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (80 mg. 0.282 mmole)

and indole-2-carbonyl chloride (53 mg, 0.30 mmol) were mixed in 5 ml of methylene chloride at room temperature. The homogeneous reaction mixture was protected from moisture and treated with 42 £1 (0.30 mmole) of triethylamine. Within five min., triethylamine hydrochloride precipitated. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperatre overnight and then partitioned between methylene chloride and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The resulting solid was collected, washed with water and dried over P₂O₅ at 70°C. In this way, 39 mg of the analytical product was obtained, m.p.: 315-317° (d).

NMR(DMSO- d_e): Consistent with the title structure. MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 426.

Anal. calc'd for C25 H10 FN4O 2 1.25 H2O

C, 66.88; H, 4.82; N, 12.48;

Found:

C, 66.76; H, 4.52. N, 12.25;

15 EXAMPLE 69

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[3'-(RS)-(1,3-dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one)-3-ÿl]-methylaminomethyl-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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10

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one (60 mg, 0.21 mmole) was dissolved in 3 ml of isopropanol and treated with triethylamine (30 £1, 0.22 mmole). The resulting solution was heated to reflux for 18 hours, cooled and concentrated. The residual oil was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-ammonia, 90:10:1 v/v) to give 25 mg of the desired product as an off-white solid, mp 155-158° (with gas evolution). MS (FAB): 550 (M+H), 549 (M⁺), 282 (base peak). NMR (CDCl₂): in agreement with title compound.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₅ F₂N₅O₂ •0.35 CHCl₃:

. N, 11.84; C, 65.70; H, 4.32.

Found:

N, 11.68; C, 65.53; H, 4.46.

EXAMPLE 70

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(6'-chloropyrazin-2-yl)aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-aminomethyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (72 mg, 0.25 mmol), 2,6-dichloropyrazine (45 mg, 0.30 mmol)and anhydrous potassium carbonate (83 mg, 0.60 mmol) were combined at room temperature with 2 ml of dry dimethylformamide. The resulting suspension was stirred rapidly for 24 hours and 37 mg more of 2,6-dichlorpyrazine was added. After 72 hours total reaction time, the reaction mixture was poured into water (10 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 ml). The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to give 70 mg of crude product. The analytical sample was obtained by preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 95:5:0.5 v/v one elution).

 $R_f = 0.25$, m.p. 140° (soften), 148-152°.

NMR (CDCI₃): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 395 (M⁺), 266, 254, 211.

Anal. calc'd for C20H15 CIFN5O.1/4 H2O:

N, 17.49; C, 60.00; H, 3.90;

Found:

N, 16.59; C, 59.87; H, 3.90.

55

2-N-Methyl-N-[2(RS),3-diphthalylaminopropancyl]amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone

Following the procedure of Example 4, 2-N-[2(RS),3-diphthalylaminopropanoyl]amino-2'-fluoroben-zophenone (677 mg, 1.20 mmole) was converted to the title compound with sodium hydride (63 mg, 1.31 mmole) and methyliodide (81.5 µl, 1.31 mmole) in 5 ml of N,N-dimethylformamide. Work-up afforded the crude product which was purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate-hexane elution, 3:2 v/v); the analytical sample was obtained as white prisms by recrystallizing the chromatographed material from ethyl acetate, mp 252°.

MS (14 ev.): 575 (M⁺), 453, 429, 309.

NMR (CDCl $_{2}$): in agreement with title compound.

Analysis Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₂ FN₂O₄ •0.15 C₄H₈O₂:

N. 7.13; C. 68.54; H. 3.94.

15 Found:

N, 7.12; C, 68.43; H, 4.26.

EXAMPLE 72

20

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-aminomethyl-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

Following the procedure of Example 64, 2-N-methyl-N-[2(RS),3-diphthalylaminopropanoyl]amino-2'-fluorobenzophenone (220 mg, 0.38 mmole) was converted to the title compound with 95% hydrazine (1 ml) in 40 ml of methanol. The analytical material was obtained via chromatography on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-ammonia, 90:10:1 v/v). The PMR spectrum (CDCl₂) confirmed the structure of the product; N-methyl proton at 3.46 ppm.

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EXAMPLE 73

3(RS)-1,3-Dihydro-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (75 mg, 0.298 mmole), and indole-2-carbonyl chloride (58.8 mg, 0.327 mmol) were combined in CH₂Cl₂ (2 ml) and the pH adjusted to 9.0 with triethylamine (41 µl, 0.298 mmol). After stirring 10 min., the reaction was chromatographed on silica gel (180/10/1/1 of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HOAc). The combined product fractions were washed with dilute NaHCO₂ (aq) (1X), H₂O (1X) and brine (1X), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and stripped to give the title compound as a white solid from ether: (m.p. 265-268°).

TLC: Silica GF (10% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.63, single homogeneous component.

45 NMR: Consistent with title structure and verifies the presence of 0.2 (C₂H₃)₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 99.2% pure.

M.S.: Moi. lon = 394 m/e (free base).

Anal. Caic'd for C24 H11 N4 O2.0.2 (C2H5)20:

C, 72.78; H, 4.93; N, 13.69;

50 Found:

C, 72.45; H, 4.60; N, 13.65.

EXAMPLE 74

55

1.3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[2-(3-indolyl)ethyl]amino-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Chloro-1.3,-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one (68 mg, 0.25 mmol), 3-(2-aminoethyl)indole (40 mg, 0.25 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.1 ml of 2.5N solution) were combined in methanol (4 ml) and stirred at room temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo, and the residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and chromatographed on silica gel (5% v/v MeOH in CH₂Cl₂). The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo and the resulting solid crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 60°: (m.p. 196-197.5 (d)). TLC: Single spot (R_f = 0.46, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) MeOH in CH₂Cl₂).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of CH₂Cl₂.

HPLC: Greater than 94% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 394.

Anal. calc'd. for C₂₅ H₂₂ N₄O.0.13 CH₂Cl₂:

C, 74.43; H, 5.53; N, 13.82;

Found:

C, 74.62; H, 5.47; N, 13.62.

20

EXAMPLE 75

3(RS)-[3-(3-indolyl)propionylamino]-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 77 was carried out using 3-(3-indolyl)propionic acid (0.076 g, 0.4 mmol) in place of BOC-L-tryptophan. The product was chromatographed on silica gel using a gradient of 1:1 Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂ containing 0 to 2% CH₂OH. The product was crystallized from acetone and dried in vacuo at 60°: (m.p. 176-182°).

TLC: Single spot (R₁ = 0.66, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) MeOH in CH_2Cl_2).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: 99.7% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 422.

Anal. calc'd for C25 H22 N2 O2.0.5 H2O:

C, 72.37; H, 5.37; N, 12.99;

Found:

C, 72.31; H, 5.57; N, 12.98.

40

EXAMPLE 76

3(RS)-(3-indoleacetylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

45

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (75 mg, 0.298 mmol) and indole-3-acetyl chloride (57.8 mg, 0.298 mmol) were combined in CH₂Cl₂ (2 ml) and the pH adjusted to 9.0 with triethylamine (TEA) 41 ml, 0.298 mmol). After stirring 15 min., a second portion of indole-3-acetyl chloride (44 mg, 0.175 mmol) and TEA (30 μl, 0.215 mmol) were added and the reaction stirred an additional 15 min. The completed reaction was diluted with CH₂Cl₂, washed with H₂O (1X) and brine (1X), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and stripped to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (5% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound as a pinkish solid from Et₂O: (m.p. 264-265°).

TLC: Silca GF (10% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.44, single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 93.1% pure.

M.S.: molecular ion at m/e = 408.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₃ H₂₂N₄O₂: C, 73.51; H, 4.94; N, 13.72; Found: C, 73.54; H, 4.94; N. 13.32.

EXAMPLE 77

3(RS)-(Boc-L-tryptophanyl)amino-1,3-dlhydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

10

3-(RS)-Amino-1.3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.1 g, 0.4 mmol), BOC-L-tryptophan (0.12 g, 0.4 mmol), and DCC (0.4 ml of a 1 M solution in CH₂Cl₂, 0.4 mmol) were combined in 2 ml of THF to which were added 2 ml of DMF and 2 ml of CH₂Cl₂. The mixture was treated with triethylamine (0.11 ml), stoppered, and stirred at room temperature for four days. The mixture was treated with citric acid solution (10%, 3 ml) and CH₂Cl₂ (5 ml), shaken and separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 5 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with citric acid (10%, 2 x 5 ml), sodium bicarbonate (10%, 2 x 5 ml), and H₂O (10 ml), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The 20 residue was chromatographed on silica gel (1:1 (v/v) Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) and the combined product fractions eavporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was triturated with petroleum ether and the solid dried in vacuo at 70°: (m.p. 173-177° (†)).

TLC: Single spot (R₁ = 0.56, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) CH₂OH in CH₂Cl₂).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of two diastereomers.

HPLC: Greater than 99.7% pure (36% and 63.7%).

MS (FAB): a molecular ion at m/e = 537.

Anal, calc'd for C₂, H₂, N₅O₄:

C. 69.25; H, 5.81; N, 13.03;

30

C. 69.48; H. 6.18; N. 12.96.

EXAMPLE 78

1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.87 g, 2.2 mmol) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and ethyl bromoacetate (0.38 g, 2.25 mmole) in place of methyl lodide. The chromatographed product (7% ether in CH₂Cl₂) (0.073 g, 0.15 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.2 ml, 1N, 0.2 mmol) were stirred together in CH₂OH (1 ml) at room temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo, diluted to 3 ml with H₂O, made acidic with 1N HCl, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 5 ml). The combined organic layers were treated with methanol (1 ml) to dissolve precipitated solid, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from ether (4 ml) and the solid dried in vacuo at 80°: (m.p. 275-278° (d) (1)).

TLC: A single spot (R₁ = 0.21, silica gel plate, 180:10:1:1 (v/v/v/v) CH₂Cl₂:MeOH:HOAc: H₂O). NMR: Spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified with presence of Et. O and CH. Cl.

50 HPLC: Greater than 98.5% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 452. Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₀N₄O₄.0.3

CH2CI2.0.3 C4H10O C, 66.03; H, 4.76; N, 11.20;

Found: 55

C, 65.93; H, 4.56; N, 11.22.

EXAMPLE 79

5

1.3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (A) and 1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2-(1-methylindole)carbonylamino]-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (B)

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.87 g, 2.2 mmol) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. Chromatography using 7 % (v/v) diethyl ether in CH₂Cl₂ and evaporation of the product fractions in vacuo gave A and B which were each crystallized from ether and dried in vacuo at 80°.

Compound A: (m.p. 268-270° (d)) TLC: A single spot (R₁ = 0.43, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂).

NMR: Spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of Et₂O and CH₂Cl₂.

HPLC: 99% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 408.

0 Anal. calc'd for C₂s H₂0 N₄O₂.0.15 CH₂Cl₂.0.1 C₄H₀0:

C, 71.60; H, 5.01; N, 13.07;

Found:

C, 71.79; H, 5.01; N, 13.01.

Compound B: (m.p. 202.5°-203°). TLC: A single spot (R_t = 0.67, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et_zO in CH₂Cl₂). NMR: Spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98.2% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 422.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H22 NaO2:

C, 73.91; H, 5.25; N, 13.26;

-Found:

40

C, 74.05; H, 5.20; N, 13.51.

35 EXAMPLE 80

1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

To a suspension of sodium hydride (50%) (84 mg, 1.82 mmole) in 4 ml of dry dimethylformamide at 0°C was added, under nitrogen, 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (648 mg, 1.59 mmole). The resulting reaction mixture became homogeneous over a one-hour period, was stirred one hour more at 0°C and then treated with iodomethane (108 µl, 1.74 mmole). The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and after one hour was quenched with brine. The aqueous mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine. Rotoevaporation of the dried extracts (MgSO₄) gave a semi-solid which was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-ammonia 95:5:0.5 v/v elution) to give 130 mg of recovered starting material and 360 mg of the analytical sample R₁ = 0.78, m.p. 171.5-172°C.

NMR (CDCl₂): consistent with the title structure MS (14 ev): 421 (M⁺) 282, 266, 255,241. Analysis calc'd for C₂₂ H₁, CIFN₂O₂

Calc'd:

N, 9.96; C, 65.48; H, 4.06

ss Found:

N, 10.08; C, 65.79; H, 4.08.

EXAMPLE 81

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (A) and 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (B)

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecar-bonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.91 g. 2.2 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(R)(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. Chromatography using 10% (v/v) diethyl ether in CH₂Cl₂ and evaporation of the product fractions in vacuo gave A and B which were each crystallized from Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂ (2/1, v/v) and dried in vacuo at 40°C.

15

Compound A: (m.p. 282-283.5°). TLC: A single spot (R₁ = 0.53, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of ether (1/2 mole) and CH₂Cl₂ (3/4 mole).

20 HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 426.

Anal. calc'd for C25 H16 FN6 O2.0.5 C6 H10 O.0.75 CH2 Cl2:

C, 63.22; H, 4.88; N, 10.63;

Found:

25 C. 63.41; H. 4.66; N. 10.59.

Compound B: (m.p. 178-181°) TLC: A single spot ($R_1 = 0.76$, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂). NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

30 HPLC: Greater than 89% pure.

M.S.: A molecular ion at m/e = 440.

Anal. calc'd for C25 H2, FN4 O2.0.75 H2O:

C, 68.78; H, 4.99; N, 12.34;

Found:

35 C, 68.76; H, 4.73; N, 12.38.

EXAMPLE 82

3(RS)-(2(S)-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (1.3 g. 5.17 mmole), Boc-L-phenylalanine (1.37 g, 5.17 mmole), HBT (0.70 g, 5.17 mmole), and EDC (0.99 g, 5.17 mmole) were combined in DMF (30 ml) and stirred at room temperature. The pH of the mixture was adjusted to 9.5 with triethylamine. After 1/2 hour, the DMF was removed in vacuo and the residue treated with 10% citric acid (10 ml), neutralized with Na₂CO₃ and extracted with CH₂Cl₁ (3 x 15 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with water, dried over Na₁SO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (90/3/0.3/0.3 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HOAc) and the combined product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml), washed with saturated Na₂CO₃ solution (2 ml), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was treated with Et₂O and evaporated five times to give the title compound as a mixture of diastereomers (m.p. 143-153°C). TLC: silica gel (90/10/1/1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/MoAc/H₂O), R₁=0.58

55 NMR: consistent with structure

HPLC: 97.5% pure (two diastereomers, 1:1)

M.S.: A molecular ion at m/e = 498.

Anal. Calc'd for C29 H30 N4 O4:

Calcd:

C. 69.86; H. 6.07; N. 11.24.

Found:

C. 69.58; H. 6.12; N. 11.22.

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EXAMPLE 83

3(RS)-(2(S)-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4benzodiazepin-2-one

3(RS)-(2(S)-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4benzodiazepin-2-one (2.5 gm, 5.01 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (20 ml) cooled to 0°C, treated with a 50% oil dispersion of sodium hydride (241 mg, 5.01 mmol) and stirred 30 minutes. The resulting orange solution was treated with methyl iodide (711 mg, 5.01 mmol) and stirred 1 hour at 25°C. The DMF was removed in vacuo, and the resulting residue treated with dilute Na₂CO₃ (aqueous) and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The organic extracts were combined, washed with H2O (1x), dried over MgSO2, filtered and evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give a yellow oil (3.57 gm). Flash chromatography on silica gel (15% EtOAc in CH₂Cl₂) gave the title compound as a white foam (1.8 gm) from ether: (m.p. 117-20°C) (soften)).

TLC: Silica GF (180/10/1/1 of CH2Cl2 MeOH/H2O/HoAc R1 = 0.48, clean, homogeneous component

NMR: Consistent with structure

HPLC: 98.5% pure (as a 1/1 mixture of diastereomers)

M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 512.

Anal. calc'd for C₃₀H₃₂N₄O₄:

C, 70.29; H, 6.29; N, 10.93;

Found:

C. 69.99; H. 6.32; N. 10.81.

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EXAMPLE 84

3(R and S)-(2(S)-Amino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2one

3(RS)-(2(S)-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-40 benzodiazepin-2-one (1.8 gm, 3.51 mmol) was dissolved in EtOAc (25 ml), cooled to 0°C, and the solution saturated with HCl (g) over a 10 minute period. After stirring an additional 10 minutes the solvent was removed in vacuo. The solid residue was dissolved in H2O, basified with saturated Na2CO3 (aq.) and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The organic layers were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and stripped to dryness in vacuo to give a grey foam (1.46 gm). Flash chromatography on silica gel (90/10/1/1 of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HOAc) separated the 1/1 pair of diastereomers into a clean upper $(R_i = 0.36)$ and clean lower $(R_i = 0.24)$ component. Each component was evaporated to dryness in vacuo, dissolved in CH2Cl2, washed with saturated Na2CO2 (aq.) (1x), brine (1x), dried over Na2SO4 and filtered. The individual filtrates were concentrated to dryness to give the separated diastereomers as white foams (upper component, 605 mg; lower component, 570 mg).

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A: Upper Component(3(S)isomer): (m.p. 92-108°C (shrink and soften)) TLC: Silica gel (90/10/1/1 of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HoAc) R₁=0.36, single, homogeneous component

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98.8% single component (100% diastereomerically pure).

M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 412

Anal. calc'd for C₃₅ H₂₄ N₄O₂:

C. 72.79; H. 5.87; N. 13.58;

C, 72.79; H, 5.96; N, 13.31.

Found:

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B: Lower Component(3(R)isomer): (m.p. 97-108°C (shrink and soften)) TLC: silica gel (90/10/1/1 of
    CH, Cl, MeOH/H, O/HoAc) Rt = 0.24, single, homogeneous component
    NMR: Consistent with structure.
    HPLC: Greater than 99.2% single component (containing less than 0.8% of upper component)
    M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 412
    Anal. calc'd for C25 H24 N4 O2:
       C, 72.79; H, 5.87; N, 13.58;
    Found:
       C, 72.44; H, 5.85; N, 13.48.
    EXAMPLE 85
    3(R)-and 3(S)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one
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    A:
         3(S)-(2(S)-amino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    (Example 84, upper component), (1.15 g, 2.79 mmole) was combined with phenylisothiocyanate (395 mg,
    2.93 mmole) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 ml) and the mixture concentrated on a steam bath. The resulting oil was twice
    diluted with CH2Cl2 (20 ml) and both times re-concentrated on the steam bath. The oil was evaporated in
     vacuo to a foam which was treated with TFA (15 ml) and warmed for 18 minutes in an oil bath
     thermostatted at 52°. The TFA was removed in vacuo. The residue was treated twice with CH2Cl2 and with
    Et,O, evaporated in vacuo after each treatment, and the resulting oil chromatographed on silica gel
     (90/10/1/1 of CH2Cl2/MeOH/H2O/HoAc). The product fractions were evaporated in vacuo, and the residue
     was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed with a small volume of 5% NaOH, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and
     evaporated to give the levorotatory (3(S)) isomer of the title structure.
     TLC: Silica gel (90/10/1/1 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/HoAc) R<sub>1</sub> = 0.31
    NMR: Consistent with structure, verifies presence of 0.15 mole of EtOAc
     HPLC: Greater than 97.6% pure
     M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 265
          = -236° (0.0033 g/ml, CH<sub>z</sub>Cl<sub>z</sub>)
     Anal. calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O.0.15 H<sub>2</sub>O.0.15 C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O:
        C, 71.43; H, 6.07; N, 15.06;
     Found:
        C, 71.44; H, 5.95; N, 15.11.
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     B:
         3(R)-(2(S)-amino-3-phenylpropanoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one
     (Example 84, lower component) was converted by the same procedure to the dextrorotatory (3(R)
     enantiomer of the title compound.
     TLC: Silica gel (90/10/1/1 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/HoAc)
     NMR: Consistent with structure, verifies presence of 0.15 mole of EtOAc
     HPLC: Greater than 96.7% pure
 55' M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 265
          ' = +227° (0.0033 g/ml, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>)
```

Anal. calc'd for C₁₄H₁₅N₂O.0.15 H₂O.0.15 C₄H₁₀O: C, 71.43; H, 6.07; N, 15.06; Found: C, 71.14; H, 5.99; N, 14.90.

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EXAMPLE 86

3(R) and 3(S)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 82 was carried out using 3-(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one in place of 3-(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. The product was methylated using the procedure of Example 83 and the resulting methyl derivative was deprotected and separated using the procedure of Example 84. The separated isomers were each treated with phenyl isothiocyanate followed by TFA according to the method of Example 85 giving the 3(R) and 3-(S) isomers of the title compound.

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3(S) isomer:TLC: Silica gel (90/10/1/1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HoAc), R₁ = 0.37 NMR: Consistent with structure HPLC: 95% pure
M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 283

25 M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 283 $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25}$ = -86.3° (0.0025 g/ml, CH₂Cl₂)

3(R) isomer: TLC: Sillca gel (90/10/1/1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HoAc), R₁ = 0.37 NMR: Consistent with structure M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 283 $[\alpha]_0^{25}$ = +71.4° (0.0028 g/ml, CH₂Cl₂)

EXAMPLE 87

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3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3(S)-(-)-3-Amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (595 mg, 2.24 mmole) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (15 ml) and treated with 2-indolecarbonyl chloride (403 mg, 2.24 mmole) followed by triethylamine (227 mg, 2.24 mmole). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (5% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) and the combined product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Three times, Et₂O (15 ml) was added and evaporatedin vacuo to give the title compound: (m.p. 168-185°).

TLC: Silica gel (6% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.23 NMR: Consistent with structure HPLC: Greater than 99% pure M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 408 [α]_D = -103° (0.0078 g/ml, CH₂Cl₂) Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₀N₄O₂ C, 73.51; H, 4.94; N, 13.72;

Found:

C, 73.38; H, 4.80; N, 13.66.

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3(S)-(+)-1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 87 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1.3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one in place of 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4benzodiazepin-2-one. The title compound was obtained as a foam: (m.p. 162-187°).

TLC: Silica gel (10% Et,O/CH,Cl,) R, = 0.30

NMR: Consistent with structure, verifies presence of 0.2 Et₂O

10 HPLC: Greater than 99.6% pure M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 426 $[\alpha]_{D}^{2^{\circ}} = +5.57^{\circ} (0.0031 \text{ g/ml, CH}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2})$ Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₁₄ FN₄O₂.0.2C₄H₁₀O C. 70.22; H. 4.80; N, 12.70;

Found:

20

C, 70.13; H, 4.75; N, 12.61.

EXAMPLE 89

3(R)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 88 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one in place of its 3(S)-(-) isomer. The title compound was obtained as a foam; (m.p. 162-187°)

TLC: Silica gel (10% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) R_f = 0.30

NMR: Consistent with structure, verifies presence of 0.1 Et₂O

30 HPLC: Greater than 99.6% pure M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 428 $[\alpha]_{D}^{23} = -5.65^{\circ} (0.0023 \text{ g/ml, CH}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2})$ Anal. calc'd for Cz H., FN.O2.0.1C.H., O

C, 70.31; H, 4.65; N, 12.92;

Found:

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C, 70.16; H, 4.64; N, 12.86.

EXAMPLE 90

3(R)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3(R)-(+)-3-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (350 mg, 1.24 45 mmole) was dissolved in CH2Cl2 (4 ml) and treated with 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride (217 mg, 1.24 mmole) followed by triethylamine (125 mg, 1.24 mmole). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (4% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) and the combined product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Ether was added and removed in vacuo three times, giving the title compound as a foam; (m.p. 113-128°).

TLC: Silica gel (10% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) R₁ = 0.43

NMR: Consistent with structure HPLC: Greater than 99.6% pure M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 421 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -12.8^{\circ} (0.0031 \text{ g/ml, CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$

Anal. caic'd for C₂₂ H., CIFN, O₂ C, 65.48; H, 4.06; N, 9.96; Found: C, 65.48; H, 4.17; N, 9.93.

EXAMPLE 91

3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and the contraction of t

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The procedure of Example 90 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one in place of its 3(R)-(+)-isomer. The title compound was obtained as a foam; (m.p. 113-128°).

TLC: Silica gel (10% Et,O/CH,Cl,) R, = 0.43

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99.6% pure

M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 421

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +13.2^{\circ} (0.0032 \text{ g/ml, CH}_2\text{Cl}_1).$

Anal. calc'd for Czz H,, CIFN, Oz

C, 65.48; H, 4.06; N, 9.96;

Found:

C, 65.43; H, 4.09; N, 9.81.

25

EXAMPLE 92

3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyi-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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3(S)-(-)-3-Amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (35 mg, 0.132 mmole) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (1 ml) and treated with 4-bromobenzoylchloride (29 mg, 0.132 mmole) followed by triethylamine (13.3 mg, 10.132 mmole). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (3% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) and the combined product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. Ether was added and removed in vacuo three times, giving the title compound as a foam; (m.p. 120-133°).

TLC: Silica gel (7% Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂) R₁=0.36

40 NMR: Consistent with structure

HPLC: Greater than 99.1% pure

M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e 447

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -72.4^{\circ} (0.0027 \text{ g/ml, CH}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2}).$

Anal. calc'd for C22 H18 BrN2 O2

C, 61.62; H, 4.05; N, 9.37;

Found:

C, 61.94; H, 4.07; N, 9.20.

0 EXAMPLE 93

3(R)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 92 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one in place of its 3(S)-(-) isomer. The title compound was obtained as a foam; (m.p. 120-133°)

TLC: Silica gel (7% Et₁O/CH₁Cl₂) R₁ = 0.36 NMR: Consistent with structure HPLC: Greater than 99.2% pure M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 447 $\{\alpha_L^{2.5} = +75.1^{\circ} (0.0022 \text{ g/ml}, \text{ CH}_2\text{Cl}_1).$ Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₂BrN₁O₂ C, 61.62; H, 4.05; N, 9.37; Found: C, 62.00; H, 4.12; N, 9.27.

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EXAMPLE 94

3(R)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 87 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one in place of its 3(S)-(-) isomer. The title compound was obtained as a foam; (m.p. 168-185°).

TLC: Silica gel (6% EtO/CH2Cl2); R1 = 0.23

NMR: Consistent with structure
HPLC: Greater than 99.2% pure
M.S.: Molecular ion at m/e = 408

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +100^{\circ} (0.0052 \text{ g/ml, CH}_2\text{Cl}_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₀N₄O₂ C, 73.51; H, 4.94; N, 13.72;

Found:

C, 73.16; H, 4.88; N, 13.53.

Effective daily dosages of compounds such as those of Examples 79, 83, 84, 87 and 88 can range to as low as 0.01 mg/kg.

EXAMPLE 95

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Z-1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-3-(3-thienylmethylene)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and E-1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-3-(3-thienylmethylene)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

40

To a cooled (-60°C) solution of disopropylamine (0.84 ml, 6.0 mmol) in THF (10.2 ml) was added 1.5M butyllithium in hexane (4.0 ml, 6.0 mmol). The solution was stirred 10 min. at -60°C and then warmed to 25°C. The light yellow solution was recooled to -60°C and treated with solid 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (75 mg, 3.0 mmol) portionwise (5 x 15 mg). The reaction was permitted to warm to 0°C and then recooled to -60°C. A solution of thiophene-3-carboxaldehyde (336 mg, 3.0 mmol) in THF (6 ml) was added to the deep red anion solution, the cooling bath was removed, and the reaction allowed to warm to 25°C. The reaction was quenched with brine and extracted with ether (3X). The combined extracts were washed with H₂O (1X), dried over MgSO₁, filtered, and stripped to dryness in vacuo. The crude red oil was chromatographed on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) to give the intermediate alcohol as a buff-colored solid: 210 mg, m.p. 188-9°C. TLC: silica GF (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) single homogeneous component. A portion of this product (171 mg, 0.472 mmol) was refluxed in a mixture of trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (1 ml) for 12 hrs. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was treated with H₂O, basified with 10% NaOH (aq) and extracted with ether (3X). The combined extracts were washed with H₂O (1X), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and stripped to dryness in vacuo to give a crude oil. Chromatography on silica gel (2% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compounds which were obtained as light yellow solids from ether.

Z-isomer: (m.p. 196-197°C). TLC: Silica GF (4% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.37, single homogeneous PMR: Consistent with the title structure. HPLC: Greater than 99.8% pure. M.S.: Mol. ion = 344 m/e. Anal. calc'd for C2, H16 N2OS: C, 73.23; H, 4.68; N, 8.13; Found: C, 73.37; H, 4.78; N, 7.79.

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E-isomer: (m.p. 194-196°C). TLC: Silica GF (4% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.28 single homogeneous

PMR: Consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99.9% pure.

M.S.: Mol. ion = 344 m/e.

Anal. calc'd for C2, H15 N2OS:

C, 73.23; H, 4.68; N, 8.13;

Found:

C, 73.12; H, 4.83; N, 7.73.

EXAMPLE 96

25 3(RS)-(BOC-D-tryptophanyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 77 was carried out using BOC-D-tryptophan in place of BOC-L-tryptophan. The chromatographed product was crystallizd from Et₂O and dried in vacuo at 80°: (m.p. 171-174° ()). 30 TLC: A single spot (R_f = 0.56, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) CH₂OH in CH₂Cl₂). NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of two diastereomers. HPLC: Greater than 98.4% pure (68.9% and 29.5%). Anal. calc'd for C2, H3, N5O4: 35

C, 69.25; H, 5.81; N, 13.03;

Found:

C, 69.24; H, 6.03; N, 13.04.

EXAMPLE 97

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3(RS)-[4-(3-indole)butyrylamino]-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 77 was carried out using 4-(3-indoly/)butyric acid (0.082 g, 0.4 mmol) in place of BOC-L-tyrptophan. The product was chromatographed as in Example 75, crystallized from a mixture of acetone (1 ml) and ether (3 ml), and dried in vacue at 80°: (m.p., 258-259°). NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

50 HPLC: 98.9% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 436.

Anal. calc'd for C27H24N4O2:

C. 74.29; H, 5.54; N, 12.84;

C, 74.39; H, 5.65; N, 12.93.

1.3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(benzyloxycarbonyl)aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine

To a magnetically stirred solution of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-benzyloxycarbonyl)aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione (1.85 g, 4.3 mmol) in 150 ml of ethanol were added, at room temperature, three portions of freshly prepared Raney nickel (slurried in ethanol, approximately 4-5 g). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred vigorously overnight and treated with an additional equal portion of Raney nickel. After 50 hours of total reaction time, the suspension was filtered carefully; the residual Raney nickel was washed copiously with ethanol. Concentration of the filtrate under reduced pressure gave 880 mg of product essentially homogeneous by TLC (ethyl acetate-hexane 1:1 v/v). The analytical sample was obtained via silica gel chromatography (chloroform-methanol 96:4) as a foam.

TLC, HPLC greater than 97% pure.

NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 403 (M⁺), 295, 253, 239, 219.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H22 FN2 O2.0.03 CHCl3:

N, 10.32; C, 70.90; H, 5.45;

Found:

N, 10.16; C, 70.89; H, 5.60.

20

EXAMPLE 99

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-[3'-(thiophene)carbonyl]aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine

25

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrobromide (300 mg, 0.59 mmol) and 3-thiophenecarboxylic acid chloride (150 mg, 1.02 mmol) were combined in 50 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction mixture was immersed in an ice bath and treated with triethylamine (330 µl, 2.38 mmol). After addition was complete, stirring was continued at 0°C for 10 min. more and then at room temperature for 15 min. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed with brine, then dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product (300 mg) was purified via silica gel chromatography (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 95:5:0.5 v/v, elution) to give the analytical sample. NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 379 (MT)

Anal. calc'd for C2. H1. FN2 OS.0.1 CHCl3:

N, 10.74; C, 64.75; H, 4.66;

o Found:

N, 10.45; C, 64.51; H, 4.82.

EXAMPLE 100

4

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1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2'-indolecarbonyl)aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrobromide (300 mg, 0.59 mmol) and 2-indole carboxylic acid chloride (127 mg, 0.70 mmol) were combined in 30 ml of methylene chloride. The reaction mixture was immersed in an ice bath and treated with triethylamine (330 µl, 2.36 mmol). After addition was complete, stirring was continued at 0°C for 10 min. more and then at room temperature for 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed with brine, then dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product (220 mg) was purified via silica gel chromatography (chloroform - methanol elution, 95:5 v/v) to give the analytical sample.

MS (14 ev): 412 (M⁺), 252, 239. Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₁ FN₄O.0.15 CHCl₃: N, 13.01; C, 70.19; H, 4.95; Found: N, 12.70; C, 70.19; H, 5.18.

EXAMPLE 101

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-L-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodlazepine

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-aminomethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrobromide (300 mg, 0.59 mmol) and L-mandelic acid (134 mg, 0.88 mmol) were combined in 5 ml of dimethylformamide and treated with 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (169 mg, 0.88 mmol). The pH of the resulting reaction mixture was adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and the reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (60 ml). The organic phase was then washed in succession with sodium bicarbonate solution (3 x 50 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to give 200 mg of crude product as a mixture of diastereomers. Preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - ethanol - ammonia elution, 90:10:1 v/v) afforded the less polar, faster moving component as a homogeneous analytical sample. HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

NMR (CDCI,): Consistent with the title structure.

25 MS (14 ev): 403 (M⁺), 252, 239,212.

Anal. calc'd for C24 Hzz FN2 O2.0.5 H2O

N, 10.18; C, 69.82; H, 5.62;

Found:

N, 9.67; C, 69.81; H, 5.55.

30

EXAMPLE 102

1-(2-Cyanoethyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (A. 85%) and 1-(2-cyanoethyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-[1'-(2-cyanoethyl)-3'-indolyl]methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazpin-2-one (B, 15%)

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using acrylonitrile (0.12 g, 2,3 mmol) in place of methyl iodide. The chromatographed product, a mixture of A (85%) and (15%) was dried in vacuo at 90°: (m.p. 97-105° (†)).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the 85:15 mixture of the title structure and showed the presence of 0.9 mol of DMF.

45 HPLC: 96.4% (82.4% + 14.0%).

TLC: A single spot (R_f = 0.22, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂).

MS: Molecular ions at m/e = 436 and 489.

Anal. calc'd for 0.85 C₂₇H₂₁FN₄O + 0.15 C₃₀H₂₄FN₅O.0.9 C₃H₇NO:

C, 71.07; H, 5.35; N, 13.88;

50 Found:

C, 70.95; H, 5.18; N, 13.63.

EXAMPLE 103

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1-(2-Carboxyethyl)1.3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using ethyl acrylate (0.22 g, 2.2 mmole) in place of methyl iodide. The chromatographed product was evaporated in vacuo, dissolved in methanol (5 ml), treated with sodium hydroxide (0.91 ml of 1 M solution), and stirred at room temperaure for 24 hours. The mixture was evaporated in vacuo, and the residue was dissolved in water (10 ml), washed with ether (10 ml), acidified with 1 N HCl, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 ml). The CH₂Cl₂ layers were washed with water (1 x 10 ml), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (180:5:1:1 followed by 180:10:1:1 (v/v/v/v) CH₂Cl₂:CH₂OH:HoAc:H₂O) and the product evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was dried in vacuo at 40°: (m.p. 75-90° foam, 130-160° melt). TLC: A single spot (R₁ = 0.32, silica gel plate, 180:10:1:1 (v/v/v/v) CH₂Cl₂:CH₂OH:HoAc:H₂O).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of ether.

15 HPLC: 99.6% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 455.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{17}H_{22}FN_{3}O_{3}.0.55$ $C_{4}H_{10}O.0.35$ $H_{2}O)$:

C, 69.78; H, 5.66; N, 8.36;

Found:

20 C, 69.72; H, 5.29; N, 8.07.

EXAMPLE 104

25 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-formylaminobenzoylmethyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (300 mg, 0.78 mmol) and m-chloroperoxybenzolc acid (85%) (156 mg, 0.90 mmol) were combined at room templerature in 20 ml of chloroform. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand at room temperarure overnight, then was diluted with 30 ml of chloroform and washed with cold, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to afford 310 mg of crude product. Sillca gel chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:2 v/v) provided the analytical sample.

35 HPLC: 99% pure.

NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 415, 397, 369, 267.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H18 FN2 O2.1.0 CHCl3

N, 8.10; C, 57.87; H, 3.69;

40 Found:

N, 8.09; C, 58.14; H, 3.82.

EXAMPLE 105

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (1.5 gm, 5.57 mmol), indole-2-carbonyl chloride (1.05 gm, 5.85 mmol) and triethylamine (0.814 ml, 5.85 mmol) were combined in CH₂Cl₃ - (15 ml) and stirred 10 min. The reaction was concentrated and chromatographed on silica gel (5% MeOH in CH₂Cl₃) to give the title compound as a white solid from CH₂Cl₃: (m.p. 290-291°).

TLC: Silica GF (5% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure and verifies the presence of 0.16 CH, Cl,

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

M.S.: Mol. ion = 412 m/e (free base).

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄ H₁, FN₄O₂.0.16 CH₂Cl₂: C, 68.11; H, 4.10; N, 13.15; Found: C, 68.06; H, 4.12; N, 12.91.

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EXAMPLE 106

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-nitrophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

10

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and p-nitrobenzoic acid (70 mg, 0.41 mmol) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (79 mg, 0.41 mmol). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 83 mg of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 96:4:0.4 v/v) afforded the analytical sample (70 mg).

HPLC: Greater than 96.5% pure

NMR (CDCI₁): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 418 (M⁺), 268, 252.

Anal. calc'd for Czz His FN4O4.0.1 CHCl2

N, 13.02; C, 61.68; H, 3.54;

Found:

N, 12.66; C, 61.94; H, 3.74.

30

EXAMPLE 107

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyloxy)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

35

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.398 mmol) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml), treated with indole-2-carbonyl chloride (78.6 mg, 0.438 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 53.5 mg, 0.438 mmol) and stirred 16 hrs. at 25°C. A second portion of indole-2-carbonylchloride (78.6 mg, 0.438 mmol and DMAP (53.5 mg, 0.438 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred an additional 24 hrs. Chromatography of the reaction mixture on silica gel (1% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) gave the title compound (100 mg) as a white solid from MeCN: (m.p. 271-273°).

TLC: Silca GF (4% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), R_f=0.41, single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98.6% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 395.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄ H₁₇N₂O₃:

C, 72.90; H, 4.33; N, 10.63;

Found:

C, 72.70; H, 4.31; N, 10.64.

EXAMPLE 108

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1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(3-thiophene carbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

5 3-(RS)-Amino-1.3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (75 mg, 0.229 mmol), thiophene-3-carbonyl chloride (44.9 mg, 0.306 mmol) and triethylamine (42.5 дl, 0.306 mmol) were combined in CH₂Cl₂ (4 ml) and stirred 10 min. at 25°C. The reaction was concentrated and chromatographed on silica gel (2% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound as a white solid from Et₂O: (m.p. 238-239°).

10 TLC: Silica GF (5% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.36, single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure and verifies the presence of .05 (C₂H₆)₂O and 0.70 H₂O).

HPLC: Greater than 98.8% pure.

MS: Mol. ion = 379 m/e (free base).

Anal. calc'd for $C_{20}H_{14}FN_2O_2S$. .05 $(C_2H_5)_2O.0.70$ H_2O :

C, 61.30; H, 4.05; N, 10.62;

Found:

C, 61.24; H, 3.68; N, 10.57.

20 EXAMPLE 109

1.3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(3-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

25

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (49.2 mg, 0.196 mmol), indole-3-carboxylic acid (37.9 mg, 0.235 mmol) and 1M DCC in CH₂Cl₂ solution (0.235 ml, 0.235 mmol) were mixed in DMF (2 ml) and the pH adjusted to 9.0 with triethylamine (32.7 μl, 0.235 mmol). The reaction was stirred 18 hrs. at 25°C, the DMF removed in vacuo, and the residue chromatographed on a Waters Semi-Prep C-18 30 x 0.9 cm column (gradient elution of 5 to 95% CH₂CN in H₂O) to give the title compound as a white solid from MeOH/ether: (m.p. 265-268°).

TLC: Silica GF (90/10/1/1 of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/H₂O/HOAc), $R_f = 0.57$, single homogeneous component. NMR: Consistent with title structure and verifies the presence of 2.0 CH₂OH.

HPLC: 100% pure.

MS: Mol. ion = 394 m/e (free base).

Anal, calc'd for C24 H18N4O2.2CH2OH:

C, 68.10; H, 5.72; N, 12.22;

Found:

C. 68.19; H, 4.62; N, 12.50.

40

EXAMPLE 110

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-thianaphtheneacetyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

45

1.3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and 4-thianaphtheneacetic acid (79 mg, 0.41 mmol) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (79 mg, 0.41 mmole). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml) and 55 brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 130mg of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 95:5:0.5 v/v) afforded the analytical sample, m.p. 259-260°C.

NMR (CDCI₂): consistent with the title structure. MS (14 ev): 443 (M⁺), 288, 174.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₁₆FN₂O₇S.0.075 CHCl₂ N, 9.28; C, 66.56; H, 4.02; Found: N, 9.10; C, 66.53; h, 4.11.

5

EXAMPLE 111

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

10

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and p-chlorobenzoyl chloride (52 µl, 0.41 mmole) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methylene chloride. The resulting solution was protected from moisture and stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with 70 ml of methylene chloride and washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (sat.) and brine. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to give 150 mg of crude product. Chromatography on silica gel (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 95:5:0.5 v/v) and trituration with hexane yielded the analytical product as a white powder, m.p. 258-259°C.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

NMR: (CDCl₃): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 407 (M+), 268, 252, 241.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂H₁₅ClFN₂O₂.0.2 CHCl₂

N, 9.73; C, 61.76; H, 3.55;

Calc'd

N, 9.34; C, 61.65; H. 3.68.

EXAMPLE 112

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1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (116 mg, 0.43 mmole) and p-toluenesulfonyl chloride (82 mg, 0.43 mmole) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methylene chloride. The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 200 mg of crude product. Recrystallization from ethyl acetate afforded the analytical sample as white needles, m.p. 215-216°C.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.
NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 359, 316, 268, 241, 225, 212, 92.

Anai. calc'd for C₂₂H₁₈FN₂O₂S.0.1C₄H₈O₂

N, 9.72; C, 62.23; H, 4.38;

Found:

N. 9.64; C. 61.92 H. 4.31.

50

EXAMPLE 113

1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

55

The procedure of Example 4 was carried out using 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecar-

bonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.92 g, 2.2 mmole) in place of 1.3 dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(R)-(3'-indolyl)-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, and ethyl bromoacetate (0.38 g, 2.25 mmol) in place of methyl iodide. The chromatographed product (10% ether in CH_2CI_2) (0.05 g, 0.098 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.14 ml, 1N, 0.14 mmol) were stirred together in CH_2OH (3 ml) at room temperature for 36 hours. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo, diluted to 5 ml with H₂O, made acidic with 1 N HCl, and extracted with CH_2CI_2 (3 x 5 ml). The organic layers were combined, washed with water (1 x 5 ml), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from acetone (0.1 ml) and EI_2O (2 ml) and the solid dried in vacuo at 60°; (m.p. 278-278.5° (d)).

TLC: A single spot ($R_1 = 0.27$, silica gel plate, 180:10:1:1 (v/v/v/v) $CH_1CI_2:CH_2OH:HOAc:H_2O$).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of ether and acetone. HPLC: 99.4% pure.

MS: A molecular ion at m/e = 470.

Anal. calc'd for C25 H14 FN4O4.0.6C2 H6O .0.2C4H10O .0.8 H2O:

C, 64.25; H, 4.94; N, 10.48;

s Found:

C, 64.29; H, 4.56; N, 10.23.

EXAMPLE 114

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.398 mmol) was suspended in 2 ml of methylene chloride. 5-fluoroindole-2-carboxylic acid chloride (87 mg, 0.438 mmol) was added to the methylene chloride suspension. The pH of the stirred mixture was adjusted to 9 with 100 μl of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred for 24 hours. The mixture was then diluted with 1 ml of methanol and filtered. The filtrate was pipeted onto a 2000 μ Analtech preparative TLC plate which was developed in a 95:5:0.5 chloroform, methanol, water (CMW) solvent system. The product band was collected. The silica was washed with 90:10:1 CMW. The filtrate was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in methanol and placed in a small vial. The solvent was evaporated to yield 15.2 mg of product. HPLC: 90% pure.

MS: M⁺ (14 ev), m/e 430.

s NMR: Consistent with title product.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H15 F2N4O2 1.6CH2OH

N, 11.63; C, 63.83; H, 4.65;

Found:

N, 11.66; C, 63.84; H, 3.72.

40

45

EXAMPLE 115

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(3'-methylindenyl-2-carbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and 3-methylindene-2-carboxylic acid (70 mg, 0.40 mmol) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodilmide hydrochloride (80 mg, 0.41 mmol). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.0 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature overnight (19 hours). The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml), and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extrcts were concentrated to yield 130 mg of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography (hexane - ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v) afforded the analytical sample.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

NMR (CDCl₁): Consistent with the title structure.
MS (14 ev): 425 (M⁺), 268, 199, 156.
Anal. calc'd for C₂₆H₂₀FN₁O₂.1.25 H₂O
N, 9.38; C. 69.70; H. 5.06;
Found:
N, 8.86; C, 69.75; H, 4.85.

EXAMPLE 116

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1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(2-quinaldyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and 2-quinoline carboxylic acid (quinaldic acid) (70 mg, 0.40 mmol) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (76 mg, 0.40 mmole). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 150 mg of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 97:3:0.3 v/v) afforded the analytical sample (60 mg).

25 NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.
MS (14 ev): 424 (M⁺), 268, 241, 198, 184.
Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₁, FN₄O₂.0.75 H₂O
N, 12.79; C, 68.56; H, 4.25;

Found:

30

50

55

N, 13.35; C, 68.53; H, 4.23.

EXAMPLE 117

35 1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(2-L-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and L-mandelic acid (63 mg, 0.41 mmol) were combined at room temperature in 10 ml of methylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (79 mg, 0.41 mmol). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature for 96 hours. The reaction mixture partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 130 mg of crude product as a mixture of diastereomers. Preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - methanol - ammonia, 95:5:0.5, v/v) afforded the analytical sample.

NMR (CDCl₃): consistent with the title structure.

EXAMPLE 118

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-Chloroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.391 mmol) was

suspended in 2 ml of methylene chloride. 5-Chloroindole-2-carboxylic acid chloride (86.7 mg, 0.438 mmol) was added. The pH of the stirred mixture was adjusted to 9 with triethylamine (95 μ l). The reaction mixture was stirred for 24 hours. The mixture was then diluted with 1 ml of methanol and filtered. The filtrate was pipeted onto a 2000 μ Analtech preparative TLC plate which was developed in a 95:5:0.5 chloroform, methanol, water (CMW) solvent system. The product band was collected. The silica was washed with 90:10:1 CMW. The filtrate was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in methanol and placed in a small vial. The solvent was evaporated to yield 16.4 mg of purified product.

HPLC: 90% pure. MS (14 ev): (M⁺) m/e 446.

NMR: Consistent with title product.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H16 CI, FN4O2 .0.8CH2 OH

C, 63.04; H, 4.09; N, 11.86;

Found:

C, 63.03; H, 3.66; N, 11.58.

15

EXAMPLE 119

3-(RS)-[N-(2-indolecarbonyl)-N-methylamino]-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

20

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-methylamino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (130 mg, 0.49 mmol) and indole-2-carbonyl chloride (88 mg, 0.49 mmol) were combined in CH₂Cl₂ (5 ml) and stirred 2 hours at 25°C. The reaction was concentrated and chromatographed on silica gel (3% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound as a white solid to CH₂Cl₂:

(m.p. 287-288.5°).

TLC: Silca GF (5% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.41, single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure and verified the presence of 0.25 H₂O.

30 HPLC: Greater than 97.2% pure.

MS: Mol. ion = 408 m/e (free base).

Anal. calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₀N₄O₂.0.25H₂O

C, 72.70; H, 5.00; N, 13.57;

Found:

35

C, 72.64; H, 4.87; N, 13.30.

EXAMPLE 120

40 1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-Bromoindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 114 was carried out using 5-bromoindole-2-carboxylic acid chloride (g. 45 0.438 mmole) in place of 5-fluoroindole-2-carboxylic acid chloride.

HPLC: 82% pure.

MS: M⁺ (14 ev), m/e 490.

NMR: Consistent with title product.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H15 BrFN4O2 .0.28CHCI3

N, 10.68; C, 55.57; H, 3.13;

Found:

50

N, 10.31; C, 55.98; H, 3.36.

3-(RS)-Cinnamoylamino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (50 mg, 0.186 mmol) was suspended in methylene chloride (1 ml). Cinnamoyl chloride (34.5 mg, 0.207 mol) was added to the methylene chloride mixture. The pH of the stirred mixture was adjusted to - 9 with 50 µl of triethylamine. After stirring for 16 hours the mixture was filtered. The product in the filtrate was purified by prep TLC. The product band was collected by washing the silica containing the product, with 80:20:2 CMW. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was dissolved in methanol, placed in a small vial and evaporated. Yield 16.6 mg.

HPLC: 97% pure.

MS: M⁺ (14 ev) m/e 399

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

Anal. calc'd for Cz4H18FN2O2 .0.126CHCI2

N, 10.18; C, 70.24; H, 4.42;

Found:

N, 10.08; C, 70.07; H, 4.46.

EXAMPLE 122

25

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-hydroxy-2-indolylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmole) and 5hydroxyindole-2-carboxylic acid (75 mg, 0.44 mmole) were combined at room temperature in a mixture of 1 ml of dimethylformamide and 5 ml of methylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (76 mg, 0.40 mmol). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature for 48 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 10% citric acid solution. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 20% citric acid solution (1 \times 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 \times 30 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 200 mg of the product. Preparative thick layer chromatography 35 (chloroform - ethanol - ammonia, 90:10:1, v/v) afforded the analytical sample (80 mg).

NMR (CD₂OD): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 428 (M⁺), 227, 176, 159.

Anal. calc'd. for C24 H17FN4O2.0.25 CHCI2

N. 12.23; C. 63.56; H. 3.79;

Found:

45

N, 12.09; C, 63.99; H, 4.09.

EXAMPLE 123,

1-Carboxamidomethyl-1,3-dihydro-3R-(3-indolylmethyl)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3R-(3-indolylmethyl)-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (10 g, 16 mmol) was stirred in 120 ml of degassed DMF at 0°C under nitrogen with sodium hydride (1.25 g, 26 mmol) until homogeneous (1 hour). Ethylbromoacetate (2.88 ml, 26 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was quenched in 1 i of water. The aqueous solution was extracted with 3 \times 250 ml of methylene chloride. The methylene chloride solution was washed with 250 ml water. The organic phase was separated, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo.

A portion of the crude ester (530 mg) was dissolved in 50 ml of methanol. The solution was stirred in a pressure bottle and saturated with ammonia at 0°C. The bottle was sealed and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 48 hours. The solution was concentrated in vacuo. This gave a solid which was

purified by flash chromatogrphy in a 97:3 chloroform/methanol solvent system to 245 mg of purified product.

HPLC: 99% pure.

MS: M⁺ (14 ev) m/e 440

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₅H₂, FN₄O₂ .0.53H₂O

N, 12.45; C, 69.39; H, 4.82;

N, 12.27; C, 69.32; H, 4.80.

10

EXAMPLE 124

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-2-indolylmethylamino)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one

15

3-(RS)-Chloro-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyi)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (150 mg, 0.520 mmol) and 2-aminomethylindole (75.9 mg, 0.520 mmol) were combined in 1,2-dimethoxyethane (3 ml) and the mixture stirred 20 min. at 25°C. The mixture was evaporated to dryness in vacuo and the residue treated with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The combined extracts were washed with H₂O (1X), dried over MgSO₁, filtered and stripped to dryness in vacuo to give an orange oil which, after chromatography on silica gel (4% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a white solid from ether: (m.p. 200-202°).

TLC: Silica GF (5% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂), R₁ = 0.37, single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97.7% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 398.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H12 FN4O:

C, 72.35; H, 4.81; N, 14.06;

o Found:

C, 72.48; H, 4.81; N, 13.69.

EXAMPLE 125

35

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(phenylaminomethylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.37 mmol) and N-phenyl glycine (64 mg, 0.42 mmol) were combined at room temperature in 5 ml of methlylene chloride. To this reaction mixture was added 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (81 mg, 0.42 mmole). The pH of the reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8.5 with triethylamine and stirring was continued at room temperature overnight. More N-phenylglycine and carbodiimide reagent were added (0.2 equivalents) and stirring was continued. The reaction mixture was partitioned between methylene chloride and 10% citric acid solution after 48 hours reaction time. The phases were separated and the organic layer was washed in succession with 20% citric acid solution (1 x 30 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 30 ml) and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) extracts were concentrated to yield 200 mg of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography (chloroform - ethanol - ammonia 92:8:0.8 v/v) afforded the analytical sample (100 mg), m.p. 145-146°.

NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 402 (M⁺), 265.

Anal. calc'd for C22 H1. FN. O2.0.55 CHCI2

N, 11.97; C, 60.43; H, 4.21;

55 Found:

N, 11.80; C, 60.37; H, 4.06.

EXAMPLE 126

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-methoxyindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

5

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (50 mg, 0.186 mmol) was suspended in 1 ml of methylene chloride. 5-Methoxyindole-2-carboxylic acid (36.9 mg, 0.207 mmol) was added to the suspension followed by the addition of 38.5 mg (0.2 mmol) of EDC. The mixture was brought to pH 8 with 60 µl of triethylamine. The solid which formed after 3 min. was filtered after 5 hours and washed with chloroform. The filtrate was applied to a 2000 µ preparative TLC plate and eluted with 90:10:1 chloroform:methanol:water (CMW). The product was extracted from silica with methanol and evaporated. HPLC: 98% pure.

MS: M+ (14 ev) m/e 442

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₅H₁₉FN₂O₂ .0.1CHCl₂

N, 12.33; C, 66.34; H, 4.24;

Found:

N, 10.59; C, 66.19; H, 4.23.

20

EXAMPLE 127

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(1-methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

25

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (50 mg, 0.186 mmol) was suspended in 1 ml of methylene chloride. 1-Methylindole-2-carboxylic acid (36.2 mg, 0.2 mmol) was added to the solution followed by the addition of 38.5 mg (0.2 mmol) of EDC. The pH of the solution was brought to 8 with 60 μ l of triethylamine. After stirring for 4 hours the product was purified by preparative TLC on a 2000 μ silica gel plate with a 95:5:0.5 chloroform/methanol/water solvent system. The product band was collected and isolated by washing the silica with 90:10:1 CMW. yield 16.5 mg.

HPLC: 99% pure

MS: M⁺ (14 ev) m/e 426

NMR: Consistent with title structure.

Analysis calc'd for C25 H10 FN4O2 0.8CH2OH

N, 12.39; C, 68.54; H, 4.95;

Found:

N, 12.34; C, 68.29; H, 4.18.

EXAMPLE 128

5 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (80 mg, 0.297 mmol), benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid (48 mg, 0.297 mmol), and EDC (56.9 mg, 0.297 mmol) were combined in CH₂Cl₂ (3 ml) and the pH adjusted to 9N5 with triethylamine (41 µl, 0.297 mmol). After stirring 30 minutes at 25°C, the reaction was concentrated and chromatographed on silica gel (3% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound as a white solid from CH₂Cl₂/Et₂O:

(m.p. 289-291°).

TLC: Silica GF (5% MeOH in CH2Cl2), R1 = 0.48, single homogeneous component.

NMR: Consistent with title structure and verified the presence of 0.15 CH₂Cl₂ and 0.1 (C₂H₅)₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 99.7% pure.

M.S.: Mol. ion = 413 m/e (free base).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₁₅ FN₂O₂.0.15 CH₂Cl₂.0.10 (C₂H₅)₂O: Calc'd:
C, 68.01; H, 4.02; N, 9.69;
Found:
C, 68.22; H, 3.86; N, 9.36.

EXAMPLE 129

1-Ethoxycarbonylmethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

To a suspension of sodium hydride (50%) (24.4 mg, 0.51 mmole) in 2 ml of dry dimethylformamide at 0°C was added, under nitrogen, 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (197.3 mg, 0.48 mmole). The resulting reaction mixture became homogeneous over a one-hour period, was stirred one hour more at 0°C and then treated with ethylbromoacetate (55 μl, 0.50 mmole). The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and after one hour was quenched with brine. The aqueous mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine. Rotoevaporation of the dried extracts (MgSO₄) gave a semi-solld which was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-ammonia 95:5:0.5 v/v elution) to afford 64 mg of the analytical sample. mp 172° (soften), 177-178°C.

NMR (CDCI2): Consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 493 (M*), 364, 354, 338, 327, 313

Analysis calc'd for C₂₆H₂, CIFN₂O₄.0.1 C₄H₂O₂

N, 8.35; C, 63.05; H, 4.32;

Found:

N, 8.16; C, 62.89; H, 4.44.

EXAMPLE 130

1.3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (500 mg, 1.98 mmole) and p-chlorobenzoyl chloride (255 µl, 2.00 mmole) were combined at room temperature in 30 ml of methylene chloride. The resulting solution was protected from moisture and stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with 70 ml of methylene chloride and washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (sat.) and brine. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to give the crude product. Trituration with ether afforded the analytical sample as a white solid.

NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure.

5 MS (14 ev): 389 (M⁺), 250, 234.

Analysis calc'd for: C22 H16 CIN2 O2

N, 10.78; C, 67.78; H, 4.13;

Found:

N. 10.71; C, 67.79; H, 3.97.

50

EXAMPLE 131

1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

To a suspension of sodium hydride (50%) (10 mg, 0.21 mmole) in 1 ml of dry dimethylformamide at

0°C was added, under a nitrogen, 1,3-dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (65.5 mg, 0.166 mmole). The resulting reaction mixture became homogeneous over a one-hour period, was stirred one hour more at 0°C and then treated with iodomethane (10.8 μl, 0.17 mmole). The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and after one hour was quenched with brine. The aqueous mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine. Rotoevaporation of the dried extracts (MgSO₄) gave a semi-solid which was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-ammonia 95:5:0.5 v/y elution) to give the analytical sample. NMR (CDCl₂): Consistent with the title structure;

MS (14 ev): 403 (M⁺)

Analysis calc'd for: C22 H12 CIN2 O2:

N, 10.40; C, 68.40; H, 4.49;

Found:

N, 10.11; C, 68.50; H, 4.57.

15

EXAMPLE 132

1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

20

To a suspension of sodium hydride (50%) (14.0 mg, 0.30 mmole) in 2 ml of dry dimethylformamide at 0°C was added, under nitrogen, 1,3-dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (103.0 mg, 0.25 mmole). The resulting reaction mixture became homogeneous over a one-hour period, was stirred one hour more at 0°C and then treated with 1 ml of dimethylformamide containing sodium iodoacetate (56 mg) (0.27 mmole). The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and after 12 hours was quenched with brine. The aqueous mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine. Rotoevaporation of the dried extracts (MgSO₄) gave a semi-solid which was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform-methanol-acetic acid, 93:6:1 v/v) to provide the analytical sample: (m.p. 225-228°C, from methanol).

FABMS: m/e = 466 (M + H), 245, 177

NMR (DMSO-d₆): consistent with title structure.

Anal. Calc'd for C24 H17 CIFN2 O4 0.45Nal 0.75 H2O

C, 52.71; H, 3.41; N, 7.68.

Found:

C, 52.87; H, 3.64; N, 7.43.

40 EXAMPLE 133

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(2-indolinecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2-H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

45

3-(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (100 mg, 0.398 mmol), 1-indoline-2-carboxylic acid (64.9 mg, 0.398 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (HBT, 53.8 mg, 0.398 mmol), and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC, 76.3 mg, 0.398 mmol) were combined in DMF (2 ml) and the pH of the solution was adjusted to 9.0-9.5 with triethylamine (TEA, 95 £1, 0.683 mmol).

After stirring 15 minutes at 25°C, the DMF was removed in vacuo, the residue treated with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and stripped to dryness in vacuo to give a white solid (180 mg). Flash chromatography on silica gel (267/10/1 of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/concentrated NH₄OH) gave a white solid (38 mg) from EtOAc/hexane. The product is a single stereoisomer whose absolute configuration is unknown; m.p. 252-272°C (slowly shrinkes to a cloudy melt).

TLC: Silica GF (190/10/1 of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/concentrated NH₄OH), R₁ = 0.40, single, clean component. NMR: Consistent with title structure and verifies the presence of EtOAc. HPLC: Greater than 96% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 396.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₅N₄O₂ C ±5C₄H₅O₂
C, 71.06; H, 5.46; N, 12.8:

Found:
C, 70.71; H, 5.11; N, 13.20.

EXAMPLE 134

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(p-trifluoromethylbenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (42 mg, 0.156 mmole) and p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride (32.5 mg, 0.156 mmole) were combined in 3 ml of methylene chloride (CH₁Cl₂), treated with triethylamine (0.0157 g, 0.156 mmole) and stirred at room temperature 15 minutes. The mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (20 ml), washed with 10% citric acid (2 x 5 ml), dilute sodium bicarbonate (2 x 5 ml), and water (2 x 5 ml), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from ethyl acetate (0.4 ml)/ether (1 ml) to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 90°: (m.p. 209-211°).

TLC: Single spot. $R_1 = 0.62$, silica gel plate, 90:10:1:1 (v:v:v:v) CH_2CI_2 : MeOH:HOAc: H_2O .

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of EtOAc.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 441.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₃ H₁₅ F₄N₂O₂. 0.2EtOAc:

C, 62.27; H, 3.64; N, 9.16;

Found:

C, 62.25; H, 3.61; N, 9.11.

30

EXAMPLE 135

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(p-methylbenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

35

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using p-methylbenzoyl chloride (24 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from CH₂Cl₂ (3 ml/Et₂O (1 ml) and dried in vacuo at 90°: (m.p. 275-276° (d)).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.62, silica gel plate, 90:10:1:1 (v:v:v:v) CH₂Cl₂:MeOH:HOAc:H₂O.

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 387.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₂ FN₂O₂. 0.4H₂O:

C, 70.00; H, 4.80; N, 10.85;

Found:

C, 70.04; H, 4.68; N, 10.56.

EXAMPLE 136

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(p-methoxybenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using p-methoxybenzoyl chloride (26.8 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from CH₂Cl₂ (2 ml)/Et₂O (1 ml) and dried in vacuo at 90°: (m.p. 231-233°).

TLC: Single spot, R_I = 0.47, silica gel plate, 5% (v·v) MeOH:CH₂Cl₃. NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure. HPLC: Greater than 97% pure. MS: Molecular ion at $m_1e = 403$. Anal. calc'd for $C_{22}H_{18}FN_2O_3$:

C, 68.48; H, 4.50; N, 10.42; Found:
C, 68.62; H, 4.60; N, 10.36.

10

EXAMPLE 137

3-(RS)-(o-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

15

3-(RS)-Amino-1.3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepine-2-one (250 mg, 0.93 mmol) was suspended in methylene chloride (10 ml) and treated with o-chlorobenzoylchloride (0.124 ml, 0.97 mmol) followed by triethylamine (0.143 ml, 0.97 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction solution was chromatographed on silica gel (chloroform followed by 97/3 chloroform/methanol) and the combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo. TLC: Silica gel (90:10:1, CHCl₂:CH₂OH:H₂O), R_I=0.85.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 389.

Anai. caic'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ ClN₂O₂:

C, 67.78; H, 4.14; N, 10.77;

Found:

C, 67.34; H, 4.00; N, 10.72.

30

EXAMPLE 138

3-(RS)-(N-(o-Chlorobenzoyl)-N-methylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

35

3-(RS)-1,3-Dihydro-(o-Chlorobenzoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (200 mg, 0.51 mmol) and sodium hydride (52 mg of a 50% suspension in mineral oil, 1.094 mmol) were stirred in 2 ml of dry, degassed dimethylformamide under nitrogen in an ice bath. The mixture was stirred until homogeneous. After 2 hours, methyl iodide (38 μ l, 1.094 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction was stirred for 1 hour at 0°C and 1 hour at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with 3 ml of saturated sodium chloride solution. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The clear solution obtained when chloroform was added was evaporated to dryness then chromatographed on silica gel with chloroform as the elution solvent. The 7:1 mixture of the di and mono substituted compounds was further purified by preparative TLC. (Analtech silica gel 2000 μ prep TLC plates developed twice in a 98:2 chloroform/methanol solvent system). TLC: Silica gel 97.2 CHCl₃:MeOH, R_f = 0.35.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

MS: Molecular ion m/e = 417

HPLC: 98%.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₀ClN₂O₂ 0.35CHCl₃:

C, 63.62; H, 4.46; N, 9.14;

Found

C, 63.40; H, 4.55; N, 8.97.

55

3-(RS)-(o-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-1.3-Dihydro-(o-Chlorobenzoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (207 mg, 0.53 mmol) and sodium hydride (26 mg of 50% suspension in mineral oil, 0.54 mmol) were stirred in 2 ml of dry, degassed dimethylformamide under nitrogen in an ice bath. The mixture was stirred until homogenous. After 2 hours, methyl iodide (34 µl, 0.547 mmol) was added in one position. (The remainder of the experiment proceeds as described in Example 139).

10 NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 98%.

MS: Molecular ion m/e 403.

Anal. calc'd for C22 H14 CIN2O2 0.62H2O

C. 66.56; H. 4.67; N. 10.12;

s Found:

20

C. 66.71; H. 4.53; N. 9.90.

EXAMPLE 140

 $3-(RS)-(\underline{m}-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1, 3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1, 4-benzodiazepin-2-one$

The procedure of Example 137 was carried out using m-chlorobenzoyl chloride in place of ochlorobenzoylchloride. The reaction was chromatographed using chloroform as the elution solvent.

TLC: Silica gel 90:10:1 CMA; R_t = 0.8.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 96%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 389.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ N₂O₂ 0.62CHCl₂:

C, 59.86; H, 3.69; N, 9.30;

Found:

C, 59.99; H, 3.75; N, 9.18.

35

EXAMPLE 141

3-(RS)-(3,4-Dichlorobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The EDC procedure in Example 128 was carried out using 3,4-dichlorobenzolc acid in place of 5-methoxy-indole-2-carboxylic acid. The reaction product was dissolved in chloroform and chromatographed with chloroform followed by 99:1 CHCl₃:MeOH(CM).

TLC: Silica gel 97:3 CM, R₁ = 0.45.

HPLC: 100%.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 423.

Anal. caic'd for C2 H1 C1 N2 O2 0.08CHC1

C. 61.12; H, 3.50; N, 9.69;

Found:

C, 61.05; H, 3.50; N, 9.30.

55

3-(RS)-(p-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1.3-dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-4-oxo-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one

3-(RS)-(p-Chlorobenzoylamino)1.3-Dihydro-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one (50 mg, 0.118 mmol) was stirred in 3 ml of chloroform, m-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid (23.6 mg, 0.137 mmol) was added. After stirring overnight another 23.6 mg of MCPBA was added. The solution was stirred for 48 hours then diluted with chloroform and washed with cold saturated sodium bicarbonate. The chloroform solution was dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated. The residue obtained after evaporation was purified by preparative TLC with 98:2 CHCl₂:MeOH (CM) as the developing solvent.

TLC: Silica gel 98:2 CM, R₁ = 0.4 CM.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 95%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 437.

Anal. calc'd for C₁₂ H₁₇ClFN₂O₃ 0.05CHCl₃:

C, 62.37; H. 3.87; N. 9.46;

Found:

C. 62.41; H. 3.80; H. 9.43.

20

EXAMPLE 143

1,3-Dihydro-5-Phenyl-3-(RS)-(4'-methylthiobenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

25

The EDC procedure in Example 126 was carried out using 4-methyl thiobenzoic acid in place of 5-methoxyindole-2-carboxylic acid. The reaction solution was chromatographed on a silica gel column with chloroform followed by 99:1 CHCl₂:MeOH (CM).

TLC: Silica gel 97:3 CM, R₁=0.3

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 97%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 401.

Anal. calc'd for C2 H., N2O2S 0.65CHCl2:

5 C, 59.28; H, 4.13; N, 8.77;

Found:

C, 59.33; H, 4.21; N, 8.57.

40 EXAMPLE 144

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4'-fluorobenzoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 137 was carried out using 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in place of \underline{o} -chlorobenzoyl chloride. The reaction was chromatographed on silica gel using chloroform as the elution solvent. TLC: Silica gel 97:3 CHCl₃:MeOH (CM), R_f = 0.33.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 95%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 373.

Anal. calc'd for C2 H16 FN2O2 0.2H2O:

C, 70.09; H, 4.39; N, 11.15;

Found:

C, 70.14; H, 4.36; N, 10.93.

1.3-Dihydro-5-Phenyl-3-(RS)-(4'-trifluoromethylbenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 137 was carried out using 4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride in place of ochlorobenzoyl chloride. The reaction was chromatographed on silica gel using chloroform as the elution solvent.

TLC: Silica gel 97:3 CHCl3:MeOH (CM), R1 = 0.3.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

o HPLC: 99%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 423.

Anal, calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ F₂N₂O₂:

C, 65.24; H, 3.81; N, 9.92;

Found:

C, 65.14; H, 3.94; N, 9.69.

EXAMPLE 146

20 1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4'-tert-butylbenzoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 137 was carried out using 4-tert-butylbenzoyl chloride in place of ochlorobenzoyl chloride. The reaction was chromotographed on silica gel using chloroform as the elution solvent.

TLC: Silica get 97:3, CHCl₂:MeOH, R_f = 0.35.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 98%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 411.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₈ H₂₅ N₂O₂ 0.14CHCl₂:

C, 73.31; H, 5.92; N, 9.81;

Found:

C, 73.69; H, 6.07; N, 9.78.

35

EXAMPLE 147

3-(RS)-(3,5-Dichlorobenzoylamino)1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepln-2-one

40

The EDC procedure in Example 126 was carried out using 3,5-dichlorobenzoic acid in place of 5-methoxyindole-2-carboxylic acid. The reaction was diluted with chloroform and chromatographed on a silica gel column with chloroform as the elution solvent.

TLC: Silica get 97:3 CHCl3:MeOH (CM), R1 = 0.5

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 96%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e 423.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂H₁₅Cl₂N₂O₂:

C, 62.27; H, 3.56; N, 9.90;

Found:

C, 62.65; H, 3.67; N, 9.80.

55

1-3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(p-Hydroxybenzoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

5 The EDC procedure in Example 126 was carried out using p-hydroxybenzoic acid in place of 5-methoxyindole-2-carboxylic acid. The reaction was chromatographed on silica gel with chloroform as the elution solvent.

TLC: Silica gel 97:3 CHCl₃:MeOH, R₁ = 0.50.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

o HPLC: 99%.

MS: Molecular ion at 371.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂H₁₇N₂O₃:

C, 71.15; H, 4.61; N, 11.31;

Found:

C, 70.05; H, 4.63; H, 11.21.

EXAMPLE 149

20 3-(RS)-(4'-Cyanobenzoylamino)1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure in Example 137 was carried out using 4-cyanobenzoyl chloride in place of o-chlorobenzoyl chloride. The reaction was chromatographed on silica gel using chloroform followed by 98:2 CHCl₃:MeOH (CM) as the elution solvents.

TLC: Silica gel 97:3 CM, $R_t = 0.3$.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: 99.6%.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 380.

Anal. calc'd for C22 H16 N4 O2 0.41 H2O

C, 71.24; H, 4.37; N, 14.45;

Found:

C, 71.53; H, 4.37; N, 14.73.

35

EXAMPLE 150

3(S)-(-)-3-(2-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (41.4 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-chlorobenzoylchloride (27.3 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 78°C: (m.p. 100-118°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.24, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 403.

 $[a]_{D}^{23} = -90.4^{\circ} (1.15 \text{ mg/ml}, CH_{z}Cl_{z}).$

Anal. calc'd for Cz Ha CIN2O:

C, 68.40; H, 4.49; N, 10.41;

Found:

55

C, 68.20; H, 4.73; N, 10.07.

EXAMPLE 151

3(R)-(+)-3-(2-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (41.4 mg, 0.158 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, and 2-chlorobenzoyl chloride (27.3 mg, 0.158 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 78°C: (m.p. 102-120°).

TLC: Single spot. R_t = 0.24, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 403.

 $[a]_{D}^{25} = +95.4^{\circ} (1.75 \text{ mg/ml}, CH_{2}Cl_{2}).$

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ ClN₂O:

C, 68.40; H, 4.49; N, 10.41;

Found:

25

C, 68.74; H, 4.68; N, 10.16.

EXAMPLE 152

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(p-dimethylaminobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using p-dimethylaminobenzoyl chloride (28.6 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The citric acid and sodium bicarbonate washes were omitted. The title compound was crystallized from CH₁Cl₂ (6 ml)/Et₂O (5 ml) and dried in vacuo at 90°: (m.p. 256-258°C).

TLC: Single spot, R_f = 0.60, silica gel plate, 90:10:1:1 (v:v:v:v) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH:HOAc:H₂O.

35 NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of H₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 416.

Anal. calc'd for C24 H21 FN4O2. 0.15H2O:

C. 68.77; H. 5.12; N. 13.37;

40 Found:

45

C, 68.73; H, 5.16; N, 13.27.

EXAMPLE 153.

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(3,4-dimethoxybenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3,4-dimethoxybenzoyl chloride (31.3 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from CH₂Cl₂ (1.5 ml)/Et₂O (3 ml) and dried in vacuo at 90°: (m.p. 206-207.5°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁=0.64, silica gel plate, 90:10:1:1 (v:v:v:v) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH:HOAc:H₂O.

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure and verified the presence of Et₂O and CH₂Cl₂.

55 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 433.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₅ FN₂O₄. 0.13C₄H₁₀O. 0.13CH₂Cl₂: C, 65.24; H, 4.79; N, 9.26; Found: C. 65.22; H, 4.55; N, 9.14.

5

EXAMPLE 154

3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

10

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-bromobenzoyl chloride (34.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from Et₂O and dried in vacuo at 100°C: (m.p. (172-178°C).

TLC: Single spot, $R_1 = 0.66$, sllica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et_2O in CH_2Cl_2 .

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 465.

 $[a]_D^{25} = +16.7^{\circ} (0.0025 \text{ g/ml, CH}_2\text{Cl}_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C22 H17BrFN2O2:

C, 59.24; H, 3.67; N, 9.01;

Found:

30

C, 59.45; H, 3.80; N, 8.97.

EXAMPLE 155

1,3-Dihydro-5-phenyl-3(RS)-(3-trifluoromethylthiobenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

35 3(RS)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (80.0 mg, 0.318 mmole), 3-trifluoromethylthiobenzoic acid (70.7 mg, 0.318 mmole), HBT (43.0 mg, 0.318 mmole) and EDC (61.0 mg, 0.318 mmole) were combined in dry DMF (2 ml) and stirred at room temperature. The pH of the mixture was adjusted to 9.0-9.5 with triethylamine (64.4 mg, 0.636 mmole) and the mixture stirred for 10 minutes. The DMF was removed in vacuo, and the residue was treated with 10% citric acid and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic fractions were washed with sodium carbonate solution, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was crystallized from EtOAc to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 100°C: (m.p. 230-232°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.32, silica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

45 HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 455.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ F₃N₂O₂S:

C, 60.65; H, 3.54; N, 9.23;

Found:

C, 60.82; H, 3.51; N, 9.35.

EXAMPLE 156

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3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-bromobenzoyl chloride (34.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was chromatographed on silica gel (5% Et₂O in CH2Cl2 elution) and the product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The title compound was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 123-135°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.46, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 465. $[a]_0^{25} = +9.6^{\circ} (0.0023 \text{ g/ml. CH}_2\text{Cl}_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C22 H17BrFN2O2:

C, 59.24; H, 3.67; N, 9.01;

Found:

C, 59.12; H. 3.75; N, 8.77.

20

EXAMPLE 157

3(S)-(+)-3-(4-t-Butylbenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

25

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dlhydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyi)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-t-butylbenzoyl chloride (30.7 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of e-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (4% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution), and the product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The title compound was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 184-190°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.37, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 443.

 $' = +6.7^{\circ} (0.0021 \text{ g/ml, CH}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2}).$ $[a]_D$

Anal, calc'd for C27H26FN2O2:

C, 73.12; H, 5.91; N, 9.48;

Found:

C, 73.03; H, 6.11; N, 9.44.

EXAMPLE 158

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(pyrrole-2-carbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using pyrrole-2-carbonyl chloride (20.2 mg, 0.158 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. Without washing, the reaction mixture was chromatographed on silica gel (225:10:1:1 (v:v:v:v) CH₂Cl₂:MeOH:HOAc:H₂O elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from EtOAc to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 271-274°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁=0.35, silica gel plate, 180:10:1:1 (v/v/v/v) CH₂Cl₂: MeOH:HOAc:H₂O.

NMR: Consistent with structure, verifies presence of 0.25 EtOAc.

HPLC: Greater than 95% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 362. Anal. calc'd for C₂₀H₁₅FN₄O₂ 0.25C₄H₁₀O: C, 65.62; H, 4.46; N, 14.58; Found: C, 65.60; H, 4.55; N, 14.53.

EXAMPLE 159

3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-(dihydro-3-(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-iodobenzoyl chloride (41.6 mg, 0.156 mmole in place of ptrifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution) and the product fractions evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The title compound was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 128-140°C).

20 TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.51, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure. HPLC: Greater than 99% pure. MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 513. $[a]_D^{23} = +8.4^{\circ} (0.0028 \text{ g/ml, CH}_2\text{Cl}_2).$ Anal. calc'd for C23 H17 FIN2 O2: C, 53.82; H, 3.34; N, 8.19;

Found:

C, 53.72; H, 3.44; N, 8.00.

30

EXAMPLE 160

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-naphthoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

35

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4benzodiazepin-2-one (39.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-naphthoyl chloride (29.7 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from CH2Cl2/EtOAc to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C (m.p. 293-294°C).

TLC: Single spot, R_f = 0.28, silica gel plate. 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 405.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₆ H₁₀ N₂O₂:

C, 77.02; H, 4.72; N, 10.37;

Found:

C, 76.88; H, 4.85; N, 10.50.

EXAMPLE 161

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3(S)-(-)-3-(2-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1.3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1.3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-bromobenzoyl chloride (34.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness. The residue was crystallized from Et₂O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 165-185°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.38, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 465.

 $[a]_0^{25} = -24.1^{\circ} (0.0037 \text{ g/ml}, CH_2Cl_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C22,H17BrFN2O2:

C. 59.24; H. 3.67; N. 9.01;

Found:

C, 59.14; H, 3.61; N, 9.06.

20

25

EXAMPLE 162

3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Cyanobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-cyanobenzoyl chloride (25.8 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (8% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 130-147°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁=0.29, silica gel plate, 10% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

35 NMR: Consistent with structure, verifies presence of 0.1 Et.O.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 412.

 $[a]_D^{25} = +13.0^{\circ} (0.0027 \text{ g/ml}, CH_2Cl_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄H₁₇FN₄O₂ 0.1C₄H₁₀O:

C, 69.80; H, 4.32; N, 13.34;

Found:

C, 69.50; H, 4.43; N, 13.44.

45 EXAMPLE 163

1,3-Dihydro-5-phenyl-3(RS)-(4-n-propylbenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(RS)-amino-1.3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (39.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-n-propylbenzoyl chloride (28.5 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from Et₂O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p., 158-162°C).

TLC: Single spot, R_t = 0.24, silica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et_zO in CH_zCl_z.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.
MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 397.
Anal. calc'd for C₁₅ H₂₅ N₂O₂:
C, 75.54; H, 5.83; N, 10.57;
Found:
C, 75.16; H, 5.98; N, 10.74.

EXAMPLE 164

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1,3-Dihydro-5-phenyl-3(RS)-(4-phenylbenzoylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (39.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-phenylbenzoyl chloride (33.8 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from Et₂O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 274-276°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.24, silica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.
HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.
MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 431.
Anal. calc'd for C₇₇H₂, N₂O₂:

C, 77.94; H, 4.91; N, 9.74;

Found:

C, 77.69; H, 5.17; N, 9.84.

30 Example 165

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(4-n-pentylbenzoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (39.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-n-pentylbenzoyl chloride (32.9 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluorobenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (15%, (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from Et₂O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 82°C: (m.p. 203-205°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.28, silica gei plate, 15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular jon at m/e = 425.

5 Anal. calc'd for C₂₇H₂₇N₃O₂:

C, 76.21; H, 6.40; N, 9.88;

Found:

50

55

C, 76.07; H, 6.53; N, 10.00.

EXAMPLE 166

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(1-naphthoylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (39.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-

benzodiazepin-2-one and 1-naphthoyl chloride (29.7 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (15% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from Et₂O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 162-167°C).

TLC: Single spot. $R_1 = 0.22$, silica gel plate, 15% (v/v) Et_2O in CH_2Cl_2 .

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 96% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 405.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₆ H₁₉ N₂O₂:

C, 77.02; H, 4.72; N, 10.37;

Found:

20

C, 77.20; H, 4.91; N, 10.25.

EXAMPLE 167

3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-iodobenzoyl chloride (41.6 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of ptrifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₁Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 105-120°C).

TLC: Single spot, R_f=0.34, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 96% pure.

30 MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 513.

 $= +13.0^{\circ} (0.0024 \text{ g/ml}, CH_2Cl_2).$ [a]_D

Anal. calc'd for C23 H17FIN2O2:

C, 53.82; H, 3.34; N, 8.19;

Found:

C, 54.10; H, 3.46; N, 8.18. 35

EXAMPLE 168

3(R)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-iodobenzoyl chloride (41.6 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of ptrifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 169-172°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.38, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 513.

 $[a]_{D}^{20} = -10.2^{\circ} (0.0026 \text{ g/ml, CH}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2}).$

Anal. calc'd for C₂₃ H₁₇FIN₂O₂:

C, 53.82; H, 3.34; N, 8.19;

Found:

C, 54.07; H, 3.42; N, 8.50.

EXAMPLE 169

3(R)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

5

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorephenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one, and 2-iodobenzoyl chloride (41.6 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of g-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from ether to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 231-235°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.24, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 513.

 $[a]_D^{25} = +26.1^{\circ} (0.0028 \text{ g/ml}, CH_2Cl_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C22 H17 FIN7 O2:

C, 53.82; H, 3.34; N, 8.19;

20 Found:

C, 53.71; H, 3.38; N, 8.14.

EXAMPLE 170

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3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-iodobenzoyl chloride (41.6 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of ptrifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et_zO in CH_zCl_z elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from Et.O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C (m.p. 230-232°C).

TLC: Single spot, R_f = 0.24, silica gel plate, 5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 513.

= -25.6° (0.0029 g/ml, CH₂Cl₂). [a]₀

Anal. calc'd for C22 H17 FIN2 O2:

C. 53.82; H, 3.34; N, 8.19;

Found:

C, 53,62; H, 3.25; N, 8.30.

45

EXAMPLE 171

3(R)-(+)-3-(2-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-bromobenzoyl chloride (34.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from Et₂O to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C (m.p. 155-160°C).

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TLC: Single spot, R_1 = 0.28, silica gel plate, 5% (v·v) Et_1O in CH_2Cl_2. NMR: Consistent with structure. HPLC: Greater than 99% pure. MS: Molecular ion at mve = 465. [a]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +26.3° (0.0034 g/ml, CH_2Cl_2). Anal. calc'd for C_{22}H_{17}BrFN_2O_2: C, 59.24; H, 3.67; N, 9.01; Found: C, 59.15; H, 3.70; N, 9.12.
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EXAMPLE 172

3(R)-(+)-3-(2-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

15

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (44.2 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-chlorobenzoyl chloride (27.3 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized from CH₂Cl₂ to give the title compound which was dried in vacuo at 65°C: (m.p. 157-165°C).

TLC: Single spot, $R_1 = 0.25$, silica gel plate, $\overline{5\%}$ (v/v) Et_2O in CH_2Cl_2 .

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 421.

 $[a]_D^{25} = +16.7^{\circ} (0.0032 \text{ g/ml, CH}_2\text{Cl}_2).$

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁, CIFN₂O₂:

C, 65.48; H, 4.06; N, 9.96;

Found:

C, 65.63; H, 4.10; N, 10.03.

35 EXAMPLE 173

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-phenylcarbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

40

30

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using benzoyl chloride (21.9 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from ethyl acetate and dried in vacuo at 75°C: (m.p. 243-244°C).

TLC: Single spot, $R_1 = 0.18$, silica gel plate, (chloroform-methanol, 1:1 v/v).

5 NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 373.

Anal. calc'd for

C, 70.76; H, 4.32; N, 11.25;

so Found:

C, 70.63; H, 4.35; N, 11.07.

EXAMPLE 174

55

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-chlorophenyl)carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using 2-chlorobenzoyl chloride (27.3 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from ethyl acetate and dried in vacuo at 75°C: (m.p. 224-224.5°C).

TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.27, silica gel plate, (chloroform-methanol, 97:3 v/v).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 407.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂H₁₅CIFN₂O₂. 0.1C₄H₈O₂:

C, 64.57; H, 3.82; N, 10.08;

Found:

C, 64.30; H, 3.76; N, 9.99.

EXAMPLE 175

20 1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using benzyl chloroformate (26.6 mg, 0.156 mmole) in place of p-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride. The title compound was crystallized from ethyl acetate and dried in vacuo at 75°C: (m.p. 208°C).

25 TLC: Single spot, R₁ = 0.37, silica gel plate, (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v).

NMR: The spectrum was consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 403.

Anal. calc'd for C22 H18 FN2 O3:

C, 68.48; H, 4.50; N, 10.42;

Found:

C, 68.84; H, 4.62; N, 10.49.

S EXAMPLE 176

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (6.5 g, 16.1 mmole) and 2,4-bis-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dithioxo-1,3,2,4-dithiaphosphetane (4.9 g, 12.1 mmole) were combined in 500 ml of toluene and heated at reflux for 1.5 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled, diluted to 700 ml with, ethyl acetate and washed with 10% sodium hydroxide solution (4 x 50 ml) and brine. The organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield 12 g of crude product. Trituration with ethyl acetate gave 4.0 g of the analytical product as a yellow powder. Chromatography of the mother liquors on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution, 1:1 v/v) afforded an additional 2.2 g of pure product: m.p. 190-191 °C.

NMR (CDCl₂): Confirmed structure of the title compound.

MS (14 ev): 419 (M⁺), 311, 284, 256, 243, 224.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₂FN₂O₂S:

N, 10.02; C, 65.86; H, 4.33;

Found:

N, 9 79; C, 65.59; H. 4.44.

55

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)carbonyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenyl)carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

To a solution of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-amino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (400 mg, 1.49 mmole) in 25 ml of methylene chloride was added ρ-chlorobenzoyl chloride (380 μl, 3.0 mmole). Triethylamine was added to bring the pH of the reaction mixture to approximately 6 (moist pH paper) followed by 4-dimethylamino pyridine (183 mg, 1.5 mmole). After stirring at room temperature overnight the reaction mixture was diluted with methylene chloride to 200 ml and washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (3 x 50 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, and brine. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to give 890 mg of crude product. Silica gel chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1 vv) afforded the analytical product: m.p. 190-191°C.

TLC: Single spot, $R_1 = 0.70$, silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v).

15 NMR: The spectrum is consistent with the title structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion m/e = 546.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₉ H₁₈ Cl₂FN₂O₃:

N, 7.69; C, 63.74; H, 3.32;

o Found:

30

N, 7.58; C, 63.88; H, 3.46.

EXAMPLE 178

25

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)carbonyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenyl)carbonyloxy-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

A suspension of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxy-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (610 mg, 2.25 mmole) in 25 ml of methylene chloride was treated with 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride (0.314 ml, 2.48 mmole) at room temperature. 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (303 mg, 2.48 mmole) was added and within minutes the reaction mixture became homogeneous. The reaction mixture was protected from moisture and stirred at room temperature overnight. An additional equivalent each of 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride and 4-dimethylaminopyridine were added and stirring was continued for 8 hours at 40-45°C. The reaction mixture was diluted to 150 ml with methylene chloride and washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (3 x 50 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (3 x 50 ml) and brine (50 ml). Rotoevaporation of the dried (MgSO₄) organic phase gave a foam which on trituration with ether afforded a beige solid. Recrystallization from ethyl acetate afforded 612 mg of the title compound as a white powder in analytical purity: m.p. 198-199°C.

NMR (DMSO-d_s): The spectrum is consistent with the title structure.

MS (14 ev): 547 (M⁺), 407, 379, 374, 363. 224. 156. Anal. calc'd for C₂₉ H₁₇Cl₂FN₂O₄:

N, 5.11; C, 63.63; H, 3.13;

s Found:

50

N, 5.03; C, 63.68; H, 3.08.

EXAMPLE 179

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(4-chlorobenzoyl)oxy-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

A suspension of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxy-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (610 mg, 2.25 mmole) in 25 ml of methylene chloride was treated with 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride (0.314 ml, 2.48 mmole) at room temperature. 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (303 mg, 2.48 mmole) was added and within minutes the reaction mixture became homogeneous. The reaction mixture was protected from moisture and stirred at

room temperature overnight. An additional equivalent each of 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride and 4dimethylaminopyridine were added and stirring was continued for 8 hours at 40-45°C. The reaction mixture was diluted to 150 ml with methylene chloride and washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (3 x 50 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (3 x 50 ml) and brine (50 ml). Rotoevaporation of the dried (MgSO₄) organic phase gave a foam which on trituration with ether afforded a beige solid. The mother liquors were concentrated and the residue chromatographed on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v) to give the title compound.

NMR (CDCI₃): The spectrum is consistent with the title structure.

Anal. calc'd for C22 H14 CIFN2O3:

N, 6.85; C, 64.63; H, 3.45;

Found:

20

N, 6.68; C, 64.64; H, 3.60.

EXAMPLE 180

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenyl)carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione

A mixture of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-amino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione (200 mg, 0.70 mmole), 4-chlorobenzoic acid (120 mg, 0.77 mmole) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (150 mg, 0.77 mmole) were combined in 2 ml of dry N,N-dimethylformamide at room temperature. The pH of the homogeneous reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8 with triethylamine. The reaction mixture was protected from moisture and stirred at room temperature overnight (about 90% complete after 1 hour). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue dissolved in 100 ml of ethyl acetate. The organic phase was then washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (2 \times 20 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (20 ml), and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) organic phase was rotoevaporated to dryness to yield 300 mg of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography on SiO₂ (hexane-ethyl acetate, 2:1) gave the analytical sample as a solvate: m.p. 156-158°C.

NMR (DMSO-d_s): Confirmed structure of the title compound.

MS (14 ev): 423 (M⁺), 391, 284, 268, 236, 139.

Anal, caic'd for C₂₂H₁₅CIFN₂OS. 0.10C₄H₈O₂:

N, 9.71; C, 62.17; H, 3.68;

Found:

40

N, 9.39; C, 62.45; H, 4.01.

EXAMPLE 181

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole)carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione

A mixture of 1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-amino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione (400 mg, 1.40 mmole), indole-2-carboxylic acid (248 mg, 1.54 mmole) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (295 mg, 1.54 mmole) were combined in 10 ml of dry N,N-dimethylformamide at room temperature. The pH of the homogeneous reaction mixture was then adjusted to 8 with triethylamine. The reaction mixture was protected from moisture and stirred at room temperature overnight (about 50% 50 complete after 1 hour). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue dissolved in 200 ml of ethyl acetate. The organic phase was then washed in succession with 10% citric acid solution (2 \times 25 ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (25 ml), and brine. The dried (MgSO₄) organic phase was rotoevaporated to dryness to yield 1.4 g of crude product. Preparative thick layer chromatography on SiO2 -(hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1) gave the analytical sample as a beige powder: m.p. 209-211°C.

NMR (CDCl₂): Confirmed structure of the title compound.

MS (14 ev): 428 (M⁺), 396, 394, 296, 293, 252, 249.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄H₁₇FN₄OS. 0.15C₄H₂O₂: N, 12.69; C. 66.89; H, 4.15; Found: N, 12.92; C. 66.69; H, 3.90.

5

EXAMPLE 182

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenyl)aminocarbonylamino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

10

To a solution of 85 mg (0.315 mmole) of 1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran was added 4-chlorophenylisocyanate (40 μl, 0.315 mmole) at room temperature. Within 15 minutes a flocculant, white precipitate formed. Stirring was continued for 8 hours more and the reaction mixture was filtered. The collected solids were washed with hot methanol and driedin vacuo to give the analytical product: m.p. 278°C.

NMR (DMSO-d_e): Confirms structure assignment of product.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₄ CIFN₄O₂:

N, 13.25; C, 62.48; H, 3.81;

Found:

N. 13.09; C. 62.33; H. 3.86.

25 EXAMPLE 183

1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-oximino-5-phenyl(-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

30

To a suspension of potassium tert-butoxide (24.9 g, 222 mmole) in 600 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran was added 200 ml of dry tert-butylalcohol at -20°C under nitrogen. To this solution was then added via, addition funnel 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (25 g, 99.9 mmole) in 260 ml of tetrahydrofuran. The resulting wine colored solution was stirred for 2 hours at -20°C and treated with 17.4 ml (130 mmole) of isoamyl nitrite. The reaction mixture was warmed to 0°C over 15 minutes and quenched with the addition of 60 ml of cold water and 20 ml of glacial acetic acid. All solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate (600 ml) and brine (100 ml). The phases were separated and the organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The resulting semi-solid was triturated with ether to give 21 g of off-white solid. m.p. 234-235°C; R₁ = 0.15 (ethylacetate-hexane,

1:1); R_I=0.28 chloroform-ethanol, 95:5); ir(KBr, partial): 3300, 1650, 1595, 1320, 1205, 1030, 975 cm⁻¹.

MS (14 ev.): 279 (M⁺), 262, 249, 236, 222.

'HNMR (CDCl₂): 3.5 (3H, CH₂-N), confirms structure assignment.

Elemental Analysis Calc'd for C₁₅H₁₂N₂O₂:

C, 4.69; H, 68.81; N, 15.04.

Found:

C, 4.62; H, 68.67; N, 15.08.

EXAMPLE 184



3(R,S)-Amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

- -55

A solution of 150 ml of methanol containing 5 g (17.9 mmole) of 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-3-oximino-5-phenyl-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one was treated with a slurry of active Raney-nickel catalyst in ethanol (10 g). The resulting suspension was hydrogenated on a Parr apparatus at 60 psi and 23°C for 30 hours. The

catalyst was removed by filtration and the filtrate was concentrated to afford the title compound in 95%

 R_1 = 0.23 (chloroform-ethanol, 95:5), R_1 = 0.23 (chloroform-methanol-acetic acid-water, 90:10:1:1)

'HNMR (CDCl₂): spectrum confirms structure assignment.

Raney-Nickel catalyst was prepared according to Fieser & Fieser, Reagents for Organic Synthesis, Vol. I, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York 1967, p. 729.

EXAMPLE 185

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4-Cyano-N-(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out employing equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-3-(RS)-15 amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-cyanobenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 388.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H16 N4O2 • 0.41 H2O:

C, 71.24; H, 4.37; N, 14.73.

Found:

25

C, 71.53; H, 4.37; N, 14.73.

EXAMPLE 186

 $(S)-\alpha-Amino-N-(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1\,H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzene propanamide$

A solution of 1.55gm (3.11 mmol) α-t-butyloxycarbonylamino-N-(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-3s benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzenepropanamide in 10 ml EtoAc was cooled in an ice bath, saturated with HCl(g) and stirred 10 minutes. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue treated with saturated Na₂CO₃ and extracted (3x EtOAc). The organics were combined, washed 1x H₂O, 1x brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent removed in vacuo. The residue was flash chromatographed on silica gel (90/10/1/1 of CH2Cl2/MeOH/H2O/HoAc) and a clean higher R1 component was isolated. After conversion to the free

base (Na₂CO₂(aq)/EtOAc) the title compound crystallized from EtOAc: mp. 208-210 °C. NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of H₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 98.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 398 (free base).

Anal. Calc'd for, C24 H22 N4 O2 • 0.1 H2O:

C, 72.02; H, 5.59; N, 14.00.

Found:

C. 72.01; H, 5.50; N, 14.01.

EXAMPLE 187

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3(S)-(2-Indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4,-benzodiazepin-2-one

Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, indole-2-carbonyl chloride and triethylamine were mixed in CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature and stirred 10 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (25% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a

```
white solid after removal of the solvent: m.p. 188-95°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of CH₂Cl₁.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m·e = 394 (free base).

Anal Calc'd for C₂⋅H₁₂N₄O₂⋅0.06 CH₁Cl₂:

C, 72.33; H, 4.57; N, 14.03.

Found:

C, 72.32; H, 4.47; N, 14.08.

[α]

C = -88.1° (conc. 1.6 mg/ml CH₂Cl₂).
```

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EXAMPLE 188

3-(2'-Chlorobenzoylamino)-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-(2'-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one

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The procedure of Example 4 was employed using equimolar amounts of ethylbromoacetate and 1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. The chromatographed product was dried in vacuo at room temperature.

NMR: Consistent with structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 95% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 494.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H2, CIFN2 O4 0.4H2O:

C, 62.31; H, 4.39; N, 8.39.

Found:

C, 62.39; H, 4.39; N, 8.36.

30 EXAMPLE 189

(SJ-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-methylpropanamide

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Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, isobutyryl chloride, and triethylamine were mixed in CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature and stirred 10 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a white foam upon removal of the solvent: m.p. 87-107°C.

40 NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of H₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 99.0% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 335 (free base).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₁N₂O₂•0.2 H₂O:

C, 70.86; H, 6.36; N, 12.40.

Found:

C, 70.71; H, 6.40; N, 12.40. $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25} = -96.8^{\circ}$ (conc. = 2.2 mg/ml CH₂Cl₂).



EXAMPLE 190

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-methylbutanamide

55

Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, isovaleryl chloride and triethylamine were mixed in CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature and stirred 10 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a

```
white foam from Et<sub>2</sub>O: m.p. 83-102°C.
NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.
HPLC: Greater than 99.0% pure.
MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 349.
Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>23</sub> N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>:
   C, 72.18; H, 6.64; N, 12.03.
Found:
   C. 71.92; H, 6.88; N, 12.05.
      = - 94.2° (conc. = 3.1 mg/ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>).
[a]b
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EXAMPLE 191

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(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-cyclohexanecarboxamide

Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, cyclohexane carboxylic acid chloride and triethylamine were mixed in CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature and stirred 10 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a white solid after removal of the solvent: m.p. 212-214°C. NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of H₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 98.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 375 (free base).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₅ N₂O₂ • 0.25H₂O:

C. 72.70; H, 6.76; N, 11.06.

Found:

C, 72.73; H, 6.86; N, 11.25. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -89.7^{\circ}$ (conc. = 3.2 n = - 89.7° (conc. = 3.2 mg/ml)

EXAMPLE 192

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propenamide

Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, cinnamoyl chloride, and triethylamine were mixed in CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature and stirred 10 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a white solid after removal of the solvent: m.p. 126-140°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of H₂O.

HPLC: Greater than 94.6% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at 395 (Free base).

Anai. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₁ N₃O₂• 0.25H₂O:

C, 75.07; H, 5.42; N, 10.51.

Found:

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C, 75.02; H, 5.45; N, 10.39. = -80.6° (conc. = 2.13 mg/ml CH₂Cl₂).

EXAMPLE 193

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2,2-dimethylpropanamide

3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, Equimolar amounts

trimethylacetylchloride and triethylamine were mixed in CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature and stirred 10 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a white foam after removal of the solvent: m.p. 85-94°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of trimethylacetic acid.

5 HPLC: Greater than 98.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 349 (free base).

Anal. Calc'd for C2, H22 N2 O2 = 0.15C5 H10 O2:

C, 71.62; H, 6.77; N, 11.52.

Found:

C, 71.57; H, 6.85; N, 11.48.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -97.1^{\circ}$ (conc. = 3.15 mg/ml CH₂Cl₂).



EXAMPLE 194

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodlazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

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Equimolar amounts of 3-(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 253-254°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 509.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H22 CIFN4O4:

C, 61.36; H, 4.36; N, 11.01.

Found:

C, 61.33; H, 4.44; N, 10.90.



35 EXAMPLE 195

5-(2-Fluorophenyi)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-((((1-phenylethyl)amino)carbonyi)amino)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

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Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one-and (+)-α-methylphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product as a 1:1 mixture of diastereomers: m.p. 160-162°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 503.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂H₂₇FN₄O₄:

C, 66.92; H, 5.42; N, 11.15.

Found:

C, 66.57; H, 5.59; N, 10.82.

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3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-3-yl)-2-amino-4-chlorobenzamide

3-(R,S)-Amino-1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (150 mg, 0.56 mmol) and 2-amino-4-chlorobenzoic acid were coupled according to the mixed anhydride method. Thus, the benzoic acid analogue was dissolved in 10 ml of 10:1 v/v methylene chloride-DMF at -5°C and treated with N-methylmorpholine (75 μl, 0.68 mmol) and i-butylchloroformate (90 μl, 0.68 mmol). After 15 minutes, the aminobenzodiazepine was added and stirring was continued at 0°C for 1 hour, then at 23° for 12 hours. Extractive work-up afforded the crude product which was chromatographed on silica gel using hexane-ethyl acetate (2:1 v/v). The analytical product was a foam which melted at 146°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃ H₁₀ ClN₄O₂ H₂O:

C, 63.22; H, 4.84; N, 12.82.

Found:

C, 63.49; H, 4.49; N, 12.79

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EXAMPLE 197

N-(4-Chlorphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-3-carboxamide

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Freshly distilled THF (3ml) was treated with 0.167 ml (1.20 mmol) diisopropylamine and cooled to -75°C under a N₂ atmosphere. n-Butyl lithium in hexane (1.20 mmol, 0.774 ml of 1.55 M) was added, the solution stirred 5 minutes and then allowed to warm to room temperature. The solution was recooled to -75°C and 150 mg (0.60 mmol) of 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one was added in 25 mg increments as a solid. The red suspension was stirred 5 minutes and then warmed to room temperature. The solution was recooled to -75°C, 76.8 ml (0.60 mmol) of p-chlorophenylisocyanate was added, stirred 5 minutes and then warmed to room temperature. After stirring 1 hour, brine was added and the mixture was extracted (3x EtOAc). The organics were combined, washed (2x H₂O, 1x brine), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was flash chromatographed on sillica gel (5% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound which was crystallized from ether: m.p. 159-165°C.

HPLC: Greater than 99.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 403

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₈ClN₂O₂:

C, 68.40; H, 4.49; N, 10.41.

Found:

C. 68.33; H. 4.61; N. 10.35

 $\sqrt{}$

EXAMPLE 198

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-cyclohexanecarboxamide

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and cyclohexane carboxylic acid chloride. The product was puridied by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C. m.p. 212-214°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 375 Anal. Calc'd for $C_{23}H_{25}N_2O_2$: C, 73.57; H, 6.71; N, 11.19. Found: C, 73.22; H, 6.81; N, 11.16.

EXAMPLE 199

 \checkmark

3-((2.3-Dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 9 was followed in which 3(R)-[(1H-indol-3-yl)methyl]-5-phenyl-1,3-dihydro-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one was reduced to give the tile compound. The analytical sample was obtained after silica gel chromatography using hexane-ethyl acetate.

NMR: Consistent with structure. HPLC: Greater than 95% pure. MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 367

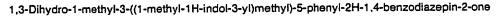
Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₁ N₂O:

C, 78.45; H, 5.76; N, 11.44. Found:

C, 78.84; H, 5.75; N, 11.18.

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EXAMPLE 200



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The procedure of Example 4 was employed using equimolar amounts of iodomethane and 1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. The chromatographed product was dried \underline{in} vacuo at room temperature as a foam.

35 NMR: Consistent with structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 393.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₆ H₂₂ N₂O:

C, 79.36; H, 5.89; N, 10.68.

40 Found:

C, 79.68; H, 6.02; N, 10.57.

EXAMPLE 201

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(S)-N-2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-pentylbenzamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-n-pentylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C. [α]_D = -82° (conc. = 3 mg/ml CH₂Cl₂).

NMR: Consistent with structure. HPLC: Greater than 97% pure. .MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 440.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₈H₂₈N₃O₂: C, 76.51; H, 6.65; N, 9.56. Found: C, 76.34; H, 6.91; N, 9.21.

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EXAMPLE 202

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodlazepine-1-acetic acid

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Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-carboxy-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 178-180°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 463.

Anal. Calc'd for C24 H19 CINAO4 1/4H2O:

C, 61.67; H, 4.21; N, 11.99.

Found:

C, 61.61; H, 4.29; N, 11.79.

25

EXAMPLE 203

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-trifluoromethylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 125-127°C;

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -65^{\circ}$ (conc. = 3 mg/ml CH₂Cl₂).

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 437.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂, H₁₂F₂N₂O₂•0.25C₆H₁₄:

C, 66.73; H, 4.72; N, 9.15.

Found:

C, 66.95; H, 4.67; N, 9.18.

45

EXAMPLE 204

3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 228-229°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 491.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₆ H₂₃ ClN₄O₄:

C. 63.61; H. 4.72; N. 11.41.

Found:

C, 63.54; H, 4.88; N, 11.08.

EXAMPLE 205

5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2.5-dihydro-3-((((1-methylethyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester.

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Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and isoproplylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P_2O_5 to give the analytical product: m.p. 155-157°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 449.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃ H₂₅ FN₄O₄ ● 1/2H₂O:

C. 61.45; H, 5.83; N, 12.46.

Found:

C, 61.18; H, 5.52; N, 12.37.

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© EXAMPLE 206

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-pentylbenzamide

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-n-pentylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and dried at 65°C.

40 NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 440.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₈H₂₉N₂O₂ 1/4H₂O:

C, 75.73; H, 6.69; N, 9.46.

5 Found:

C, 75.69; H, 6.85; N, 9.45.



EXAMPLE 207

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R)-(+)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-trifluoromethylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.
HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.
MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 437.
Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄H₁₂F₂N₂O₂ • 1 '4C₄H₋₄:
C, 66.95; H, 4.67; N, 9.18.
Found:
C, 66.92; H, 4.57; N, 9.54.

10 EXAMPLE 208

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3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid phenylmethyl ester

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Equimolar amounts of 3(RS)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-phenylmethyloxycarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 220-222°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 553.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₁ H₂₅ ClN₄O₄ ● 0.3H₂O:

C, 66.67; H, 4.62; N, 10.03.

Found:

C. 68.52; H, 4.42; N, 9.87.

30

EXAMPLE 209

2,3-Dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3-(((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

35

The procedure of Example 4 was employed using equimolar amounts of ethylbromoacetate and 1,3-dihydro-3(R,S)-(phenylmethyloxycarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. The chromatographed product (ethyl acetate-hexane) was dried in vacuo at room temperature over P₂O₅: m.p. 65-66°C. NMR: Consistent with structure assignment and shows approximately 10% of the 3,4-double bond isomer.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure. MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 472.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₇H₂₅N₃O₅:

C, 68.78; H, 5.34; N, 8.91.

Found:

C, 68.85; H, 5.55; N, 8.60.

X

EXAMPLE 210

(R)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

55

The procedure of Example 4 was employed using equimolar amounts of iodomethane and 1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-3(R)-(3'-indolyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. The chromatographed product was dried in vacuo at room temperature as a foam.

NMR: Consistent with structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 379.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H2. N2O:

C. 79.13; H. 5.58; N. 11.08.

Found:

C, 78.99; H, 5.60; N, 11.03.

o EXAMPLE 211



15

25

3-((2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl)-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

The procedure of Example 9 was followed in which 1-methyl-3(R)-[(N-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl]-5-phenyl-1,3-dihydro-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one was reduced to give the title compound. The analytical sample was obtained after silica gel chromatography using methylene chloride - ethyl ether (2%).

NMR: Consistent with structure.

O HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 395.

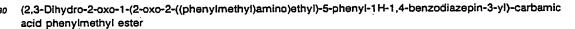
Anal. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₅ N₂O:

C, 78.96; H, 6.37; N, 10.63.

Found:

C, 78.45; H. 6.36; N, 10.46.

EXAMPLE 212



The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-1-chlorocarbonylmethyl-3-(phenylmethyloxycarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one and aniline. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 204-205°C.

0 NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 533.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₅N₄O₄: C, 72.16; H, 5.30; N, 10.52.

45 Found:

C, 72.14; H, 5.51; N, 10.73.

EXAMPLE 213



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{2,3-Dihydro-3-oxo-1-[2-oxo-2-(butylamino)ethyl]-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl}-carbamic phenylmethyl ester

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-1-chlorocarbonylmethyl-3-(phenylmethyloxycarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one and n-butylamine. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The

combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 127-129°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 499.

Anal. Calc'd for C29 H20 N4 O4 0.2H2O:

C, 69.36; H, 6.10; N, 11.16.

Found:

C, 69.31; H, 5.89; N, 11.24.

10

EXAMPLE 214

5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

The procedure of Example 4 was employed using equimolar amounts of ethylbromoacetate and 1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl)amino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. The chromatographed product was dried in vacuo at room temperature, and triturated with ether.

NMR: Consistent with structure assignment and confirms ether solvate.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 498.

Fig. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₈H₂₂N₄O₄●0.15C₄H₁₀O:

C, 67.40; H, 4.85; N, 11.00.

Found:

C, 67.48; H, 5.00; N, 11.23.

30

EXAMPLE 215

(1(2-(Ethylamino)-2-oxoethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-carbamic acid phenyl-methyl ester

35

The products of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-1-chlorocarbonylmethyl-3(phenylmethyloxycarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and ethylamine. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°: m.p. 149°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

45 MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 471.

Anal. Calc'd for C27H25N4O4:

C, 68.92; H, 5.57; N, 11.91.

Found:

C, 68.92; H, 5.62; N, 12.17.

50

EXAMPLE 216

4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide

55

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out employing equivalent amounts of 1,3-dlhydro-1-methyl-

3(RS)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-bromobenzoyl chloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 448.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃ H₁₈BrN₂O₂: C, 61.62; H, 4.05; N, 9.37.

Found:

C, 61.77; H, 3.96; N, 9.12.

EXAMPLE 217

N-(4-Chlorophenyl-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

25 MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H.4 CIN4O2:

C, 65.94; H, 4.52; N, 13.38.

Found:

C, 65.57; H, 4.76; N, 13.50.

30

EXAMPLE 218

N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide

35

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R,S)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-trifluoromethylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C. NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular jon at m/e = 455.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄H₁₇F₄N₂O₂:

C, 63.30; H, 3.76; N, 9.23.

Found:

C, 63.48; H, 3.71; N, 9.22.

50

EXAMPLE 219

(S)-N-(5-(2-Fiuorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide

55

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-

dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-trifluoromethylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure. HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 455.

Anal. Calc'd for C24 H17F4N2O2:

C, 63.30; H, 3.76; N, 9.23.

Found:

C, 63.25; H, 3.87; N, 8.99.

EXAMPLE 220



10

3-((((4-Chiorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-phenylmethylaminocarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 260-262°C.

25 NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 552.

Anal. Calc'd for C31 H22 CINSO3:

C, 67.45; H, 4.75; N, 12.69.

30 Found:

C, 67.30; H, 4.58; N, 12.63.

35

40

EXAMPLE 221

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-diethylaminocarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 284-285°C.

NMR: Confirms structure with assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 518.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂H₂₂ClN₅O₃:

C, 64.92; H, 5.48; N, 13.52.

Found:

C, 64.88; H, 5.26; N, 13.54.

(1-(2-Diethylamino)-2-oxoethyl)-2.3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)carbamic acid phenyl-methyl ester

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-1-chlorocarbonylmethyl-3-(phenylmethyloxycarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and diethylamine. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C:

m.p. 153-154°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 499.

15 Anal. Calc'd for C₂ H₃ N₄O₄ 1/2H₂O:

C. 68.62; H. 6.15; N. 11.04.

Found:

C, 68.76; H, 5.94; N, 10.88.

20

EXAMPLE 223

N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-pentylbenzamide

25

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-n-pentylbenzoyl chloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 458.

Anal. Calc'd for C2xH2xFN2O201/4H2O:

C, 72.94; H, 6.01; N, 9.11.

Found:

C, 73.08; H, 6.37; N, 9.43.



EXAMPLE 224

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N-ethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide

45

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-ethylaminocarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 293°C (d).

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 490.

55 Anal. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₄ ClN₅O₂:

C, 63.73; H, 4.94; N, 14.29.

Found:

C, 63.37; H, 5.15; N, 14.22.

EXAMPLE 225

(1-((3-((2.3-Dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)methyl)-2.3-dihydro-1H-indol-1-yl)carbonyl)-3methylbutyl)-carbamic acid-1.1-dimethylethyl ester

The procedure of Example 21 was carried out using the same reagents and amounts except that 1,3dihydro-5-phenyl-3(R)-3'-a, a-indolenyl)methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one was substituted for the 5-(2fluorophenyl) analog. The purified product (silica gel chromatography) was dried at 65°C in vacuo. NMR: Structure assignment is consistent with spectrum.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 581.

Anal. Calc'd for C35 H40N4O4:

C, 72.39; H, 6.94; N, 9.65.

Found:

C, 72.49; H, 6.68; N, 9.58.

EXAMPLE 226

4-(1,1-Dimethylethyl)-N-(5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)benzamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-3(R,S)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-t-butylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were 30 evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure. HPLC: Greater than 96% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 444.

Anal. Calc'd for C27H25FN3O2:

C. 73.12; H, 5.91; N, 9.47.

Found:

C, 73.17; H, 6.28; N, 9.27.

EXAMPLE 227

1-(2-Amino-4-methyl-1-oxopentyl)-3-((2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)methyl)-2,3dihydro-1H-indole hydrochloride

The procedure of Example 2 was carried out in which (1-[(3-[(2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1,4benzodiazepin-3-yl)methyl]-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-1-yl)carbonyl]-3-methylbutyl]-carbamic dimethylethyl ester was reacted with excess HCl gas in ethyl acetate at 0°C to give the title compound as a

foam. NMR: Consistent with structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 96% pure.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₃₂N₄O₂•1.5HCl:

C, 67.31; H, 6.31; N, 10.47; Cl, 9.94.

Found:

45

C, 66.95; H, 6.63; N, 9.97; C1, 9.73.

EXAMPLE 228

(S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-pentylbenzamide

√ 5

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(S)-(-)-3-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-n-pentylbenzoylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 457.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H28 FN2 O2:

C, 73.66; H, 5.98; N, 9.20.

Found:

C. 73.29; H. 6.09; N. 9.25.

20 EXAMPLE 229

2.3-Dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3-(((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino)-1H-1.4-benzodiazepine-1-propanoic acid ethyl ester

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The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-3-phenylmethyloxycarbonylamino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and ethyl bromopropionate. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 57-59°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 486.

Anal. Calc'd for CzzHzzNzOs:

C, 69.26; H, 5.60; N, 8.65.

Found:

C, 69.11; H, 5.60; N, 8.54.

.

EXAMPLE 230



3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2.3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-propanoic acid ethyl ester

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amno-1.3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₁O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 251-253°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 505.

55 Anal. Calc'd for C₂H₂ClN₄O₄: C, 64.22; H, 4.99; N, 11.10.

Found:

C, 64.02; H, 5.11; N, 10.91.

EXAMPLE 231

(2-((5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)amino)-2-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl)-carbamic acid 1.1-dimethylethyl ester

The procedure of Example 77 was carried out in which Boc-D-phenylalanine was coupled to 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one using dicyclohexylcarbodiimide. Following the identical work-up and purification procedure of Example 77 gave the analytical product. NMR: Confirms structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

Anal. Calc'd for C₃₀H₃, FN₄O₄:

C, 67.91; H, 5.89; N, 10.56.

s Found:

20

25

C, 67.69; H, 6.21; N, 10.85.

EXAMPLE 232

(S-(R*,S*))-(2-((5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)amino)-2-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl)-carbamic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester

The procedure of Example 77 was carried out in which Boc-<u>D</u>-phenylalanine was coupled to 3(S)-(-)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide. Following the identical work-up and purification procedure of Example 77 gave the analytical product. NMR: Spectrum confirms structure assignment.

30 HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 505.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₃, FN₄O₄:

C, 67.91; H, 5.89; N, 10.56.

Found:

C, 67.83; H, 6.08; N, 10.25.

EXAMPLE 233

(S)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl-Urea

Equimolar amounts of 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(S)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 95% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H10 CIN4O2:

C, 65.94; H, 4.57; N, 13.38.

Found:

55

C, 65.78; H, 4.82; N, 13.34.

(R)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-Urea

Equimolar amounts of 1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(R)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

10 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₉ ClN₄ O₂:

C, 65.94; H, 4.57; N, 13.38.

Found:

C, 66.24; H, 4.57; N, 13.74.

EXAMPLE 235

20 (2.3-Dihydro-1-(2-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-carbamic acid phenylmethyl ester

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 1,3-dihydro-1-chlorocarbonylmethyl-3-(phenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 1-methyl-piperazine. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 200-202°C.

20 NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 526.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₁N₅O₄:

C, 68.55; H, 5.94; N, 13.32.

35 Found:

C, 68.29; H, 5.72; N, 13.21.

EXAMPLE 236



45

1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-acetyl)pyrrolidine

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-pyrrolidinecarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product:

50 m.p. 264-266 °C.
NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 516.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₈H₂₈ClN₅O₃:

5 C, 65.18; H, 5.08; N, 13.57.

Found:

C, 64.94; H, 5.01; N, 13.50.

EXAMPLE 237

1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)acetyl)-4-methylpiperazine

Equimolar amounts of 3(R.S)-amino-1.3-dihydro-1-(4-methylpiperazinecarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1.4benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P2Os to give the analytical product: m.p. 278-280°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 545.

Anal. Calc'd for C29 H29 CIN6 O3:

C, 63.91; H, 5.36; N, 15.42.

Found:

20

C, 63.72; H, 5.66; N, 15.32.

EXAMPLE 238

N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-thiophenecarboxamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-thiophenecarbonyl chloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 393.

35 Anal. Calc'd for C2, H16 FN2 O2S: C, 64.11; H, 4.10; N, 10.68.

Found:

45

C, 63.87; H, 4.44; N, 10.96.

EXAMPLE 239

3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl)amino)-2.3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-

The procedure of Example 134 was carned out using equivalent amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylacetyl chloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 205-207°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 490.

Anal. Calc'd for C27H24CIN2O4: C, 66.19; H, 4.94; N, 8.58.

C. 66.18; H. 4.96; N. 8.55.

EXAMPLE 240

4-Chloro-N-(2.3-dlhydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1,4-benzodlazepin-3-yl)-benzeneacetamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-chlorophenylacetyl chloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 238-240°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 404.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₈CIN₂O₂ • 0.4H₂O:

C, 67.20; H, 4.61; N, 10.22.

Found:

C, 67.33; H, 4.63; N, 9.95.

25

EXAMPLE 241

2.3-Dihydro-alpha-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3-((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

A mixture of 72.9 mg (1.51 mmol) NaH (50% oil dispersion) in 30 ml DMF was stirred at 0°C for 10 minutes and then treated with a 10 ml DMF solution containing 530 mg (1.38 mmol) 3-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one. After stirring 2 hours at 0°C, 0.194 ml (1.49 mmol) of ethyl-2-bromopropionate was added and the reaction allowed to warm to room temperature while stirring overnight. DMF was removed in vacuo and the residue treated with H₂O and extracted 3xCH₂Cl₂. The organics were combined, washed 1x H₂O, 1x brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and stripped 40 to dryness. The crude, oily residue was flash chromatographed on silica gel (4% Et₂O in CH₂Cl) to give the individual diastereomers.

α-Diastereomer: The title compound was crystallized from ether m.p. 147-148°C.

TLC: Rf = 0.39 Silica gel (5% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂);

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

45 HPLC: 99.4% single diastereomer (contains 0.6% of opposite diastereomer).

MS: Molecular ion at M+H=486 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇N₂O₅:

C, 69.26; H, 5.61; N, 8.66.

Found:

C, 69.35; H, 5.65; N, 8.45.

EXAMPLE 242

2,3-Dihydro-beta-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3-((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester

For the synthesis and isolation of the title compound refer to the procedure of Example 241. B-diastereomer: The title compound was provided by flash chromatography and obtained as a white foam after removal of the solvent: m.p. 65-75°C.

TLC: Rf = 0.33 Silica gel (5% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂);

5 NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product plus 5% of α -diastereomer.

HPLC: 100% chemically pure; $5.2\%i94.8\% = \alpha i\beta$

Diastereomeric purity.

MS: Molecular ion at M + H = 486 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₂H₂,N₂O₅:

C. 69.26; H, 5.61; N, 8.66.

Found:

C, 69.14; H, 5.81; N, 8.42.

15 EXAMPLE 243

2,3-Dihydro-alpha-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3-((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic



10

470 mg (0.968 mmol) of 2,3-dihydro-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino-1H-1,4benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester was dissolved in 10 ml THF and 1.94 ml (1.94 mmol) of $1 \underline{M}$ NaOH was added. The turbid mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The pH was adjusted to 3.0 with 25 6N HCl. THF was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in H₂O and extracted (3x EtOAc). The combined organics were washed (1x H₂O, 1x brine), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and then stripped to dryness in vacuo. The title compound was crystallized from Et, O: m.p. 223-225°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of ether solvate.

HPLC: 100% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at M + H = 458 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H22 N2 O5 • 1/3C4 H10 O:

° C. 68.08; H, 5.50; N, 8.72.

Found:

C, 68.00; H, 5.40; N, 8.98.

Note: The title compound is a mixture of diastereomers.

EXAMPLE 244



(1-(2-(Diethylamino)-1-methyl-1-oxoethyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-carbamic acid phenylmethyl ester

390 mg (0.853 mmol) of 2,3-dihydro-alpha-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-3-((phenylmethoxy)carbonyl)amino-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid was suspended in 28 ml toluene, treated with 1.07 ml (14.6 mmol) thionyl chloride, and stirred at 90°C for 2 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue treated with fresh toluene. The cycle was repeated 4 times. The resulting brown oil was dissolved in 5 ml THF, treated with 185 µl (1.79 mmol) of diethylamine and stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent was removed in vacuo, treated with 10% Na₂CO₃ solution and extracted (3x EtOAc). The extracts were combined, washed (1x H₂O, 1x brine), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and stripped to dryness in vacuo. Flash chromatography of the crude product on silica gel (10% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) gave the title compound which was crystallized from Et₂O: m.p. 170-171 °C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: 98.5% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at M + H = 513 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for CmH32 NaOa:

C. 70.29; H, 6.29; N, 10.93.

Found:

C, 70.17; H, 6.24; N, 10.94.

Note: The only evidence of diastereomers is observed in the NMR, which indicates a 1:1 mixture.

5

EXAMPLE 245

(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-carbamic acid-4-nitrophenyl es-

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dlhydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-nitrophenylchloroformate. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (5% (v/v) Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂ elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 202-204°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 448.

Anal Calc'd for C23 H.7FN4O5:

C. 61.61; H. 3.82; N. 12.50.

Found:

C, 61.80; H, 4.07; N, 12.26.

EXAMPLE 246

30 N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 271-273°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 432.

Anal. Calc'd for C24 H21 FN4O2:

C, 66.66; H, 4.89; N, 12.96.

Found:

C. 66.54; H. 5.00; N. 12.79.

45

EXAMPLE 247

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea

50

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P_2O_5 to give the analytical product: m.p. 245-246°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m:e = 414.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₂ N₄O₃:
C, 69.55; H, 5.35; N, 13.52.

Found:
C, 69.23; H, 5.23; N, 13.66.

EXAMPLE 248

N-(((2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)amino)carbonyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and p-toluenesulfonylchloride were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P_zO_s to give the analytical product: m.p. 244-246°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 97% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 463.

Anal. Calc'd for C24 H22 N4 O4S:

C, 62.32; H, 4.79; N, 12.11.

Found:

25

C, 62.44; H, 5.11; N, 12.11.

EXAMPLE 249

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N,N,-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-alpha-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, 93.1 mg of 10% Pd on activated carbon was added to a 3 ml solution of 4.5% HCO₂H in MeOH followed by 200 mg (0.390 mmol) of (1-(2-(diethylamino)-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-carbamic acid phenyl methyl ester dissolved in 4 ml of 4.5% HCO₂H in MeOH. The mixture was stirred 1 hour at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was treated with toluene. The solvent was again removed in vacuo and this cycle was repeated with toluene, 1:1 toluene-tetrahydrofuran and finally, with tetrahydrofuran. The crude amine-formate salt was suspended in 5 ml THF, cooled to 0°C, treated with 104 µl (0.746 mmol) of triethylamine followed by 58.4 mg (.380 mmol) of p-chlorophenylisocyanate and allowed to warm to room temperature with stirring overnight. The solvent was removed in vacuoand the residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and flash chromatographed on silica gel (20% EtoAc in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound as a white solid after trituration with Et₂O: m.p. 280-282°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98.4% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at M + H = 532 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₀ ClN₅O₃:

C, 65.46; H, 5.68; N, 13.17.

Found:

55

C, 65.21; H, 5.28; N, 12.89.

Note: NMR appears to show a single diastereomer.

HPLC shows a single peak.

N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylurea

5 Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and phenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₄ to give the analytical product: m.p. 260-261°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 384.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃ H₂₀N₄O₂:

C, 71.86; H, 5.24; N, 14.57. Found:

C, 71.65; H, 5.54; N, 14.76.

EXAMPLE 251

20 N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylmethylurea.

Equimolar amounts of 3(R.S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and phenylmethylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 240-242°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

30 MS; Molecular ion at m/e = 398.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₂ N₄O₂:

C, 72.34; H, 5.56; N, 14.06.

Found:

C, 71.94; H, 5.88; N, 14.12.

35

EXAMPLE 252

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea

40

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-yl and 4-methyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 274-277°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 398.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₂N₄O₂: C, 72.34; H, 5.57; N, 14.06.

Found:

C, 72.17; H, 5.28; N, 14.26.

55

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methoxyphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-5 methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P_zO_s to give the analytical product: m.p. 261-263°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 414.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₂ N₄O₂:

C, 69.55; H, 5.35; N, 13.52.

Found:

15

C. 69.31; H. 4.98; N. 13.56.

EXAMPLE 254

N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P2Os to give the analytical product: m.p. 263-265°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃ H₁₉ CIN₄O₂:

C, 65.95; H, 4.57; N, 13.38.

Found:

C, 65.65; H, 4.74; N, 13.46.

40

EXAMPLE 255

N-(4-Bromophenyl-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction 45 mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 286-287°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 463.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H19 BrN4 O2:

C, 59.62; H, 4.13; N, 12.09.

Found:

C, 59.74; H, 4.32; N, 12.14.

N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R.S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-nitrophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 292-293°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

10 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 429.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₉ N₅O₄:

C, 64.33; H, 4.46; N, 16.31.

Found:

c, 64.05; H, 4.39; N, 16.38.

EXAMPLE 257

20 N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3,4-dichlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 274-276 °C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 453.

Anal, Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₁Cl₂N₄O₂:

C, 60.94; H, 4.00; N, 12.36.

Found:

C, 61.01; H, 4.22; N, 12.48.

35

EXAMPLE 258

N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2,4-dichlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P,O, to give the analytical product: m.p. 285-287°C (d).

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 453.

50 Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆Cl₂N₄O₂:

C, 60.94; H, 4.00; N, 12.36.

Found:

C, 61.30; H, 4.29; N, 12.35.

55

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-fluorophenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R.S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-fluorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 269-270°C. NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

10 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 402.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₀ FN₄O₂:

C, 68.65; H, 4.76; N, 13.92.

Found:

15

C, 68.48; H, 4.71; N, 13.98.

EXAMPLE 260

20 N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and to butylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 281-282°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 364.

Anal. Calc'd for C21 H24 N4 O2:

C, 69.21; H, 6.64; N, 15.37.

Found:

C, 69.11; H, 6.40; N, 15.44.



EXAMPLE 261

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-((R)1-phenylethyl)-urea

40

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and (R)- (+)-α-methylbenzylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product as a mixture of diastereomers: m.p. 146-150°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

50 MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 412.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂s H₂ι N₄O₂ • 0.2CιH₂O:

C, 72.58; H, 6.04; N, 13.12.

Found:

C, 72.20; H, 5.75; N, 13.36.

55

N-Cyclohexyl-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

5 Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and cyclohexylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 287-288°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 390.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₆ N₄O₂:

C, 70.75; H, 6.71; N, 14.35.

Found:

15

C, 70.39; H, 6.43; N, 14.44.

EXAMPLE 263

N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methylphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 207-209°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 398.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₂ N₄O₂:

C, 72.34; H, 5.56; N, 14.08.

Found:

C, 72.26; H, 5.22; N, 14.23.

35

EXAMPLE 264

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-nitrophenyl)-urea

40

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-nitrophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P_3O_8 to give the analytical product: m.p. 288-289 °C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 429.

Anal. Calc'd for Cz H₁₂ N₅O₆:

C, 64.33; H, 4.46; N, 16.31.

Found:

C, 64.49; H, 4.22; N, 15.94.

55

N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₈ to give the analytical product: m.p. 233-234°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

10 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₄ ClN₄O₂:

C, 65.95; H, 4.57; N, 13.38.

Found:

15

C, 65.93; H, 4.65; N, 13.14.

EXAMPLE 266

20 (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 216-219°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 414.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₂ N₄O₃:

C, 69.55; H, 5.35; N, 13.52.

Found:

C, 69.61; H, 5.62; N, 13.57.

35

EXAMPLE 267

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea

40

Equimolar amounts of 3-(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₄ to give the analytical product: m.p. 216-219°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 414.

Anal. Caic'd for C₂₄ H₂₂ N₄O₃:

C, 69.55; H, 5.35; N, 13.52.

Found:

C, 69.90; H, 5.79; N, 13.53.

55

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-methoxybenzeneacetamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amount of 3-(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylacetylchloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 198-199°C.

10 NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 413.

Anal, Calc'd for Cz Hz N2O3:

C, 72.62; H, 5.61; N, 10.16.

15 Found:

C. 73.00; H, 5.70; N, 10.25.

EXAMPLE 269

20

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-methoxybenzenacetamide

The procedure of Example 134 was carried out using equivalent amounts of 3-(R)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylacetyl chloride. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane-ethyl acetate elution). The combined product fractions were evaporated to dryness in vacuo and crystallized to give the title compound which was dried at 65°C: m.p. 198-199°C.

30 NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: molecular ion at m/e = 413.

Anal. Calc'd for C2 H2 N2 O2:

C, 72.62: H, 5.61; N, 10.16.

35 Found:

C, 72.29: H, 5.60; N, 10.15.

EXAMPLE 270

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N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-nitrophenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-nitrophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected sollds were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 260-261°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

60 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 429.

Anai. Calc'd for C22 H15 N5O4:

C, 64.33; H, 4.46; N, 16.31.

Found:

55 C, 64.16; H, 4.37; N, 16.40.

N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-fluorophenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-fluorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P_zO_s to give the analytical product: m.p. 252-254°C. NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 402.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₉ FN₄O₂:

C, 68.65; H, 4.76; N, 13.92.

Found:

15

C, 69.00; H, 5.00; N, 13.78.

EXAMPLE 272

20 N-(3-Bromophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1 H-1,4-benzodiázepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-bromophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 219-221°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 463.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ BrN₄O₂:

C, 59.62; H, 4.13; N, 12.09.

Found:

C, 59.78; H, 4.26; N, 12.01.

35

EXAMPLE 273

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-1-naphthalenyl-urea

40

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 1-naphthylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 234-235°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 434. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{\mathcal{D}}H_{\mathcal{Z}}N_4O_2$:

C, 74.64; H, 5.10; N, 12.89.

Found:

C, 74.64; H, 5.03; N, 12.69.

55

N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3,5-dimethoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 267-269 °C. NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

10 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 444.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₅ H₂₄ N₄O₄ • 1/4H₂O:

C. 66.88; H. 5.50; N. 12.48.

Found:

C, 66.77; H, 5.43; N, 12.12.

EXAMPLE 275

20 N-(2,3-Dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methox-yphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 254-255°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure; $R_{\pi} = 0.42$ (5% CH₂OH in CH₂Cl₂).

30 MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 400.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₂₅ N₄O₂ • 0.15(C₂H₅)₂O:

C, 68.87; H, 5.27; N, 13.62.

Found:

C, 68.50; H, 5.09; N, 13.63.

35

EXAMPLE 276

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea

40

Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-(-)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 212-214°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419. Anal. Calc'd for C_{22} H_{10} CiN_4 O_2 :

C, 65.95; H, 4.57; N, 13.38.

Found:

C, 66.17; H, 4.86; N, 13.23.

55

V

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylthiourea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R.S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and phenylisothiocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product; m.p. 209-211°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 401.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H20N4OS:

C, 68.98; H, 5.03; N, 13.99.

Found:

C, 68.97; H, 5.25; N, 14.07.

EXAMPLE 278

20 N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-methoxyphenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 2-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 258-260°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

30 MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 414.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₂N₄O₃• 1/2H₂O:

C, 68.08; H, 5.47; N, 13.23.

Found:

C, 68.18; H, 5.33; N, 13.05.

35



EXAMPLE 279

1-Pivaloyloxymethyloxycarbonylmethyl-1,3-dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one

A mixture of 1-carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (85 mg, 0.20 mmol), pivaloyloxymethylchloride (32 µl, 0.22 mmol) and triethylamine (28 µl, 0.20 mmol) was combined in 2 ml of dry dimethylformamide and allowed to stand at room temperature for 48 hours. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. Extractive work-up gave 100 mg of crude product which was chromatographed on silica gel (CH₂OH-CHCl₂, 3:97 v/v elution) to give a white solid after trituration with ether: m.p. 225-226°C.

NMR: Spectrum confirms structure assignment.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 567.

Anal. Calc'd for C₃₂ H₃₀N₄O₆:

C, 67.83; H, 5.34; N, 9.89.

ss Found:

C, 67.61; H, 5.42; N, 9.63.

EXAMPLE 280

N-(2.3-Dlhydro-5-phenyl-2-thioxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea

5

Equimolar amounts of 3(R.S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione and 3-methox-yphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 229-231 °C (d).

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 417 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C2 H20N4O2S:

C, 66.33; H, 4.84; N, 13.45.

Found:

C, 65.99; H, 4.90; N, 13.34.

20 EXAMPLE 281

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea

25

Equimolar amounts of 3(R)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 208-210°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 399 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H₂₂ N₄O₂:

C, 72.34; H, 5.56; N, 14.06.

55 Found:

C, 72.12; H, 5.84; N, 14.04.

EXAMPLE 282

40

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3(R)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-bromophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O_s to give the analytical product: m.p. 194-196°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

50 HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 463.

Anal. Calc'd for C22 H19 BrN4 O2:

C, 59.62; H, 4.13; N, 12.09.

Found:

C, 59.67; H, 4.17; N, 11.72.

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-iodobenzamide

Equimolar amounts of 3(S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, oiodobenzoylchloride and triethylamine were mixed at room temperature and stirred 1 hour. Flash 5 chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (5% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a crystalline solid from EtOAc: m.p. 115-120°C (physical change), 173-175°C (melt).

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of EtOAc solvate.

HPLC: Greater than 99.6% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 496 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₆ IN₂O₂ • 0.3C₄H₅O₂:

C. 55.71; H. 3.94; N. 8.05.

Found:

15

20

25

45

C, 55.56; H, 3.81; N, 8.37.

= - 85.5° (conc. = 2.9mg/ml CH_zCl_z).

EXAMPLE 284

1-{[3-[(((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl]acetyl}pyrrolidine

1-{[(3-amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl]amounts acetyi}pryrrolidine and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P2Os to give the analytical product m.p. 193-194°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 512.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₉ H₂₅ N₅O₆:

C, 68.09; H, 5.71; N, 13.69.

Found:

C, 68.14; H, 5.65; N, 13.24.

EXAMPLE 285

3-{[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4benzodiazepin-1-acetamide

Equimolar amounts of 3-amino-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide and 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂Os to give the analytical product: m.p. 222-224°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 514.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₉H₂₁N₅O₄ • 1/4H₂O:

C, 67.26; H, 6.13; N, 13.52.

Found:

C, 67.22; H, 6.04; N, 13.30.

EXAMPLE 286

3-{[((2-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-acetamide

Equimolar amounts of 3-amino-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-acetamide and 2-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 173-175°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 518.

15 Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂H₂₂ClN₅O₂• 1/4H₂O:

C, 64.35; H. 5.49; N, 13.40.

Found:

C. 64.31; H, 5.41; N, 13.22.

20

EXAMPLE 287

3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

25

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-9-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one, indole-2-carbonyl chloride, and triethylamine were mixed at room temperature and stirred for 30 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (20% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a crystalline solid from Et₂O: m.p. 229-232°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99.7% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 408.

Anal. Caic'd for C25 H20 N4 O2:

C, 73.51; H, 4.94; N, 13.72.

Found:

C, 73.44; H, 5.18; N, 13.35.

40 EXAMPLE 288

N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

45

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-9-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3-methoxy-phenylisocyanate and triethylamine were mixed in THF at 0°C and stirred 40 minutes. Removal of THF in vacuo gave a residue which was crystallized from MeOH: m.p. 250-252°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of CH₂OH solvate.

HPLC: Greater than 96.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 415 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₄ H₁₂ N₅O₂ • 0.1 CH₄O:

C, 69.30; H, 5.41; N, 13.42.

Fou

C, 69.00; H, 5.57; N, 13.31.

3-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1.9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R.S)-amino-1.3-dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, indole-2-carbonyl chloride and triethylamine were mixed at room temperature and stirred 30 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (7% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a crystalline solid from Et₂O: m.p. 286-289°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of Et₂O solvate.

10 HPLC: Greater than 96.2% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at mve = 422.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H22 N4 O2 • 1/3 C4 H10 O:

C, 73.42; H, 5.71; N, 12.54.

Found:

75

C, 73.08; H, 5.68; N, 12.87.

EXAMPLE 290

20 N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate and triethylamine were mixed in THF at 0°C and stirred 20 minutes. Removal of THF in vacuo, dissolution of the residue in CH₂Cl₂ and flash chromatography on silica gel (12% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) gave the title compound which was crystallized as a white fluffy solid from Et₂O: m.p. 215-217°C. NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98.8% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 429.

Anal. Calc'd for Cz Hz N.O3:

C, 70.07; H, 5.65; N, 13.08.

Found:

C, 70.08; H, 5.88; N, 13.07.

35

40

EXAMPLE 291

3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R.S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(p-tolyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, indole-2-carbonyl chloride, and triethylamine were mixed at room temperature and stirred 30 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on suica gel (5% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a crystalline solid from Et₂O: m.p. 280-282°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of Et₂O solvate.

HPLC: Greater than 99.2% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 422.

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₆H₂₂N₄O₂•0.15C₄H₁₀O:

C, 73.68; H, 5.46; N, 12.92.

Found:

C, 73.97; H, 5.44; N, 13.09.

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N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-(p-tolyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate, and triethylamine were mixed in THF at 0°C and stirred 20 minutes. Removal of THF in vacuo and crystallization from MeOH gave the title compound: m.p. 240-242°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 428.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H26 N6O2:

C, 70.07; H, 5.65; N, 13.08.

Found:

C, 69.86; H, 5.62; N, 12.83.

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EXAMPLE 293

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea

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Equimolar amounts of 3(R)-amino-1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 4-methylphenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₄ to give the analytical product: m.p. 233-235°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 399 (FAB).

30 Anal. Calc'd for Czt Hzz NtOz:

C, 72.34; H, 5.57; N, 14.06.

Found:

C, 72.62; H, 5.76; N, 14.24.

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EXAMPLE 294

3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide

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Equimolar amounts of 3-(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, indole-2-carbonyl chloride, and triethylamine were mixed at room temperature and stirred 30 minutes. Flash chromatography of the reaction solution on silica gel (7% Et₂O in CH₂Cl₂) provided the title compound as a crystalline solid from Et₂O: m.p. 291-294°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product and verifies presence of Et₂O solvate.

HPLC: Greater than 99.5% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 422.

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₆ H₂₂ N₄O₂ • 0.25C₄H₁₆O:

C, 73.53; H, 5.60; N, 12.71.

Found:

C, 73.56; H, 5.71; N, 12.87.

N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea

Equimolar amounts of 3-(R,S)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3-methoxyphenylisocyanate, and triethylamine were mixed in THF at 0°C and stirred 20 minutes. Removal of THF in vacuo and crystallization from MeOH gave the title compound: m.p. 184-188°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 99.9% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 428.

Anal. Calc'd for C25 H24 N4 O2:

C, 70.07; H, 5.65; N, 13.08.

Found:

C, 70.36; H, 6.01; N, 13.08.

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EXAMPLE 296

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chlorophenyl)-urea

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Equimolar amounts of 3(R)-amino-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one and 3-chlorophenylisocyanate were mixed in 8 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand for 8 hours and was then filtered. The collected solids were washed with tetrahydrofuran and dried in vacuo over P₂O₅ to give the analytical product: m.p. 178-180°C.

NMR: Confirms structure assignment of product.

HPLC: Greater than 98% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m/e = 419 (FAB).

Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂ H₁₀ CIN₄O₂•0.2H₂O:

C, 65.39; H, 4.63; N, 13.26.

Found:

C, 65.20; H, 4.67; N, 13.17.

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EXAMPLE 297

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-acetamide

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The lithium salt of 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (0.5 g, 2 mmole) was made according to the procedure of Example 47. To the anion solution was added ethyl bromoacetate (0.33 g, 2 mmole). After stirring at room temperature for 1/2 hour, the reaction was worked up as described in Example 47 to give the 3-ethoxycarbonylmethylbenzodiazepine.

This compound (120mg, 0.36 mmole)was combined with aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (0.4 ml/1M solution, 0.4 mmole) in 2 ml of methanol plus 1.5 mg of tetrahydrofuran and stirred at room temperature of 18 hours. The mixture was adjusted to pH 5 with 1N HCl and filtered to provide the 3-carboxymethylben-zodiazepine. The entire lot of this material was stirred in DMF (4 ml) in an ice bath. N-Methylmorpholine (55 mg, 0.5 mmole) was added, followed by isobutylchlorocarbonate (70 mg, 0.5 mmole). The mixture was stirred 1/2 hour in the cold, then treated with a solution of 4-chloroaniline (76 mg, 0.6 mmole) in DMF (3 ml). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days, then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was combined with water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10ml). The CH₂Cl₂ extracts were combined, washed with dilute citric acid, then sodium bloarbonate solution, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (eluted with 2% (v/v) methanol in CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound which was dried at 90°C: m.p. 238-240°C.

NMR: Consistent with structure.

HPLC: Greater than 99% pure.

MS: Molecular ion at m_fe = 417. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄ H_∞ClN₂O₂: C, 68.98; H, 4.82; N, 10.06. Found: C, 68.82; H, 4.78; N, 9.86.

Claims

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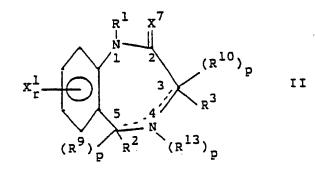
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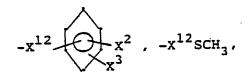
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1. A compound of Formula II:



wherein
R¹ is H, C,-C, linear or branched alkyl, loweralkenyl, lower alkynyl, -X¹²COOR, -X¹¹-cycloloweralkyl,
-X¹²NR¹R⁵, -X¹²CONR¹R⁵, -X¹²CN, or -X¹¹CX 3¹°;
R² is H, loweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio, carboxyl, carboxyloweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃, or hydroxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,



-x12SOCH₃, -X12SO₂CH₃, or -X12COOR⁶; R³ is -X11NR1⁸(CH₃) $_{\rm q}$ R1⁶

-X''NR'' CX 1 1 R'
-NH(CH₂)₂, NHR', -NH(CH₂)₂, NHCOR'.

 $-x^{11}NR^{18}$ $Cx_a^9x^{11}R^7$, -x11x9C CH CH_2R^7

$$-x^{11}x^{9}^{0}(CH_{2})_{q}x^{9}$$

-X1:NR1"SO2(CH2)qR' or

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X11 C CR', with the proviso that R1° is

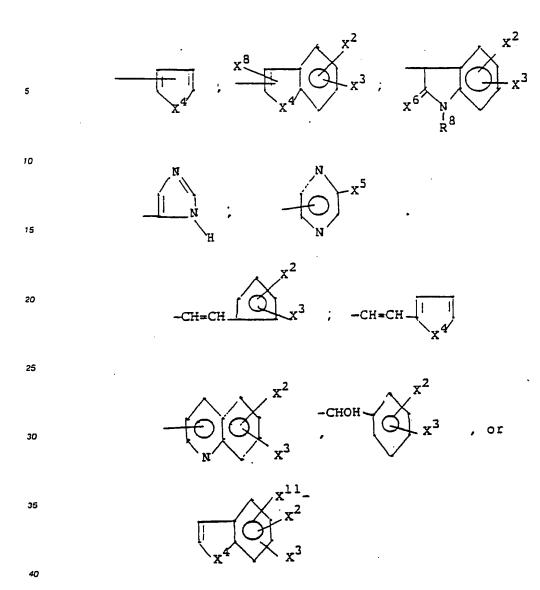
not H or -CH₁ when R³ is X¹¹ C R⁷:

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁵ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently

selected from C, alkyl; R' is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenylioweralkyl wherein the phenyl or phenylioweralkyl substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl,

loweralkoxy, nitro, or CF₃; R' is α -or β -naphthyl,substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH,-X¹¹NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl, CF₃, CN, SCF₃, C=CH, CH₂SCF₃,

OC CH₃, OCHF₂, SH, SPh, PO₃H, loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio or COOH), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,



 $R^{\text{s}} \text{ is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, -} X^{12}CONH_{\text{2}}, -X^{12}COOR^{\text{s}}, -X^{12}\text{-cycloloweralkyl, -} X^{12}NR^{\text{s}}R^{\text{s}},$

$$-x^{12}$$
 x^{2}
 $CH_{2}R^{12}$
 x^{2}

$$-x^{11}CO(CH_2)_q$$
 x^2 , or

R° and R1° are independently H, -OH, or -CH₂; R11 and R12 are independently loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl; R13 is H, loweralkyl, acyl, O, or cycloloweralkyl; R16 is loweralkyl or phenylloweralkyl;

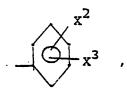
R15 is H, loweralkyl.

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R16 is alpha or beta naphthyl or 2-indolyl;

R1ª is H or loweralkyl;

0 when its adjacent - is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent $\frac{1}{2}$ is saturated except that when R¹³ is O, p = 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ is unsaturated;

q is 0-4;

X¹ is H, -NO₂, CF₂ CN, OH, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkoxy, -X¹¹COOR⁵, or -X¹¹NR⁴R⁵;

X² and X³ are independently H, -OH,-NO₂, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X4 is S, O, CH2, or NR5;

X⁵ is H, CF₂, CN, -COOR⁵, NO₂, or halo;

X° is O or HH;

X' is O, S, HH, or NR15 with the proviso that X' can be NR15 only when R1 is not H;

X* is H, loweralkyl;

 X^{\bullet} and X $_{a}^{\theta}$ are independently NR1 or O; X10 is F, Cl, or Br;

X11 is absent or C, a linear or branched alkylidene;

 X^{12} is $C_{1.4}$ linear or branched alkylidene;

is a saturated or unsaturated bond; with the proviso that when X r is Cl in the seven position, Rr is H and R2 is unsubstituted phenyl, then R3 is not NHCO(CH2)2C6H5 or NHCOC6H5 and the pharmaceutically

acceptable salts thereof.

2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein:

R¹ is H. C.-C_s linear or branched alkyl. -X¹²COOR⁵, -X¹¹-cycloloweralkyl, X¹²NR⁴R⁵ or -X¹²CONR⁴R⁵;

R² is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio, carboxyl, carboxyloweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃, or hydroxy), 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl,

 $-x^{12}$ x^{2} , or $-x^{12}coor^{6}$;

R3 is X'' C R', -X''NR'' C X''R', -X'' C X'X''R',
-NH(CH₃)₂ NHCOR', -X''NR'' C X'X''R', or

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$$x^{11}x^{9i}$$
 (CH₂) $q^{x_a^9}$

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁵ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₃ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C_{1.4} alkyl;

R⁴ is H, C,-C₄ straight or branched-chain alkyl or C₂-C₄-cycloalkyl R⁷ is α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₃, -OH, -X¹¹NR⁴R⁴, loweralkyl,

35 CF₃, CN, SCF₃, O C CH₃, SH, SPh, loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio, or carboxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

$$x^{2}$$

$$x^{3}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{4}$$

$$x^{3}$$

$$x^{6}$$

$$x^{8}$$

$$x^{8}$$

$$x^{5}$$
, $-CH=CH$ x_{3} or $-CH=CH$;

R^a is H. loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl; R^a and R^a are independently H, -OH, or -CH_a;

R13 is H, loweralkyl, acyl, O, or cycloloweralkyl; R18 is H or loweralkyl; p is

0 when its adjacent --- is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent $\underline{-}$ is saturated except that when R¹³ is 0, p = 1 and $\underline{-}$ is unsaturated;

a is 0-2;

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r is 1 or 2;

X1 is H, -NO2, CF3, CN, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio or -X11COOR6:

 X^2 and X^3 are independently H, -NO₂, halo, lower alkylthio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

10 X4 is S, O, or NR1;

Xs is H, CF2, CN, -COORs, NO2, or halo;

X* is O or HH;

X' is O, S;

X° and X a are independently NR1z, or O;

15 X11 is absent or C, . linear alkylidene;

X12 is C. 4 linear or branched alkylidene;

-- is a saturated or unsaturated bond and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

3. A compound of Claim 2 wherein:

R1 is H, C,-C, linear or branched alkyl, -X12COOR*, -X12CONR*R*,

R2 is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, carboxyl, nitro or -CF₃); -X12COOR⁶; 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl;

R3

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R' and R' are independently R' or in combination with the N of the NR'R' group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH, and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C, alkyl;

R^s is H, C,-C_s straight or branched-chain alkyl;

R' is α-or β-napthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH, -NR²R⁵, loweralkyl, CF₂, CN, or loweralkoxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

$$x^2$$
 x^3
 $-CH=CH$
 x^3
or $-CH=CH$
 x^4

R° and R¹° are independently H, or -OH;

p is

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0 when its adjacent --- is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent = is saturated, the p of $(R^{13})_p$ is 0;

r is 1 or 2;

X1 is H, -NO2 CF2, loweralkyl or halo;

X² and X³ are independently H, -NO₂, halo, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X' is O or NR";

 X^{r} is O or S,

X12 is C12 linear or branched chain alkylidene;

-- is a saturated or unsaturated bond;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

4. A compound of Claim 3 wherein:

R' is H, C.-C, linear alkyl, -X'2COOR, -X'2CONR'R':

R² is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutent may be halo, loweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl, of X¹²COOR⁵:

R³ is

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N or the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteratom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C, alkyl;

R' is H, C.-C, straight chain alkyl;

R' is α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutuents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, NH₂, methyl, CF₃, CN, or loweralkoxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

20 x^2 or CH=CH

R1º is H, or OH;

p is 1 of (R1°)_p and 0 of (R°)_p and (R13)_p, — at 4,5 is unsaturated and — at 3,4 is saturated;

r is 1 or 2;

X1 is H, -NO2, CF2, loweralkyl or halo;

X2 is H, -NO2, halo or loweralkyl;

X' is O, NH, NCH₃;

X' is O or S;

35 X12 is C. 2 linear alkylidene;

pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

5. A compound of Claim 4 wherein:

R1 is H, CH2, CH2CH2, CH2COOH, CH2COOEt.

CH2CON(Et)₂, CH₂CON ,
CH2CON NCH₃ or CH₂CH₂COOEt;

R2 is phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 4-CH1-phenyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl;

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 $\bar{\kappa}^3$ is

I CONH-. CONH-.

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CIL CONH-, CH₃0

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NHCONH,

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-NHCONH,

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J-MHCONH-.

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R:º is H or -OH:
    p is 1 of (R) \frac{1}{p}° and o of (R°)<sub>p</sub> and (R13)<sub>p</sub>;r is 1;
    X' is H, 7-Cl. 8-CH, 9-CH,:
    X' is O or S:
   __ at 4, 5 is unsaturated and __ at 3, 4 is saturated;
    and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;
        A compound of CLaim 1 which is:
    3(R)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea,
    3-Benzoyl-1,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5(3-methylphenyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(phenylmethyl)urea,
    N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-ethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)urea,
    3-(S)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-
    propenamide,
    3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodlazepine-1-propanoic
    acid ethyl ester,
     3(RS)-1,3-dihydro-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1.3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
20 1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2-(1-methylindole)-carbonylamino]-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1-'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-
     3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-1.3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl amino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.
    1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenyicarbonyi)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyi)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1.3-Dlhydro-3-(RS)-(1-methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepine-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dlhydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole) carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione,
     3(S)-(2-indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4,-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propenamide,
     3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-
      acetic acid ethyl ester.
     (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
     3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid
      ethyl ester.
      5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2.3-dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid
      ethyl ester,
      4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide,
      N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dlhydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
      (S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-
      benzamide.
      3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
      1-acetamide,
      1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-
      acetyl)pyrrolidine.
      1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-
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acety!)-4-methylpiperazine,
  3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-
  N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
  N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
  N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylurea,
  N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea,
  N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
  N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(2.4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea,
   N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
   N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-nitrophenyl)-urea,
   N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea,
   (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
  (S)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
   N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N-(2-nitrophenyl)-urea.
   N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-fluorophenyl)-urea,
   N-(3-Bromophenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
   N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-1-naphthalenyl-urea.
   (S)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea,
   (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
   (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea,
   1-[[3-[(((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl]
   3-{[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-
   acetyl}pyrrolidine,
   benzodiazepin-1-acetamide,
   3-{[((2-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-dlethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
   3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepln-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide.
   1-acetamide,
   3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
   N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
   3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
   N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
    (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea,
   3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
    N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea or (R)-N-
    (2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chlorophenyl)-urea.
        7. A compound of Claim 6 which is:
    3(RS)1,3-Dihydro-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1.3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2-(1-methylindole)-carbonylamino]-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepìn-2-one,
    1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
45 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-
    3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl amino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1.3-Dlhydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3)RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(1-methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepine-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
     3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
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3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole) carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione,

3(S)-(2-Indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4,-benzodiazepin-2-one, (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propenamide, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-amino-4-chlorobenzamide. (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide, 5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acethyl ester,

4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide,
N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
(S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,

N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
 N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
 (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
 N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-nitrophenyl)-urea
 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-2-chlorophenyl)-urea
 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,

3-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-1

25 N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodlazepin-3-yl)-urea,

8. A compound of Claim 6 which is: 3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-acetic acid ethyl ester.

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid

ethyl ester,
 3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide,

1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-acetyl)pyrrolidine,

1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-acetyl)-4-methylpiperazine,
3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylurea,

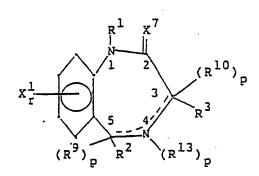
N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea,
1-{[3-[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino}-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl]

acetyl}pyrrolidine,
3-{[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino}-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-acetamide,

3-{[((2-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide,

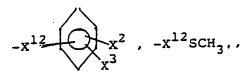
50 (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea, (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chiorophenyl)-urea.

9. The use of a compound represented by the formula:



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wherein
R¹ is H, C,-C, linear or branched alkyl, loweralkenyl, lower alkynyl, -X¹²COOR⁵, -X¹¹-cycloloweralkyl,
-X¹²NR⁴R⁵,-X¹²CONR⁴R⁵, -X¹²CN, or -X¹¹CX 3¹°;
R² is H, loweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio, carboxyl, carboxyloweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃, or hydroxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl



 $-x^{12}SOCH_3$, $-x^{12}SO_2CH_3$, or $-x^{12}COOR^6$;

30 R3 is

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$$-x^{11}R^{7}, -x^{11}\overset{OH}{CHR}^{7}, -x^{11}-\overset{OH}{c^{-}R^{7}}$$

$$-x^{11}\overset{OH}{CR^{7}}, -x^{11}NR^{18}(CH_{2})_{q}R^{7},$$

$$-x^{11}NR^{18}CHCOOR^{6},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}(x^{11})_{R^{7}}, -x^{11}\overset{O}{C}x^{9}x^{11}R^{7}$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}(x^{11})_{R^{7}}, -NH(CH_{2})_{2-3}^{NHCOR^{7}},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}CHCH_{2}R^{7},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}x^{9}(x^{11})_{R^{7}}, -x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}-CH-CH_{2}R^{7},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}x^{9}(x^{11})_{R^{7}}, -x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}-CH-CH_{2}R^{7},$$

$$-x^{11}x^{9}\overset{O}{C}(CH_{2})_{q}x^{9}$$

$$-x^{11}NR^{18}SO_{2}(CH_{2})_{q}R^{7} \qquad \text{or}$$

$$-x^{11}NR^{18}SO_{2}(CH_{2})_{q}R^{7} \qquad \text{or}$$

$$-x^{11}NR^{18}SO_{2}(CH_{2})_{q}R^{7} \qquad \text{or}$$

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C_{1.4} alkyl;

R^s is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, or substituted or unsubstituted phenylloweralkyl wherein the phenyl or phenylloweralkyl substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, loweralkoxy, nitro, of CF₁;

R' and R $_{3}^{2}$ are independently α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 or 2 of halo, -NO₂--OH, -X¹¹NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl, CF₁, CN, SCF₃, C=CH, CH₂SCF₃,

O C CH₂, OCHF₃, SH, SPh, PO₃H, loweralkoxy, or loweralkylthio, COOH); 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

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$$x^4$$
; x^8
 x^3 ; x^6
 x^8

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R[®] is H, loweralkyl, cycloloweralkyl, -X¹2CONH₂, -X¹2COOR⁶, -X¹2-cycloloweralkyl, -X¹2NR⁴R⁵,

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$$-x^{12} \qquad x^{2} \qquad x^{3} \qquad -x^{11} co(cH_{2})_{q} \qquad x^{3}$$

$$-cochnhcoor^{11} \qquad -cochnh_{2} \qquad ;$$

$$-cochnh_{2} \qquad ;$$

$$-cochnh_{2} \qquad ;$$

$$-cochnh_{3} \qquad ;$$

R° and R° are independently H, -OH, or -CH1; 15 R¹¹ and R¹² are independently loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl; R13 is H. loweralkyl, acyl, O, or cycloloweralkyl;

R1' is loweralkyl or phenylloweralkyl;

R15 is H, loweralkyl,

R18 is H, loweralkyl, or acyl;

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0 when its adjacent -- is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent — is saturated except that when R¹³ is O, p = 1 and — is unsaturated; q is 0-4;

r is 1 or 2;

X¹ is H, -NO₂, CF₂, CN, OH, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkoxy, -X¹¹COOR⁵, or -X¹¹NR⁴R⁵;

 X^2 and X^3 are independently H, -OH, -NO₂, halo, loweralkythio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X4 is S, O, CH2, NR18 or NR8;

X⁵ is H, CF₂, CN, -COOR⁶, NO₂, or halo;

X' is O or HH;

X' is O, S, HH, or NR15 with the proviso that X' can be NR15 only when R1 is not H;

X* is H, loweralkyl;

X^a and X and are independently NR^a or O.

X1º is F, Cl, or Br;

X11 is absent or C. a linear or branched alkylidene:

X12 is C14 linear or branched alkylidene.

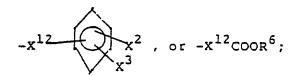
is a saturated or unsaturated bond and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof;

for the preparation of a medicament useful for antagonizing the binding of cholecystokinins to cholecystokinin receptors or antagonizing the binding of gastrin to gastrin receptors.

10. The use as claimed in Claim 9 wherein:

R1 is H, C,-C, linear or branched alkyl, -X12COOR, -X11-cycloloweralkyl, X12CONR, R5; R2 is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl,

loweralkoxy, loweralkylthio, carboxyl, carboxyloweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃, or hydroxy), 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl,



R3 is X'' C R'. -X''NR'' C X''R', -X'' C X'X''R', -NH(CH₂)₂ ,NHCOR', -X''NR' C X'X''R', or

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R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH3 and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C. alkyl;

R^e is H. C.-C_e straight or branched-chain alkyl or C₃-C_e-cycloalkyl R' is α -or β -naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, -OH, -X¹¹NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl,

CF, CN, SCF, O C CH, SH, SPh, loweralkoxy.

loweralkylthio, or carboxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

$$x^2$$
 x^3
 x^5
 x^8
 x^3

N
$$X^5$$
 , $-CH=CH$ X or $CH=CH$ X^4

R* is H, loweralkyl or cycloloweralkyl;

R* and R1° are independently H, -OH, or -CH3;

R13 is H, loweralkyl, acyl, O, or cycloloweralkyl;

R1* is H or loweralkyl;

p is

0 when its adjacent --- is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent $\underline{-}$ is saturated except that when R^{13} is 0, p = 1 and $\underline{-}$ is unsaturated;

q is 0-2;

r is 1 or 2;

X¹ is H, -NO₂, CF₃, CN, loweralkyl, halo, loweralkylthio or -X¹¹COOR⁵;

 X^2 and X^3 are independently H. -NO₂, halo, loweralkylthio, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X4 is S, O, or NR2;

X* is H, CF1, CN, -COOR5, NO2, or halo;

Xº is O or HH;

X' is O, S;

X¹ and X ⁹ are independently NR¹⁸, or O;

X11 is absent or C. . linear alkylidene:

X'2 is C., linear or branched alkylidene;

--- is a saturated or unsaturated bond and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

11. The use as claimed in Claim 10 wherein:

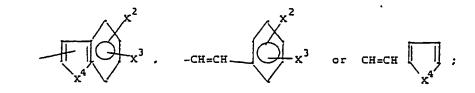
R¹ is H, C,-C₃ linear or branched alkyl, -X¹2COOR⁶, -X¹2CONR⁶R⁵,

R2 is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutents may be 1 or 2 of halo, loweralkyl, carboxyl, nitro or -CF₃); -X¹²COOR⁵; 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl;

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- R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁵ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₃ and the substituent(s) is/are independently selected from C_{1.4} alkyl;
- R⁶ is H, C,-C₄ straight or branched-chain alkyl; R' is α-or β-naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₁, -OH, -NR⁴R⁵, loweralkyl, CF₂, CN, or loweralkoxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,



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R° and R¹° are independently H, or -OH;

p is

0 when its adjacent - is unsaturated and

1 when its adjacent — is saturated, the p of (R13)p is 0;

r is 1 or 2;

X' is H, -NO2, CF3, loweralkyl or halo;

X² and X³ are independently H, -NO₂, halo, loweralkyl, or loweralkoxy;

X4 is O or NR1;

⁴⁰ X' is O or S.

X12 is C, 2 linear or branched alkylidene;

- is a saturated or unsaturated bond;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

12. The use as claimed in Claim 11 wherein:

R1 is H, C,-C2 linear alkyl, -X12COOR6, -X12CONR6R5;

 R^2 is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substitutent may be halo, loweralkyl, nitro, -CF₃), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl, or $X^{12}COOR^6$;

R3 is

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R⁴ and R⁵ are independently R⁶ or in combination with the N of the NR⁴R⁵ group form an unsubstituted or mono or disubstituted, saturated or unsaturated, 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, or benzofused 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring or said heterocyclic ring or said benzofused heterocyclic ring which further comprises a second heteroatom selected from O and NCH₂ and the substituent(s) is/are independently

selected from C. alkyl:

R6 is H, C.-C2 straight chain alkyl;

R' is α-or β-naphthyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl (wherein the substituents may be 1 to 2 of halo, -NO₂, NH₂, methyl, ethyl, CF₂, CN, or loweralkoxy), 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl,

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R1° is H, or OH;

p is 1 of (R1°)_p and 0 of (R°)_p and (R13)_p, --- at 4,5 is unsaturated and --- at 3,4 is saturated; 15

r is 1 or 2;

X1 is H, -NO2, CF2, loweralkyl or halo;

X2 is H, -NO2, halo or loweralkyl;

X' is O, NH, NCH3;

X' is O or S;

X12 is C. 2 linear alkylidene;

-- is a saturated or unsaturated bond and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

13. The method of Claim 12 wherein:

R' is H, CH2, CH2CH3, CH2COOH, CCH2COOEt,

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R2 is phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 4-CH1-phenyl, 2-, 3-, 4-pyridyl;

35 R³ is

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$$CF_3$$
 $CONH$, $C1$ $ONHCONH$, O_2 $ONHCONH$, O_3 $ONHCONH$, O_4 $ONHCONH$, O_4 $ONHCONH$, $ONHCONH$,

R1º is H or -OH;

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p is 1 of $(R^{10})_p$ and 0 of $(R^{2})_p$ and $(R^{13})_p$;

__ at 4, 5 is unsaturated and __ at 3, 4 is saturated; r is 1;

X1 is H, 7-Cl, 8-CH2, 9-CH2;

X' is O or S;

-- is a saturated or unsaturated bond;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. 14. The use as claimed in Claim 9 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of: 3(RS)-1,3-Dihydro-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2-(1-methylindole)-carbonylamino]-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one,

1.3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-

3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl amino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodlazepin-2-one,

1.3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

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1.3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(1-methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepine-2-one.
   1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
   1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
   3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1.3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,
    3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.
    3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.
    1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole) carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione,
    3(S)-(2-Indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4,-benzodiazepin-2-one,
   (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propenamide,
    3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-
    acetic acid ethyl ester,
    3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-amino-4-chlorobenzamide.
    (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide.
  3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid
    5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic
    ethyl ester,
    4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide.
20 N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
    (S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-
    3-((((4--Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
    benzamide,
    1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-
     1-acetamide,
     acetyl)pyrrolidine,
     1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)-
     acetyl)-4-methylpiperazine,
     3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-
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     N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
     N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylurea,
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea,
   N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
     N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
     N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea.
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-nitrophenyl)-urea,
     N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)urea,
     (R)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
     (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-nitrophenyl)-urea,
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-fluorophenyl)-urea,
     N-(3-Bromophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
     N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-1-naphthalenyl-urea,
     (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea,
      (R)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,
      (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea,
     1-{[3-[(((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl}
      acetyl}pyrrolidine,
      3-{[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-N,N-dlethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-
      benzodiazepin-1-acetamide.
      3-{[((2-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-
      1-acetamide.
      3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
      3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1, 9-di-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,
      N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
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3-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea, (R)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)-urea, 3-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1.8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2.3-dihydro-1.8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea or (R)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1.4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chlorophenyl)-urea.

15. The use as claimed in Claim 9 wherein said medicament is useful for antagonizing the binding of
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15. The use as claimed in Claim 9 wherein said medicament is useful for antagonizing the binding of cholecystokinins to cholecystokin receptors and said compound is selected from the group consisting of: 3(RS)-1,3-dihydro-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.

1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1.3-dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2-(1-methylindole)-carbonylamino]-5-phenyl-2H-1.4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-3(RS)-[2'-(1'-methylindole)carbonylamino]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one.

3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-chlorobenzoylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

3(S)-(-)-1,3-Dihydro-3-(4-bromobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonyl amino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1-Carboxymethyl-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indolecarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-

1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(5-fluoroindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-3-(RS)-(1-methylindole-2-carbonylamino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-benzofurancarbonylamino)-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-3-(RS)-(4-chlorophenylcarbonyl)amino-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-3-(3-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

3(S)-(+)-3-(4-Bromobenzoylamino)-1,3-dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-lodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 3(S)-(+)-1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(3-iodobenzoylamino)-1-methyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, 1,3-Dihydro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-3-(RS)-(2-indole) carbonylamino-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-thione, 3(S)-(2-Indolecarbonyl)amino-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one,

(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propenamide, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-2-amino-4-chlorobenzamide, (S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,-5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-((1H-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)amino)-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester,

4-Bromo-N-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-benzamide,
N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,
(S)-N-(5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide,

N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro)-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea,
N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea,
(S)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(2-chlorophenyl)-urea,
3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-9-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide,

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3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,9-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea, 3-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-1H-indole-2-carboxamide, and N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1,8-dimethyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea,

16. The use as claimed in Claim 9 wherein said medicament is useful for antagonizing the binding of gastrin to gastrin receptors and said compound is selected from the group of consisting of: 3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester.

3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dlhydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl ester. 3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-N.N-diethyl-2.3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-

1-acetamide.

1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dlhydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)acetyl)pyrrolidine.

1-((3-((((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl)acetyl-4-methylpiperazine,

3-(((4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl)amino)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetic acid ethyl es-

ter. 10

N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-phenylurea. N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-(2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-urea, (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)N'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-urea, (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea,

(R)-N-(2.3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-bromophenyl)-urea, 1-{[3-[(((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-1-yl} acetyl}pyrrolidine, 3-{[((3-Methoxyphenyl)amino)carbonyl)amino]-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-

benzodiazepin-1-acetamide,

3-{[((2-Chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino}-N,N-diethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-1-acetamide.

(R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-methylphenyl)-urea, (R)-N-(2,3-Dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl)-N'-(3-chlorophenyl)-urea.

17. The use as claimed in Claim 9 wherein a therapeutically effective amount of said compound is utilized for treating gastrointestinal disorders, central nervous system disorders or regulating appetite in animals.

18. A pharmaceutical composition useful for antagonizing the binding or cholecystokinins to cholecystokinin receptors or antagonizing the binding of gastrin to gastrin receptors which comprises contacting said cholecystokinin receptors or said gastrin receptors, respectively, comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 and an acceptable pharmaceutical carrier.

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